THE WEATHER.
Generally fair Friday and Saturday.

THE MORNING STAR
WILMINGTON

10 Pages Today
ONE SECTION

VOL. XCVII—NO. 22. WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 15, 1915 WHOLE NUMBER 39,352

ESTIMATE IS LARGEST EVER YET SUBMITTED DURING PEACE TIMES

Government Expenditures for Next Fiscal Year Probably $1,240,000,000

WAR IN EUROPE CAUSE

Increase for National Defense and New Tasks Imposed Upon Departments.

This Amount Will Call for Additional Revenue.

Washington, October 14. — The largest estimate of government expenditures ever submitted to a secretary of the treasury of the United States in time of peace—probably $1,240,000,000—will be presented for the next fiscal year tomorrow, as required by law, for discussion by Congressional committees in advance of the regular session. President Wilson and his cabinet will examine the list in detail next week.

An estimated increase for National defense of about $150,000,000 over last year, together with the cost of new tasks imposed on the State Department and other government branches because of the European war, account for the increase, the estimates for all departments excepting State, War and Navy remaining practically the same.

Additional Revenue Necessary.

If Congress agrees to the administration's programme for strengthening the army and navy, it will be obliged to provide for additional revenue by legislation or the executive branch of the government must issue bonds.

Although no estimates of receipts for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1916, in which the increased expenditures will take effect, has been made by Secretary McAdoo, officials now are convinced they cannot count upon more than $750,000,000 for the 12 months.

Congress will be asked to pass two revenue measures, one extending the emergency war tax, which expires December 31, and the other providing for retention of the duty on sugar beyond next May, when it would go on the free list.

Passage of these measures, however, would not increase the present revenues. With both in effect at present, there has been a deficit of $85,000,000.

Extraordinary Expenses.

Additional force in the diplomatic and consular service and at the State Department and extraordinary expenses abroad in the work being done by American embassies and legations, will require an increase of about $1,300,000 for the State Department.

The ordinary disbursements of the government last year were about $732,000,000. If the receipts are as much as $750,000,000 in the coming year and the appropriations of all government departments but the State, War and Navy remain the same, there still would be, with the added budget for National defense, as estimated deficit of more than $135,000,000. The Secretary of the Treasury has authority to issue Panama Canal bonds to the amount of $240,000,000. That would be a temporary remedy, however, and may not be resorted to if the administration proceeds on the theory that the government will maintain the same rate of expenditures for National defense during coming years as now is being proposed for the next session of Congress.

Department of Commerce.

Estimates for the Department of Commerce will show an increase of last year's total, $16,774,000—if they are agreed upon in the form now before Secretary Redfield. The principal request for more money will come from the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce, which desires to take advantage of the opportunity afforded by the war to extend its foreign trade organization. Secretary Redfield probably will ask for the funds necessary for that work.

The Department of Labor contemplates few changes in its estimates, which last year amounted to $4,443,000. Secretary Wilson is considering a reduction for the bureau of immigration, which has found its activities materially curtailed by the falling off of immigration during the European war.

The estimates for the Postoffice Department will be slightly above the $299,000,000 estimated for the present year. The increase is credited to the automatic promotions of carriers and clerks provided for by Congress, increased pay for railroad transportation and the natural growth of the system.

Interior Department.

In the Interior Department the estimates are less than the appropriation of $210,000,000 for the current year, excluding $8,000,000 for construction of the government railroad in Alaska.

Secretary Houston had not completed tonight his estimates for the Department of Agriculture, but they will

(Continued on Page Ten)

ALLIES TO PURSUE FIGHT TO THE END

"Intimate Union Will Assure Final Triumph of Justice."

SAYS PREMIER VIVIANI

Pays Tribute in Magazine Article to the French Army—Minister Ribot Says France Will Not Lack Resources to Continue.

Paris, Oct. 14.—"Since France and her allies, in spite of their attachment to peace, were obliged to suffer war, they will prosecute it to the end and their intimate union will assure the final triumph of justice and right," says Premier Viviani in a declaration to be published tomorrow in the magazine Lectures Pour Tous.

"France is not a country to be preyed upon," he continues. "She will not lay down her arms until after she has revenged outraged justice, consolidated forever with the fatherland the provinces ravaged by force, restored heroic Belgium, and broken Prussian militarism in order to be able to reconstruct upon a foundation of right and regenerated Europe.

"Believing in our social, political and religious division, our enemies imagined this country's elements irreconcilable.

"Glory is for All."

"What did they see? Workmen, employers, artisans, peasants, rich and poor, men of all parties, all religious beliefs, offering to sacrifice themselves fulfilling their duty in defending their territory as in the hour of revolution, in defending the liberty of the world. All understood that the most humble is useful to the fatherland, that from the general-in-chief, whose admirable sang froid compels the admiration of the world, to the very humblest, each has an indispensible role. The glory is for all; the light illuminates every forehead.

"It is not only to our army, whose heroism is guided by incomparable chiefs, that we shall owe victory; it is also to the nation that has been able to accompany that heroism with a union of silence and serenity in critical hours. If those hours seem long let us continue to think of our country and everything will be easy for us."

Finance Minister Ribot in the same issue of the magazine, speaking of the influence of finances upon the war, will say:

Will Not Lack Resources.

"France will not lack resources to sustain her effort in this war that she did not seek, but that she is determined to pursue without flinching. As far as concerns finances, she can look upon the prolongation of hostilities without anxiety. The end of the conflict will not depend on our resources.

"Let France keep the faith she has

(Continued on Page Ten.)

CASES WITH GERMANY TO REOPEN NEXT WEEK

Lansing and Bernstorff Will Resume Negotiations.

Same Course as Was Pursued in Arabic Case Will Be Continued in Lusitania, Cushing, Gulflight and Nebraskan Cases.

Washington, Oct. 14.—Negotiations with Germany looking to settlement of the cases of the Lusitania, Cushing, Gulflight and Nebraskan will be resumed next week by Secretary Lansing and Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador. The United States made it clear after the Arabic was torpedoed without warning that there would be no further discussion of the Lusitania and other cases until the Arabic incident was disavowed and reparation promised.

No wthat Germany has acceded to all of the demands as a result of personal negotiations between Secretary Lansing and the German ambassador, the same process of negotiations is to be continued in the hope of settling the remaining cases.

In the case of both the American ships Nebraskan and the Gulflight, Germany already has expressed regrets and promised to pay damages. Liability for the damage to the Cushing attacked by airmen, never has been assumed by the German government which stated that if the American government could furnish evidence that the airmen were Germans, payment would be made for damages sustained.

The Lusitania case presents the greatest difficulty. When the vessel was sunk the German commander was understood to be acting in accordance with instructions generally given to sink belligerent ships without warning. Germany expressly disclaimed liability for the loss of neutral lives in

(Continued on Page Ten.)

BALKAN SITUATION REVIEWED BY GREY

British Foreign Secretary Discusses Diplomatic Side.

IN HOUSE OF COMMONS

Says All Influence Was Used to Secure Accord Among Balkan States, But That the Feeling There is One of Division.

London, Oct. 14.—The diplomatic rather than the military side of the situation was the subject of Sir Edward Grey's eagerly awaited statement relative to the Balkans, which he delivered today to a crowded house of commons.

"I propose to confine myself," the British foreign secretary said, "to a resume of our diplomatic objects since the war. At the outset, we desired that the war should not spread, and, in common with our allies, we assured Turkey that if she remained neutral Turkey and Turkey's territory should not suffer. This situation was completely changed by the entrance of Turkey into the war, and all obligations on the part of the Allies then ceased.

"We and our allies then concentrated upon securing an agreement among the Balkan states and we used all our influence to secure an accord. Unfortunately the feeling in the Balkans is not of union, but one of division. It is clearly nothing but a decisive, preponderating advantage, for the Allies would have enabled us to secure a policy of union.

Central Powers Offered More.

"We were given to understand in the course of the negotiations that, except with regard to Thrace, the Central Powers had offered to Bulgaria more to secure her neutrality than the Allies could in fairness offer. The promises which induced Bulgaria to declare war were given by the Central Powers at the expense of her neighbors and without any corresponding advantage to them.

"We have remained throughout on friendly relations with Rumania, who has favored the policy of a Balkan union.

"It is the policy of bringing about a Balkan war that the sovereigns and governments of Germany, Austria-Hungary and Bulgaria—the sovereign and the governments—have succeeded in carrying into effect. We were given to understand that in order to secure a Balkan union there were certain concessions Bulgaria would require, especially in Thrace and Macedonia.

"The Allies were ready to do all in their power to secure these for Bulgaria but to obtain the consent of Serbia and Greece it was an essential preliminary that Bulgaria take sides with the Allies against Turkey. In other words if Bulgaria was to realize her hopes and aspirations she must co-operate in a common cause in which the hopes and aspirations of other neighboring states were engaged.

"It will be enough to say that these reasonable hopes and aspirations were, in the main, founded upon opportunity to peoples of the same race, the same sentiments and the same religion to join themselves to a state under a government most akin to them."

The entry of Bulgaria into the war, Sir Edward continued, made a great difference in the situation and raised the question of treaty obligations between Greece and Serbia. Regarding Greece's attitude Sir Edward referred to the statements of Ex-Premier Venizelos and the new premier, M. Zaimis, and said it must be obvious that the interests of Greece and Serbia were now one.

Freely Aiding Serbia.

The secretary explained that through Greek territory alone could aid be sent to Serbia and he asserted that in view of the treaty betwen Greece and Srbia the Allies' Expedition through Saloniki could not have been other than welcomed by the Hellenic people. Great Britain, he continued, was giving Serbia all the help in its power, freely and unconditionally and was acting in the closest co-operation with France. The co-operation of Russian troops was promised as soon as they can be made available, he said.

Sir Edward said that it was not his province to make public a disclosure of the military plans in the Balkans, and that he could only say that he believed they were based on principles of sound strategy.

"Serbia is fighting for her national existence and with her the struggle is just now intense and acute, but the struggle is one and the issue is one, in whatever theatre of war fighting is taking place.

"All the Allies are fighting for national existence and for all who are fighting the same issues arise. It is a fight for the right to live under the shadow of Prussian militarism, which does not observe the ordinary rules of humanity in war, and to leave us free from the menace of oppression."

Premier Asquith in the house of commons declined to grant a day for debate on Sir Edward Grey's statement on the Balkan situation. In the house of lords Marquis of Crewe made a statement similar to that of the foreign secretary and concluded:

Will Strengthen Determination.

"This attack on Serbia will only make sterner and fiercer the determination of the Allies to carry the war through a definite victory at whatever cost. Nothing has occurred in any part of the world to weaken that resolution and we will maintain it."

During the discussion which followed the Marquis of Crewe's statement, Viscount Milner suggested the withdrawal of the troops from Gallipoli and their transfer to some other theatre of war. Lord Lansdowne in reply said it was impossible for any member of the government to give an understanding that the troops would continue in the Dardanelles operations or would be withdrawn from them.

"It would be unpatriotic and improper," he said, "to force the govern-

(Continued on Page Ten.)

NAVY TO ASK FOR 16 CAPITAL SHIPS WITHIN FIVE YEARS

Secretary Daniels and General Board Practically Decide Upon Programme.

ARMY PLAN APPROVED

President Favors Secretary Garrison's Policy of $72,000,000 Increase.

Washington, Oct. 14.—Secretary Daniels, in agreement with the General Board of the Navy, practically has decided to recommend to Congress a five-year construction programme which will include 16 capital fighting ships—ers. Just what number shall be auerse. Just what number shall be authorized the first year and consecutively thereafter will not be determined until after the Secretary and President Wilson confer tomorrow. A decision probably will be reached then as to the manner in which the appropriations should be distributed over the five-year period.

On this point depends whether or not the combined army and navy estimates for next year will be kept around the $400,000,000 mark desired by the administration or will aggregate $432,000,000. The President indicated today that he favored large increases in both army and navy in accepting an invitation to speak within the next three weeks before the Manhattan Club of New York on the subject of national defense.

Approves Military Policy.

During the day the President talked at length with both Chairman Hay, of the House military affairs committee, and assistant Secretary Breckenridge announcing to them his approval of the military policy framed by Secretary Garrison and officers of the General Staff of the army, calling for an appropriation of $182,000,000 or an increase of $72,000,000 over last year. Much of the increase will be for field artillery and coast defense expenses to be incurred in the creation of a reserve of 200,000 men every three years by means of a short term enlistment, and an addition to the regular army. Details of the army plan have not been announced, but the approval by the President of the $72,000,000 increase for the military establishment turned attention on the navy where a final estimate of needs has not yet been completed. They vary from a total of $226,000,000 to $250,000,000.

Secretary Daniels has before him two separate plans which affect materially the completion of his estimates, since Congress appropriates each year for only one-third o fthe cost of new ships authorized.

Under one plan, the navy could build two dreadnoughts, two battle cruisers, 16 destroyers, thirty submarines of the coast type and three of the ocean going variety, a few scout cruisers, a gunboat, a fuel ship and a hospital ship. This proposal has met with objection because if it is to be part of

(Continued on Page Ten)

MARKS NEW EPOCH IN MARINE ENGINEERING

Dreadnaught California to be Electrically Propelled.

Secretary Daniels in Address at Laying of Battleship's Keel, Says Vessel is One of Greatest Advances in Marine Construction.

New York, Oct. 14. — Secretary of the Navy Daniels, in an address here today at the laying of the keel of the new $15,000,000 dreadnaught California—the first battleship to be driven by electric propulsion—prophecied that the "installation of electricity upon the California ushers in a new epoch in navigation, just as far-reaching and as important as that in which steam succeeded sail power."

"It may be said with entire truthfulness," continued the Secretary, "that the California represents one of the greatest advances in modern marine engineering. The entire subject of electric propulsion is one that has been widely discussed in all countries for several years past, but the United States is the only nation so far which has gotten past the discussion stage, and which has demonstrated by actual test that electric propulsion is a success."

The Secretary then told about tests in electric propelling machinery on the immense naval collier Jupiter, the first large vessel to be thus propelled.

The California is expected to be launched in 16 months, and to be placed in commission in about three years. She will be of 32,000 tons displacement, 625 feet long, 97¼ feet broad, and will carry twelve 14-inch rifles in four turrets on the center line and twenty-two 5-inch guns, as well as having four submerged torpedo tubes.

55 KILLED IN AIR RAID OVER LONDON

Fourteen of the Persons Dead Were Military Subjects.

LIST OF INJURED IS 114

Zeppelin Fleet Drops Bombs, Damaging Some Houses and Starting Several Fires, Which Were Extinguished, Report Says.

London, Oct. 14.—Fifty-five persons were killed and 114 injured in the Zeppelin raid over London last night. Fourteen of the 55 persons killed and 13 of the 114 wounded were military casualties, according to an announcement made later by the official press bureau. The text of the announcement follows:

"The press bureau of the war office announces that a fleet of hostile airships visited the eastern counties and a portion of London last night and dropped bombs.

"Anti-aircraft guns of the Royal Field Artillery attached to the central force were in action and an airship was seen to heel over on its side and to drop to a lower altitude.

"Five aeroplanes of the royal flying corps went up, but owing to atmospheric conditions only one aeroplane succeeded in locating an airship. This aeroplane, however, was unable to verhaul the airship befre it was lost in the fog.

Damage Not Serious.

"Some houses were damaged and several fires were started, but no serious damage was caused to military material. All fires were soon got under control by the fire brigade.

"The following military casualties, in addition to the one announced last night, have been reported: Fourteen killed and 13 wounded.

"The home office announces the following casualties other than the military casualties reported above:

"Killed, 27 men; nine women; five children; total, 41.

"Injured, 64 men, 30 women and seven children; total, 101.

Totals: 91 men, 39 women, and 12 children; grand total, 142.

"Of these casualties, 32 killed and 95 injured were in the London area and these figures include those announced last night."

London's latest Zeppelin raid exceeds in the number of casualties any previous attack on the British capital. The last in which casualties were reported, that of September 8, comes second. Twenty deaths were caused on that occasion, while 86 persons were injured. The casualties in the raid of last night brings the total for all air raids on England up to 640, of which number 177 persons were killed and 463 injured.

BERLIN OFFICIAL REPORT.

Says Bombs Also Dropped on Waterworks and on Town of Woolwich.

Berlin, Oct. 14. (by Wireless to Sayville)—An official report today by the German admiralty regarding the Zeppelin raid on London says that in addition to dropping bombs on the English capital, the waterworks at Hampton and the town of Woolwich, where there is a great arsenal, were heavily bombarded. Great fires are reported to have followed the explosion of the Zeppelin bombs.

The text of the admiralty's statement follows:

"German airships during the night of October 13-14 attacked the city of London and nearby important establishments as well as the batteries of Ipswich.

"Several attacks were made especially on the city of London.

"The docks of London, the waterworks at Hampton, near London, and Woolwich also were heavily bombarded with incendiary bombs.

"At all the places attacked important explosions and great fires were observed.

"All the airships returned safely although they were vigorously attacked on passing over the English coast."

WOULD RAID GERMAN TOWNS.

Endorsement Given Proposal to Put End to Attacks on London.

London, Oct. 14.—The proposal of replying to German air raids by bombing his "sleeping towns as he bombs ours" received an enthusiastic endorsement at a mass meeting held today in the great hall of the Cannon street hotel, in the financial district of London.

Lord Willoughby de Broke and William Johnson-Hicks, member of parliament, were the principal speakers at the meeting.

"We have come here," said Lord Willoughby de Broke, "to urge upon the government that they have got to take steps to stop the kind of thing that happened last night. The only way to do it is to treat them as they treat us. Otherwise they will continue in their policy while we still suffer and become the laughing stock of Europe."

Mr. Johnson-Hicks made a demand for reprisals which was couched in more lurid language:

"Let the Kaiser be made to realize what it means for his own people to be subjected, as we have been subjected, to cold blooded butchery in the dead of night and there will be a demand from one end of Germany to the other to stop the butchery in England in order that they themselves may be safe," he said. "We must be prepared to send 200 machines at the very least, circling over Cologne, Coburg and other German towns in order that the Germans may be made to realize the destruction they wrought last night and on other nights in our midst."

The resolutions passed at the meeting call upon the government to adopt a systematic policy of reprisals "as the only effective method of putting a step to Zeppelin raids on London and other towns."

RUSSIAN AND ITALIAN AID FOR SERBIA NOW QUESTION FOR ALLIES

Russia is Willing, But Can't Land Forces; Italy Can do So, But Will Not.

SERBS FALLING BACK

Report That Russia Has Made Request for the Passage of Men Through Rumania.

Allied Attack on All German Fronts Indicated.

London, Oct. 14. — Sir Edward Grey, the British foreign secretary, made a long statement in the house of commons today on the situation in the Balkans, but as he dealt with the diplomatic side of the question he added little to the knowledge of the public and failed to satisfy curiosity as to the progress of the Anglo-French expedition landed at Saloniki. He did say, however, that Russian troops would co-operate "as soon as they were available."

The French premier, M. Viviani, had more cheering news for the allied countries when, in the French senate, he expressed the belief that "the Allies can count on Italian co-operation in the Balkans."

There is naturally much speculation as to how Italian and Russian assistance will be afforded. Italy has a large number of troops available and the means of moving them to the desired spot, but Russia is handicapped in this respect and there is an inclination here to believe a report from Rome that Petrograd has asked Rumania to allow Russian troops to pass through her territory on the way to Bulgaria.

Would Mean German Attack.

To grant such a request would be construed by Germany as tantamount to a definite alliance with the Entente Powers and would doubtless result in Austro-German troops attacking Rumania. This, it is thought, might happen anyway, as Germany has already shown her displeasure at Rumania's refusal to allow munitions to pass through Turkey, and now it is reported that Germany has suspended the postal service and is holding up all foodstuffs consigned to Rumania over German railways until Bucharest more clearly defines its attitude toward the Central Powers.

These diplomatic questions are not delaying the military operations. The Austro-German and Bulgarian attacks on Serbia are proceeding apace.

They are, however, meeting with stern resistance, the Serbians giving ground only foot by foot. The extent of the Bulgarian invasion up to the present, according to a despatch from Nish, consists of an advance over the frontier at one point of a mile. With this exception, says the report, the fighting line remains intact and the railways have not yet been reached.

Offensive in Dardanelles.

It is reported also that the Allies have begun an offensive in the Dardanelles to keep the Turks busy. The Russians are continuing their attacks in Galicia in an effort to clear the Austrians from the Rumanian frontier and prevent them from sending any further reinforcements against Serbia.

In fact, there appears to be a general attack on all the German fronts, The British and French, Berlin relates, have attacked in Flanders and Champagne, while the German official report of the campaign in Russia is a record of counter attacks against the Russians who are endeavoring to regain the initiative.

Even the Belgian coast is not excepted, British monitors having again been bombarding the German positions along this coast.

Ten German Steamers Sunk.

British submarines in the Baltic thus far have sunk ten German ore-carrying steamers and have completely paralyzed the ore trade between Sweden and Germany. This has caused some dissatisfaction in Sweden and it is charged that two steamers were sunk within Swedish territorial waters. But the British assert that they have been studiously observing international law, and have been sinking only German steamers.

BULGARIA DECLARES WAR.

Greek Government Notified of Action Against Serbia.

Athens, via Paris, Oct. 14.—The Bulgarian minister at noon today notified the Greek government that Bulgaria at 8 o'clock this morning declared war on Serbia, because a Serbian column had attacked the Bulgarians near Kostendil (Southwest Bulgaria) killing 70 men and wounding 500.

Advices received in diplomatic circles are that German skilled workmen have arrived at Varna, Bulgaria's chief Black Sea port, from Constantinople to assemble submarines which have been sent there in sections.

The Austrian Prince Windisch-Graetz and his staff have arrived at Sofia.

REPULSE BRITISH ATTACK.

Germans Also Claim Check to Russians and Capture Serbian Forts.

Berlin, via London, Oct. 14.—Repulse of a general attack by the British along almost the whole front from Ypres to Loos; the checking of the advance of the Russian army in Eastern Galicia, and the capture by Teutonic forces in Serbia of the fortified works to the

(Continued on Page Ten)

LEVER ACT TO GO TO SUPREME COURT

Government Will Appeal from Judge Hough's Decision.

HEFLIN'S STATEMENT

Says Supreme Court Will Declare Law Constitutional as Only the Title and Number Originated in the Senate.

Washington, Oct. 14.—An appeal will be taken from the decision of Federal Judge Hough in New York yesterday declaring the Cotton Futures Act unconstitutional, according to a statement today by Representative Heflin, of Alabama, after a conference with Department of Agriculture officials.

Mr. Heflin declared that department officials and Attorney General Gregory, whom he also saw, shared his opinion that the act was constitutional and that the Supreme Court would so declare. "The number and title were the only things about the bil that originated in the Senate," said Mr. Heflin. The measure as passed originated in the House and was perfected by the House committee on agriculture and substituted for the Senate bill.

"Judge Hough held the act was unconstitutional because it originated in the Senate."

FAITH IN SUPREME COURT.

Representative Lever Not Surprised at Judge Hough's Decision.

Anderson, S. C., Oct. 14.—Representative A. F. Lever, one of the authors of the Cotton Futures Act, declared unconstitutional by Federal Judge Hough, in New York yesterday, said:

"From the remarks of Judge Hough during the argument of the case before him," said Mr. Lever, "I am not surprised at the decision as bearing out the best legal information obtainable, but I have faith in the Supreme Court's decision on the bill. The first income tax acts were unconstitutional, but we now have an income tax law.

"The break of more than $1.50 per bale on the New York cotton exchange after the announcement of the decision yesterday on the possibility of returning to the old system, is the best evidence of the value of the act to the cotton producer."

SENATOR SMITH'S STATEMENT.

On Decision Holding Cotton Futures Bill Unconstitutional.

Atlanta, Oct. 14.—Senator Hoke Smith, in a statement on the decision of Federal Judge Hough holding unconstitutional the Smith-Lever Cotton Futures bill, declared today that it is hardly probable that "the courts can hold that the bill falls within the requirements of the constitution, which

(Continued on Page Ten.)

HOUSE LEADERS MAY BE CALLED IN CONFERENCE

Not All in Favor of $400,000,000 for National Defense.

Congressman Kitchin One of Them. He, Clark and Others, May be Asked to Confer With Wilson at the White House.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Washington, Oct. 14.—Plans are under way, it was learned today, to call Speaker Clark, Majority Leader Claude Kitchin and the heads of all of the large working committees of the House to Washington for a conference to decide upon a legislative program to be put through by the coming Congress with special reference to the amount of money to be appropriated for the army and navy.

Representative Pou, chairman of the House claims committe and ranking member of the powerful rules committee of the House, stated tonight that he favored such a plan. Mr. Pou made this statement after he had been in conference with Postmaster General Burleson, who, it is generally assumed, speaks for the administration in matters relating to legislation.

The President and even some of his cabinet members have realized for a long time that, in order to pass any legislation of great importance, the many factions must get together. Especially is this true with reference to National defense. Reports from the White House today indicate that the President favors a total appropriation for the army and navy of approximately $400,000,000. There are many Democrats, including Representative Claude Kitchin, the leader of the lower branch of Congress, who will think a long time before they agree to any amount in the neighborhood of this figure.

P. R. A.

MAY APPEAL FROM HOUGH'S DECISION

Justice Department's Action is as Yet Undetermined.

OFFICIALS SURPRISED

No Suggestion During Debate in Congress That Validity of Cotton Futures Act Might Be Questioned.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Washington, D. C., Oct. 14.—Whether the Department of Justice would appeal from the decision of Judge Hough, holding the cotton futures act unconstitutional, is not yet determined. Attorney General Gregory will make no statement until he has had an opportunity to read the decision. It is believed in official circles, however, that an appeal will be taken, particularly if the Department of Agriculture and the Treasury Department, which are concerned in enforcement of the act, desire such action.

The suit alleged the act was unconstitutional, first, because it originated in the Senate instead of the lower house, and, second, because the law taxed the manner of performing the transaction instead of the transaction itself. Judge Hough sustained the first contention, but gave no finding on the second.

The decision was a surprise to many officials in Washington familiar with the law and with the debates in Congress which preceded its enactment. The Department of Justice was cognizant of the fact that the bill originated in the Senate, but is understood to have relied mainly upon the fact that the Senate bill did not contain any taxing provisions such as are in the law as finally agreed upon in conference and signed by the President.

During the debate in Congress there was no suggestion that the validity of the law might be questioned because of its origin. It was regarded as a punitive measure designed to tax or prevent dealings in futures. The taxation method of dealing with future transactions finally was selected in preference to others proposed, such as forbidding the use of the mails to persons dealing in futures.

Would Be Up to Judge Graham.

Judge A. W. Graham, of Oxford, is the United States cotton futures attorney. His headquarters are in New York, and it will be his duty to assist in the appeal, should the Department of Justice finally decide to take this action. P. R. A.

ALL COLLEGES IN STATE MAY PARTICIPATE IN RACE

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Chapel Hill, N. C., Oct. 14.—Hasel Patterson, captain of the varsity track team, has issued a call for all prospective candidates for the track team to meet at the gymnasium every afternoon at 4:30 to begin practice. Captain Patterson states that there will be a four-mile cross-country race held here on the beautiful Durham road some time between November 19 and 25. It will probably be held on the 20th of November. All of the colleges in the State have been asked to participate in this race, and it is thought that all will do so. Trinity and A. & M. have already been heard from, and both have agreed to enter men in this four-mile chase. The other colleges have not yet responded to the invitation to take part in this meet, but there is no reason to suppose that they will not have strong representatives here when the big day arrives.

Medals will be given the three runners who are the first to complete the four-mile trip; the man finishing second, a silver, and the third one, a bronze medal. Each college will be allowed four representatives in the race who will count. The team scoring the smallest number of points will be the victor. The first man to finish will count 1 point, the second man, 2 points, the third, 3 points, and so on.

Boston, Mass., Oct. 14.—With checks in their possession for $3,825.80 as their individual shares of the proceeds of the world's series games, several members of the champion Red Sox team left for their homes tonight.

Twenty-two players shared equally in the money split, McNally, one of the eligibles, who was with the team only a short time, receiving a smaller sum than the others. Before the division was made the players took out McNally's share and also $500 each for Secretary Riley and for Trainer Green and certain gifts for other club attaches. They are to make testimonial gifts to Manager Carrigan and President Lannin later.

MR. ALEXANDER SUFFERS INJURIES FROM ACCIDENT.

Young Man from Scott's Hill Thrown From Cart.

Mr. W. H. Alexander, son of Mr. C. H. Alexander, of Scott's Hill, was painfully hurt about the head and shoulders yesterday morning about 5 o'clock when he was thrown from a cart at 14th and Market streets by a passing automobile. He was taken to the home of his relative, Mrs. Newbury, No. 810 Market street, and it was stated last night that he was resting as well as could be expected, although partially unconscious. Dr. Harllee Bellamy rendered the necessary surgical attention.

Alex. MacRae, a colored driver for the Wilmington Taxicab Company, was arrested last night by Deputy Sheriff C. H. Keen on a warrant sworn out by Mr. C. H. Alexander, charging the negro with reckless driving, and he will have a hearing today. MacRae was sent early yesterday morning in an automobile to get a passenger for the Newbern train, which leaves at 5:25 A. M. Mr. Alexander, who was driving a cart, and a colored man, driving another cart, had stopped their teams at 14th and Market street to give them water. The automobile in passing skidded on the wet streets, it is stated, and struck the car, which Mr. Alexander was driving, and knocked it around but not damaging it. The negro states that he had a narrow margin on the right side of the street in which to pass but was not running fast.

Mr. H. L. Farmer, who was in charge of the garage of the Wilmington Taxicab Company, No. 14 North Second street, states that Mr. Alexander came to the garage about 6 o'clock. When Mr. J. B. Farmer, manager of the garage, came in shortly afterwards, he had Mr. Alexander sent to the office of Dr. Harllee Bellamy for treatment. After an examination by Dr. Bellamy, he was taken to the home of Mrs. Newbury. He was injured about the head and shoulders but no bones were broken.

Mr. C. H. Alexander, father of the young man, was notified of the accident and came to the city yesterday afternoon. Miss Lucy Alexander, a sister, also came to the city to be with him. The injured man is a brother of Mrs. Maude Foy, of this city.

INTERSCHOLASTIC DECLAMATION CONTEST TO BE HELD NOV. 26.

Under Auspices of Trinity College 9019. Duplin Club Formed.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Trinity College, N. C., Oct. 14.—The 9019, a local scholarship and patriotic fraternity, today announced that the fifth annual interscholastic declamation contest, held by the order, will come this year on November 26, the day after Thanksgivnig. The committee in charge has already mailed invitations to more than 300 high schools and preparatory schools in this and adjacent states to send representatives to the contest. Any high school of approved standing may send a representative. A preliminary contest will be held on the morning of the day of the contest for the selection of 10 contestants to take part in the final contest in the evening for the $20 gold medal.

This contest, which was begun here five years ago, has been eminently successful in past years and has been widely copied in various ways by institutions in this and nearby states. The aim of the 9019 in holding the contest is to stimulate an interest in literary society work among high school students.

The Trinity Archive, the monthly literary magazine published by the senior class, made its first appearance on the campus today. The number contains a large amount of heavy material, but few poems and short stories. The magazine is this year in the hands of Isaac S. Harrell, editor, and J. J. Lilley, business manager.

A Duplin County Club of 12 members was yesterday organized. The number of students from Duplin county is an increase of nine over last year. Arnold W. Byrd, of Mt. Olive, is president of the club.

Fayetteville, N. C., Oct. 14.—Friends throughout the Carolinas of Mr. Ed C. Smith, a well known traveling man, will tenderly sympathize with him and Mrs. Smith in the bereavement that has come to them in the death of their daughter, Miss Cecil Smith, which occurred at the family home here yesterday afternoon at 6 o'clock, following more than two weeks illness of typhoid fever. Miss Cecil was just budding forth into womanhood and was a girl of the finest qualities and possessing those traits that win and hold the admiration of those whose opinion is worth while.

Cecil was the second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ed C. Smith, and granddaughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Watson, and besides these she leaves four sisters, Misses Bessie, Frances, Jane and Bert Smith, and two brothers, Messrs. Albert V. and Frederick Smith; also a large number of family connections.

The funeral services will be held at Hay Street Methodist church tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock, and the remains will be interred in Cross Creek cemetery.

SPORTS

HANSON IS READY FOR SEASON'S BIGGEST MATCH.

Kaiser Here and in Best of Form—Improvements in Hall.

Fritz Hanson, the local favorite mat artist, says he is in fine form for the match tonight which promises to be about the biggest of the season and probably the most dangerous for Hanson. Charles Kaiser, of New York, is the opponent and a man who has already thrown Hanson here and elsewhere, still Hanson looks a shade the better to the local fans.

Since the ladies of the city are becoming wrestling fans, the management has thought it necessary to prepare for them and there has been considerable improvements in the hall.

Hanson smiles over the prospect and believes he will win since his opponent will have to depend on skill rather than the strangle or toe hold. He had a good workout last night and will have another this morning, will not work out this afternoon, but instead will rest for the match.

The men will enter the ring at much nearer the same weight this time than they did last time, as Hanson is coming up some and Kaiser is training down. Kaiser, like Hanson had done, beat Bobby Mainfort at Norfolk Wednesday night. It is easy to see that the New Yorker is a bigger proposition than Hanson was up against in Mainfort. It is now coming to the matter of the two men who are almost invincible, meeting on the local mat. Kaiser is a man, but there will be plenty of Hanson's admirers who have the same faith in him that Hanson feels in himself.

WILL NOT MAKE PROPOSED TRIP TO PACIFIC COAST.

Commission Announces Financial Arrangements Cannot be Agreed Upon.

Philadelphia, Oct. 14.—The proposed trip to the Pacific coast of the world's champion Red Sox and the Philadelphia National pennant winners was canceled today by Robert B. McRoy, representing the National Baseball Commission.

Inability to come to an agreement on a financial arrangement was the cause of the abandonment of the trip. The Philadelphia players, except Pitcher Chalmers and Outfielder Whitted, who had other plans, agreed to go, but the Boston team was unwilling to make the journey unless given a guarantee and expenses.

The Philadelphia players' share of the world's series money was presented today, being divided into 24 parts. Each of the 23 men eligible to participate in the series received $2,492.23. The 24th share was divided between Trainer Mike Dee and several others.

ARMENIANS FLEEING FROM TURKEY IN PITIABLE PLIGHT

British Consul Reports Arrival of Great Numbers in Persia.

London, Oct. 14.—Patrick W. J. Stevens, British consul at Batum, Russian Transcaucasia, reports the arrival at Urumiah, Persia, and in the Caucasus, of large numbers of Armenian refugees from Asia Minor. They are in a pitiable condition, Mr. Stevens reports. They declare that Turkish troops have completely ravaged Sassun, killing a majority of the inhabitants and the defenders of the town. Only a handful of the people were able to flee to the mountains where the refugees say thy are doomed to perish.

The Bishop of Bagra, writing from Ecmiadzin, the consul says, reports that a large number of refugees have 10 dreadnaughts and six battlecruisgovernment of Erivant. They come chiefly from the Melazghert and Ardesh districts and Van. In all 160,000 refugees have passed through Igdir and Echmiadzin.

The pitiable condition of these people, Mr. Stevens adds, is indescribable. The daily mortality among them is about 100, due chiefly to dysentery and typhus. Medical detachments from Russia are attending them, but unless immediate relief comes half the refugees will die.

SPEAKS ON PREPAREDNESS.

McAdoo Advocates Navy With 400 Merchant Ships as Auxiliary Vessels.

St. Louis, Oct. 14.—An adequate navy with at least 400 merchant ships as auxiliary vessels is an immediate imperative need of the United States, according to Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo in a speech here today.

"We can no longer rest upon the delusion that we do not need a navy for National defense," he said. "The time has come when we must put ourselves in position to defend our country from any aggressor who may attack us. We want an efficient navy for peace—not for war, but to protect ourselves in event of war."

SEARCH BEING MADE FOR SIX INTERNED GERMAN OFFICERS

Norfolk, Va., October 14. — Missing since Sunday, six officers from the interned German cruiser Kronprinz Wilhelm, are being sought by ships at sea and up Chesapeake Bay. Rear Admiral Beatty, commanding the Norfolk navy yard, yesterday reported the men's absence to the Navy Department, after he had been informed of the fact by Captain Thierfelder, of the Kronprinz Wilhelm.

The missing men left the Wilhelm last Sunday. They had 16 hours liberty and were due to report back on their ship Monday morning. The officers about a month ago purchased the yacht Eclipse, a sixty-foot 23-ton auxiliary craft, that was formerly the property of a retired officer of the United States navy. The men had not secured permission from the American government to leave local waters, and their absence has caused quite a sensation in naval circles.

LIEUT. LAUTERBACH ARRIVES.

Berlin, Oct. 14, (by wireless to Tuckerton)—The arrival in Germany of Lieut. Com. Julius Lauterbach, executive officer of the German cruiser Emden, is announced by the Overseas News Agency.

Lieutenant Lauterbach was taken prisoner when the famous Emden was destroyed by the Australian cruiser Sydney. He was taken to Singapore but gained his liberty as a result of the mutiny of Indian troops there. With three natives he put to sea in a canoe from Singapore and reached Sumatra after seven days. Thence he made his way to Java, Manila and Shanghai. From Shanghai he took passage for the United States under an assumed name, reaching San Francisco on August 17. How he made his way from San Francisco to Germany has not been disclosed.

J. HICKS BUNTING'S SUCCESS.

Great Popularity of Plan to Sell Medicine at Half-Price and Guarantee a Cure

J. Hicks Bunting, the enterprising druggist, rather than await the ordinary methods of introduction, urged the Dr. Howard Co. to secure a quick sale for their celebrated specific for the cure of constipation and dyspepsia by offering the regular 50c. bottle at half-price.

The wonderful success of this plan was a great surprise, even to J. Hicks Bunting, and today there are scores of people here in Wilmington who are using and praising this remarkable remedy.

So much talk has been caused by this offer, and so many new friends have been made for the specific that the Dr. Howard Co. have authorized druggist J. Hicks Bunting to continue this special half-price sale for a limited time longer.

In addition to selling a 50c bottle of Dr. Howard's specific for 25c., J. Hicks Bunting has so much faith in the remedy that he will refund the money to anyone whom it does not cure.

This latest achievement of science is of great value in curing sick headache. Thousands of women are today free from that painful disease solely through the use of this specific.

You've probably heard the story of the little Mississippi steamboat that had such a big whistle that every time it blew the boat *stopped.*

That's the way with some newspapers about their value as an advertising medium.

We try not to blow too boisterously. Our *small ads.* are giving a lot of folks *satisfaction. You* test them and see.

"All Aboard" for U.S. Marine

Nothing like a good satisfying chew or a rich, fragrant smoke to keep your nerves steady and your head clear. Street car men are about the busiest lot of fellows on earth. Starting—stopping—watching traffic—taking care of passengers—something's going on every minute.

It would be a tough job for them if they didn't have their U. S. MARINE to smooth out the kinks; but it's "All Aboard for Contentment Avenue Line" when they use this rich, mellow, satisfying tobacco.

U.S.MARINE
Cut Plug Tobacco

is made from pure Kentucky tobacco, aged from three to five years so as to bring out its full *ripe flavor* and *rich fragrance.*

Most sturdy, live men won't use any other brand, once they've tried U. S. MARINE—because no other brand has the snap, the taste and the honest sweetness of U. S. MARINE. It gives you big, juicy satisfaction such as you get out of a good square meal.

U. S. MARINE, *selected Kentucky tobacco, slowly aged,* is the longest lasting *good* tobacco ever sold for 5c. Slow-burning—and a long-time, satisfying chew.

Sold everywhere in 5c packages.

THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY

Return Match
KAISER vs HANSON
WOOLVIN HALL
Friday Night
October 15th, 8:30

Cantwell Dancing School, Woolvin Hall, Friday nights. Grainger's Orchestra. 2t

(Advertisement).

HOLLAND GROWN BULBS

Single Hyacinths (Red, White and Blue) .. .. 50c doz. or 5c. each
Single Hyacinths (Gertrude, L'Innocence, Johan) .. $1.00 doz. or 10c. each
Roman Hyacinths (Pure White) .. .. 50c. doz. or 5c. each
Narcissus (Paper White Grandiflora) .. .. 20c. doz. or 5c. for 3
Narcissus (Golden Spur, Emperor Empress, Sir Watkin(50c. doz. or 5c. each
Double Narcissus (Van Sion) .. .. 50c. doz. or 5c. each
Tulips (Assorted Colors) .. .. 20c. doz. or 5c. for 3
Fresia (Refracta Alba) .. .. 20c. doz. or 5c. for 3

MAIL ORDERS GIVEN PROMPT AND CAREFUL ATTENTION.
Enclose Ten Cents Per Dozen Bulbs for Postage and Packing.

1880 **Hardin's Pharmacy** 1915

'PHONE 55. WILMINGTON, N. C. 126 South Front Street.

Buy at Home

Following out the "Rotary" idea, Mr. Moore and his committee insist that the money that stays in Wilmington is the only money that really helps build the city. That being the case, patronize the

CAPE FEAR OIL CO.

The Only Oil Company in the City Whose Money Remains in Wilmington.

"The FRANKLIN"

Here's a BARGAIN.

For a QUICK BUYER—

One Maxwell used car with open express body.

"Everything for the Motorist."

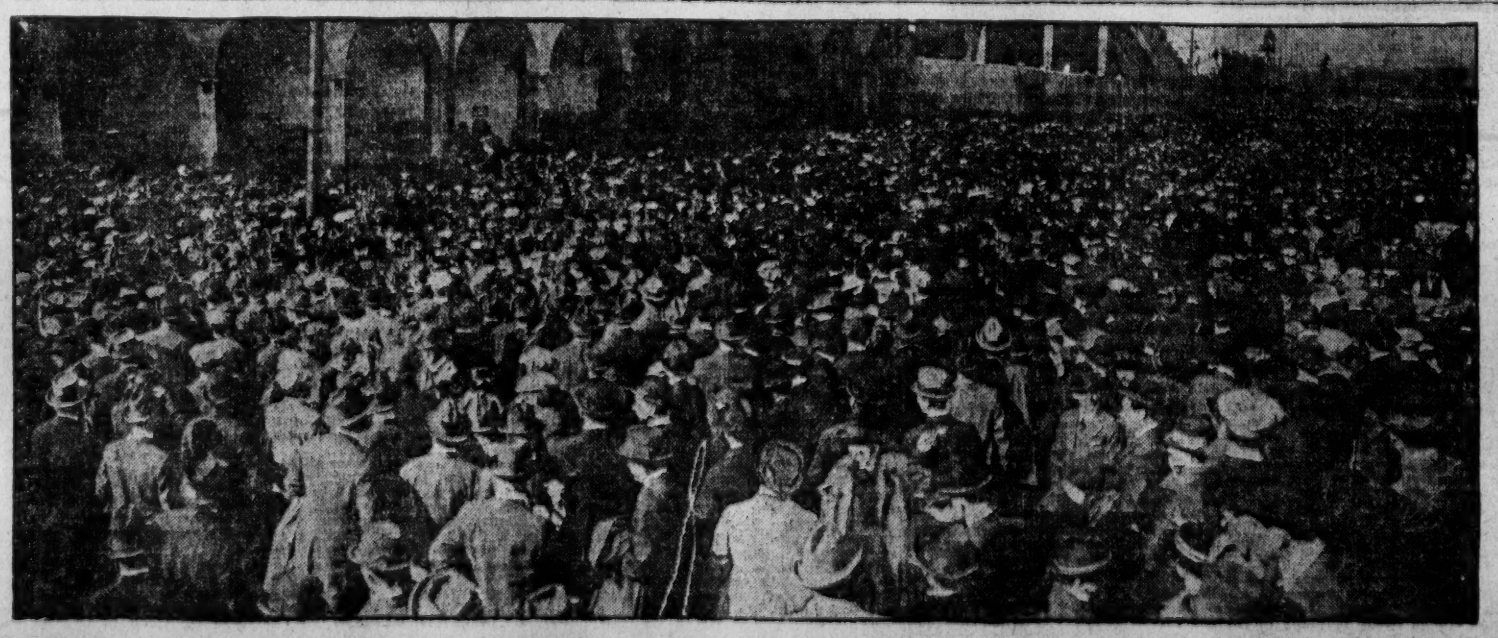
H. L. FENNELL

'Phone 95. 111 Chestnut St.

WILLYS-KNIGHT 6-Cyl. Overlands MONDAY.

"The FRANKLIN"

Boston Gone Mad—Photo. of 30,000 Outside Grounds an Hour After Game Began.



This remarkable panoramic view of 30,000 baseball fans outside Braves Field in Boston, when the Red Sox and the Phillies played their four game of the series. The closed entrances show under the arches. They were photographed an hour after the game had begun and when there was no chance of getting in. But they were so enthusiastic they refused to go home. The police were powerless.

FISH LAW VIOLATORS FINED AT SOUTHPORT

Captains Styron and Guthrie Pay $50 Each and Costs

"Prayer for Judgment" Continued in Case of Negroes of Crew of Fish. Boat—Defendants from Carteret County Heard.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Southport, N. C., Oct. 14.—The case against the crew of the fish boat Sadie Culver, who were accused of catching mullets within the three-mile limit on September 16, was finally given a hearing this morning in the Superior court, before Judge Daniels, and the case decided. In this particular case the court said it did not know just what sentence to pass. It did not want to, and would not, send the defendants to the roads. The decision was finally that Capts. G. R. Styron and E. R. Guthrie pay a fine of $100 each, and the costs of the case.

Upon request of the solicitor, the fines were reduced to $50 each, and the costs also largely cut down. This was done after some consultation between those interested in the case. It met general approval and was greatly appreciated.

As to the other defendants, the colored crew, it was ordered that their "prayer for judgment" be continued, and they be discharged, with the warning that if caught again violating this law they might expect a road sentence.

Last night the defendant crew arrived from Beaufort, Carteret county, and coming before the court entered a plea of guilty to the charge as alleged. The case went over to this morning for a hearing. The court wanted to get some of the evidence in the case, and several witnesses were put on the stand to prove the distance the boat was from shore; also Capt. E. R. Guthrie, of the net crew, and Capt. G. R. Styron, of the Culver, were heard.

Commissioner H. L. Gibbs made his statement, showing the delays in getting the case heard, the court remarking that there were features in the case which were entirely new to it, one being a telegram from Carteret county, to Magistrate Sam Tharp, before whom the case was first presented, stating that the defendants were on the train on the 13th inst., and for him to meet them. Judge Daniels' remarks on this phase of the case were quite in keeping with the aspect of the matter, when it is understood that the crew were colored men, some ten in number.

The statute governing the case was read by Judge Daniels, and his statement of this law and all laws, as to their enforcement, and particularly what might be expected of future offenses against the law in this special case, left no uncertainty as to what its violators might expect.

This has been an interesting case. Report was made to the fisheries inspector in this district, Mr. W. C. Montgomery, of violation of the fisheries law—catching mullets within the three-mile limit—by the crew of the Sadie Culver, owned by and fishing for the Southport Fish Scrap & Oil Company, the boat and crew being from Carteret county. Mr. Montgomery reported to State Fisheries Commissioner Gibbs and was requested to make full investigation. Commissioner Gibbs also visited Southport with Mr. Montgomery and assisted in making the investigation.

Commissioner Gibbs then requested Inspector Montgomery to swear out warrants for each member of the crew of the fish boat. These were issued and sent to the officers of Carteret county, where all the alleged violators then were. The Carteret officers declined to bring the defendants to Southport, it is said, when another warrant was issued conforming to the law as announced by the court from the bench, but still the Carteret officers failed to bring the defendants.

This week a true bill against the alleged violators of the law was found by the grand jury and an instanter capias issued and sent to Carteret county. On Wednesday evening ten of the defendants appeared at Southport and were arrested by the sheriff of Brunswick county. It is not known here why the Carteret officers failed to execute the papers sent them from Brunswick.

Captain Guthrie was present when the term of court convened.

This case is taken as a demonstration of the fact that Commissioner Gibbs and Inspector Montgomery mean business when they start, and that they are not of the kind to drop a case after they start it, because of difficulties. They declare they are going to do their sworn duty, regardless of the action of any county officers who do not happen to be in sympathy with the laws they are trying to enforce. This case also demonstrates the fact that the new State fisheries law is not a dead letter.

PROFESSOR BERNARD DESCRIBES PROBLEMS OF THE UNIVERSITY

Dormitory Accommodations Inadequate for Large Number of Students.

Rocky Mount, N. C., Oct. 14.—The alumni of the University of North Carolina resident in Rocky Mount held their annual university day dinner at the Stoney Creek Country Club near Rocky Mount Tuesday evening. The committee on entertainment, consisting of the president, Mr. F. E. Winslow, the secretary, Mr. R. M. Wilson; the vice president, Mr. M. V. Barnhill, and Messrs. J. P. Bunn and J. B. Ramsey, had prepared a characteristic barbecue dinner.

After dinner the gentlemen adjourned to the reception hall of the club and gathered around a big log fire for an informal discussion of University and alumni affairs. Prof. W. S. Bernard, of the Greek department, described in a very interesting and entertaining manner actual conditions at the university as affected by the unusual influx of students during the past two years. He made real to the alumni the serious difficulties under which the administration is laboring in finding places to eat and sleep for 1,120 students. The State provides dormitory room for only about 350 students and a dining room which holds 600. The hundreds of other students who cannot be accommodated by the State have to sleep wherever they can find a roof.

At the conclusion of Professor Bernard's address the members of the association present indulged in an informal discussion of the needs of the university. No criticism was voiced of the last Legislature, but it was the unanimous conviction of all present that it was absolutely imperative for the State to make a substantial increase in the provision for higher education of the young men of the commonwealth.

RALEIGH NEWS OF A DAY

N. C. Fire Prevention Association Plans Year's Work—Raleigh Convocation.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., October 14.—Mr. A. L. DeRosset, of Charlotte, the newly elected president of the North Carolina Fire Prevention Association, spent the day here in conference with heads of divisions in the State Department of Insurance perfecting the plans for the greatest possible headway to be made the next year in the special work of the association, which is the periodical inspection of commercial and public building fire risks in the cities and towns of the State with a view to eliminating deficiencies that tend to increase the number of fires and multiply the fire losses, thereby necessitating higher rates of insurance. Thirty of the cities and towns of the State, practically all that require such inspection, have had one or more inspections and this work will be continued right along with Mount Airy as the next objective November 10. The other officers are J. F. Hoff, Raleigh, vice president; H. G. Foard, Wilmington, secretary-treasurer; executive committee, Thomas Barber, Jr., Winston-Salem; A. F. Seldom, Richmond, C. B. Robb, Columbia; P. W. Jones, Charlotte; E. C. Land, Greensboro; E. A. Young, Richmond; E. J. Jacobs, Raleigh.

Raleigh Convocation.

The annual meeting of the Convocation of Raleigh continued today with Devotional Day, given over to silent meditation and prayer exercises led by Very Rev. Wilford L. Robbins, dean of the General Theological Seminary, who also conducted devotional exercises tonight.

The convocation elected W. H. Ruffin of Louisburg, as secretary and W. L. Wall, Hillsboro, treasurer; also, executive committee consisting of Rev. S. S. Bost, Durham; Capt. W. L. London, Pittsboro; D. Boyd Kimball, Henderson, these to serve with Bishop Cheshire, Archdeacon Hughes, Secretary Ruffin and Treasurer Wall.

The convocation heard reports on the missionary work and increased the apportionment among the 38 parishes and mission stations for raising the missionary fund so that $1,400 will be raised during the next six months.

The convocation welcomed and invited to seats Rev. W. J. Smith and Rev. Warren Way, of the Charlotte convocation. There was a special report on the "county parish" work being pushed in Edgecombe county by Rev. Bertram B. Brown, with the assistance of a number of zealous lay workers, nine missions being maintained with remarkable success.

There was a gratifying report by Superintendent W. J. Smith, of the Thompson Orphanage, on the condition of this institution, which is the diocesan charge of the Episcopalians in this State.

Better Babies Pictures.

The State Board of Health announces that every baby entered in the Better Babies contest will be entitled to have his picture taken free of charge. Arrangements have just been made with Mr. M. W. Tyree, a local photographer, to have a negative and a picture made of every baby that is entered in the State Better Babies contest if presented promptly.

It is expected that all mothers residing in Raleigh with babies entered in the contest will present their babies to the photographer this week between the hours of 9 and 11 A. M. and between 2 and 4 P. M. Out-of-town mothers are expected to present their babies as soon as possible and in no case later than Thursday noon, October 21.

These pictures will then be made a part of the exhibit at the Better Babies contest at the State Fair next week. By this means such pictures of the prize winners as may be needed will be available for publication as soon as the winners are selected.

HOGS BEING INOCULATED

Raleigh, N. C., Oct. 14.—Eastern District Agent R. W. Freeman gives the following report of hogs inoculated for cholera in his district during the period from January 1st to September 1st.

The county agents doing the inoculation work have had special instructionsin the matter, and hold a certificate from the State Veterinarian for doing that kind of work. It is not only a very popular phase of the demonstration agents' work, but it is one that is saving hogs for the harmers.

The total number of hogs inoculated in the eastern counties is 10,775. Following is a list of the counties and the number in each:

Beaufort, 3,210; Brunswick, 335; Craven, 982; Duplin, 117; Edgecombe, 6; Greene, 435; Halifax, 2,293; Gates, 75; Martin, 865; Nash, 158; New Hanover, 44; Pasquotank, 274; Pitt, 1,570; Wilson, 179.

TENTATIVE JURORS CHOSEN

For Trial of Railroad Magnates in Government Anti-Trust Suit.

New York, Oct. 14.—Twelve tentative jurors for the trial of William Rockefeller, Lewis Cass Ledyard, Edward D. Robbins, and eight other defendants charged as directors of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company with conspiracy to monopolize the transportation traffic in New England, had been selected when court adjourned today.

Twice during the day the jury box had been similarly filled, but counsel for the government and the defense each exercised a peremptory challenge, necessitating the examination of other talesmen. Each side has 11 more challenges and indications tonight were that some of those accepted would not remain in the box. Counsel, however, hoped to complete the final selection tomorrow.

WILMINGTON CLUB FORMED

Thirteen Wilmington Boys at Davidson College Organize.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Davidson, N. C., Oct. 14.—Thirteen loyal Wilmingtonians who are now in attendance at Davidson college have united in forming a Wilmington club, the aim of which is to promote the interests of Davidson as they are connected with Wilmington and to unite the members in every possible way.

The charter members of the club are: W. C. Rourk, J. A. Thames, J. D. Sprunt, W. C. Cumming, Harry Shaw, E. J. McIntyre, George T Sternberger, Marion MacRae, N P. Farrior, W. C. Worth, C. W. Worth, Clewell Howell and R. E. McClure.

W. C. Rourk was elected president, J. A. Thames vice president, J. D. Sprunt, secretary and treasurer; E. J. McIntyre, N. P. Farrior and W. C. Cumming social committee.

ADOPT SCHOOL INSPECTION

Health Officers of Sampson, Nash and Pitt Co-operate With State Board.

(State Board of Health.)

Raleigh, N. C., Oct. 14.—The whole time health officers of Sampson, Nash and Pitt counties have adopted the pla nof medical school inspection for their schools this year that the State Board of Health has recently developed. The health officers of these counties has recently developed. The health officers of these counties will co-operate with the board in like manner as the school specialitss of Alamance, Northampton and Edgecombe counties.

The board will keep a record of all school children whose examination showed some physical defect and, in order to see that the child receives treatment, will adopt the same follow-up method in Sampson, Nash and Pitt counties as in the other coupnties where the medical inspection campaigns will be conducted by the board. The whole time health officers, however, will be able to give only two or three days in the week to this work while in the other counties the specialist will give his entire time.

With these counties adopting medican inspection for their schools it is expected that by the end of the school year that ten or more counties will have been given the benefits of this combined educational-health wok.

HON. HERBERT McCLAMMY FOR CONGRESS.

The announcement that Hon. Herbert McClammy will be a candidate for Congress from the Sixth North Carolina District will be received with gladness by hundreds of his friends and admirers throughout the State.

Mr. McClammy is one of North Carolina's most able and eloquent lawyers, and is, therefore, admirably fitted for the high honor which he seeks. If elected, he will adorn the halls of Congress with marked ability and do credit to the Old North State. Mr. McClammy possesses many splendid gifts and fine traits of character which will enable him to defend our cause and represent his people. He is a gentleman of progressive ideas, of noble impulse and high ideals; faithful to every trust, kind to the weak, and true to the strong. As a speaker, he is logical, eloquent and convincing, carrying with power the force of his argument to the hearts and minds of his hearers. He has attained honor and distinction by his merit and fidelity to principle and purpose. He stands for those principles which control good government and insure protection. With such a man as our representative, we need not fear. He is both bold and fearless in his convictions for right and justice; unswerving in every cause of duty. He says:

"If elected, I shall fight for the principles of sound Democracy and stand for the pledges of the Democratic platform, both State and National.

"I shall fight for the preservation of the home against the attack of any foe.

"I shall defend the weak and the helpless against oppression, and against greed and graft.

"I shall stand at all times for National progress, and those reforms that are beneficial to the masses.

"I shall advocate legislation against injustice and corruption, and will fight for a clean government both in State and Nation.

"I shall stand for legislation that will protect the farmer against oppression, and will strive to restore to him every right that is denied him.

"I shall endeavor at all times to build up the district with commercial, agricultural and industrial enterprises that will be beneficial to all.

"I stand for Woodrow Wilson, believing that he is the man of the hour, and that the people of the Nation should be grateful for his achievements."

These are the principles upon which he stands and which he cherishes. Let us then gather our forces around the ballot and elect him, that he may have the glory and honor which he so justly deserves and whose services our State at this time cannot afford to lose.

WALTER RUSSELL KINGSBURY.

(advertisement.)

ONLY SIXTEEN, GIRL VERY SICK

Tells How She Was Made Well by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

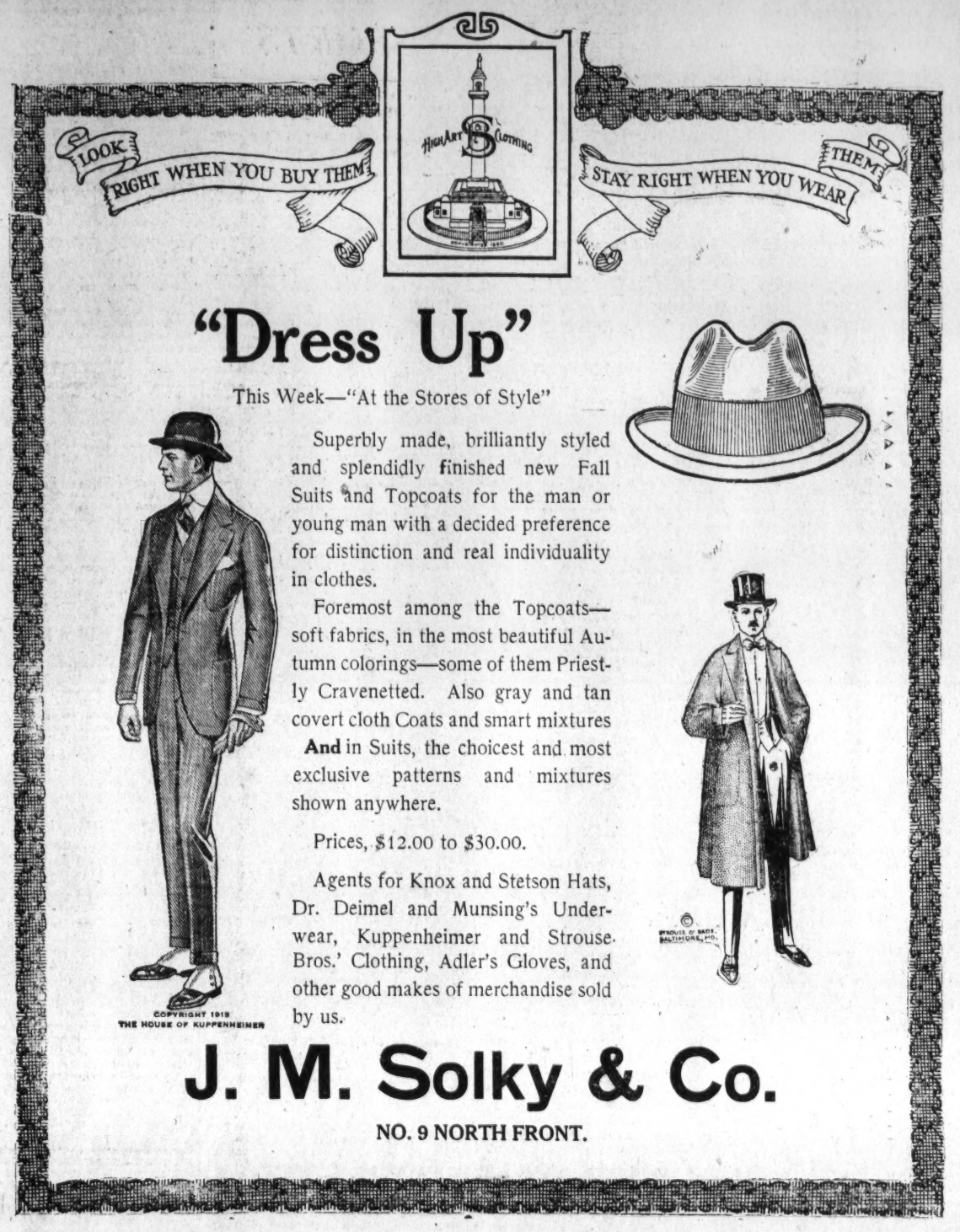
New Orleans, La.—"I take pleasure in writing these lines to express my gratitude to you. I am only 16 years old and work in a tobacco factory. I have been a very sick girl but I have improved wonderfully since taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and am now looking fine and feeling a thousand times better."—Miss AMELIA JAQUILLARD, 3961 Tchoupitoulas St., New Orleans, La.

St. Clair, Pa.—"My mother was alarmed because I was troubled with suppression and had pains in my back and side, and severe headaches. I had pimples on my face, my complexion was sallow, my sleep was disturbed, I had nervous spells, was very tired and had no ambition. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has worked like a charm in my case and has regulated me. I worked in a mill among hundreds of girls and have recommended your medicine to many of them."—Miss ESTELLA MAGUIRE, 110 Thwing St., St. Clair, Pa.

There is nothing that teaches more than experience. Therefore, such letters from girls who have suffered and were restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound should be a lesson to others. The same remedy is within reach of all.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

Read Star Business Locals.



"Dress Up"

This Week—"At the Stores of Style"

Superbly made, brilliantly styled and splendidly finished new Fall Suits and Topcoats for the man or young man with a decided preference for distinction and real individuality in clothes.

Foremost among the Topcoats—soft fabrics, in the most beautiful Autumn colorings—some of them Priestly Cravenetted. Also gray and tan covert cloth Coats and smart mixtures

And in Suits, the choicest and most exclusive patterns and mixtures shown anywhere.

Prices, $12.00 to $30.00.

Agents for Knox and Stetson Hats, Dr. Deimel and Munsing's Underwear, Kuppenheimer and Strouse Bros.' Clothing, Adler's Gloves, and other good makes of merchandise sold by us.

COPYRIGHT 1915 THE HOUSE OF KUPPENHEIMER

J. M. Solky & Co.

NO. 9 NORTH FRONT.

NURSERIES BEING INSPECTED

Nessary to Secure State License—No Boll Weevil in North Carolina.

Raleigh, N. C., Oct. 14.—Mr. S. C. Clapp, field assistant in the division of entomology, is engaged in the annual inspection of the nurseries of the State. All nurseries must be inspected each year to ascertain the condition of the trees as to insects and other pests before license is issued to the nursery. Over forty have already been inspected and licensed, and about fifteen yet remain to be inspected.

At this season, when the farmer is examining has yield of cotton, insects are often found which he suspects may be boll weevil. His uneasiness in this connection is all the greater because the boll weevil does invade new territory chiefly at this season of the year. Consequently it is not uncommon to see mention of suspected boll weevil in the local papers. But Mr. Sherman, entomologist of the State Department of Agriculture, declares that there is no positive evidence that the boll weevil is in North Carolina. All specimens sent for examination have been of other species of insects. The boll weevil has this season spread from Alabama into southwestern Georgia., and gives promise of even further spread into the Georgia before winter forces it into hibernation. Mr. Sherman calculates that it will probably be five to eight years yet before it will enter North Carolina.

Fayetteville, N. C., October 13.—While carrying one pouch and two bags of mail from the Atlantic Coast Line passenger station to the local post office at 12:45 o'clock in the morning, James Slaughter, colored, mail messenger, was knocked down by two unknown assailants, who cut open the bags and pouch and searched them. It is not known at this time whether anything was secured by the highwaymen. Two registered packages were found in the pouch, but as the register card is missing, there is no way of knowing from this end whether there was other registered mail in the sack. The matter is being investigated from Washington. No arrests have been made.

Cutting Down On Advertising Is False Economy

The merchant who wants to sustain his record of sales and exceed it knows that advertising will do it.

If you "draw in" on advertising, you are robbing Peter to pay Paul.

By the expenditure of a reasonable sum in the STAR you can bring into your store the new impetus of business from many families who otherwise don't see your advertising.

Ask the merchant who tried it.

"Well—I Don't Know When I've Eaten So Much"

That's what you'll say the first time you sit down to cold roast beef with plenty of Gibbs' Catsup.

There's a combination for your tongue and taste that will make a cold luncheon as enjoyable as a feast.

10c *Of Your Grocer*

Remember—to enjoy this combination of flavor you must ask for

GIBBS' BULL HEAD BRAND Tomato Catsup

Other Gibbs' Good Things are:

Gibbs' Apple Jelly — Gibbs' Peanut Butter
Gibbs' Chili Sauce — Gibbs' Fruit Preserves

Ask your grocer for them.

Gibbs Preserving Company, Baltimore, Md.

The Gibbs Label Always Guarantees Highest Quality

With or Without Tabasco Sauce

Star Business Locals Get Results

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC., Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily and mailed to subscribers outside the county at $6 per year, $3 for six months, $1.50 for three months; or served by carrier in the city and suburbs at 60c. per month, or, when paid in advance, $7.00 per year, $3.50 for six months, $1.75 for three months.

THE SUNDAY STAR by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate and like matter will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, to persons carrying a regular account, or, if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, excursions, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under the same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to the readers of the paper, in the discretion of the editors.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51. Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money orders and postal money orders for the paper should be made payable and all communications should be addressed to

THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1915.

TOP O' THE MORNING

He often acts unjustly who does not a certain thing. Not only he who does a certain thing.

——MARCUS ANTONIOUS.

No doubt Raleigh is enjoying her good Times—everybody but the police force.

Knocking is as good as boosting provided a fellow is knocking around making a living.

Among other fine opportunities Wilmingtonians have is to keep their property in good repair.

If women are to have a showing in Washington, we nominate a North Carolina housewife for secretary of the interior.

A New York girl robbed her dead aunt's trunk of $1,000 in money and jewelry on the day of auntie's death. The reason she did not take any more money and jewelry was because that was all.

The Tugaloo (S. C.) Tribune observes: "With plenty of peas, potatoes, pumpkins, possums, pears and persimmons, we should have peace, prosperity and progress." We are satisfied, however, that an editor would have a fit to start with.

The noble women who are promoting woman suffrage could not help the cause so effectually as to see to it that all engagements and marriages should occur just on the eve of an election. That is the one time when a man would even promise to be a cuckoo.

During the past week the American people have been more interested in baseball than they have in the European war. If only Europe could be having all her excitement over the diamond instead of the battlefield; how much better off would all the nations be?

Professor Sola has discovered a new planet, but we already have more planets than we know what to do with. We really don't need the new one. What we need is more earth, so we can have so much territory for expansion that the nations won't fight over it

When the sea is free, when the nations are free to trade any and everywhere and when nations quit being land pirates, there will be very little excuse for war. So long as the traits and policies of some nations are what they are, they can rest assured they will stir up enough enmity to keep the world in a broil.

Says the Charleston News and Courier: "Villa has announced that he can't promise protection to foreigners." We believe him. No doubt it is all he can do to protect himself. If we were to go to Mexico we would be a foreigner, and in addition to that we'd be a fool if we thought either Villa or Carranza could guarantee our safety.

The League to Enforce Peace may get along all right for awhile, but it's sure to have a row of its own if there is a disagreement over the plan to enforce peace with a big stick. Peace does not come by means of any large shillalah. Peace will have to come about through a world psychology based on the belief in "peace on earth and good will towards men."

Somebody asks me what I meant by saying that farmers frequently "commit business suicide" in the sale of their products. Here is a concrete example: Recently a farmer made an even exchange of cotton seed for a ton of meal at Marshville and actually boasted about what a god trade he had made. Cotton seed has been bringing 60 cents a bushel. There are 66 2-3 bushels in a ton of cotton seed. At 60 cents a bushel a ton of seed is worth $40. A ton of cotton seed meal can be bought for $35. Therefore the farmer who boasts of exchanging a ton of cotton seed for a ton of meal is boasting of losing $5 in the operation.—Monroe Journal.

GOOD ROADS TOURIST TRAFFIC

Besides the immense amount of rural traffic and travel economically carried over good roads, the tourist travel is getting to be immense. New York's highway commissioner, in his report for 1914, states that modern highways are "New York State's greatest asset." That state has a fine system of good roads, and the commissioner reports that last year 250,000 cars loaded with out-of-state tourists entered the state of New York and left money everywhere they went. In fact, they scattered money.

Touring automobiles carry five to twenty passengers, so that, if they averaged only six persons to the car, not less than 1,500,000 people from other states passed along New York's highways and literally spent millions of dollars for meals at wayside cafes and hotels, besides the purchases they made in a general way. The tourist business, however, is the smallest of the benefits of good roads.

Good roads save the farmers millions of dollars in wear and tear, and in time in handling their products to market. Besides that, they get the doctor quick in his automobile and the mail man hurries along in a government petrol car and carries the mail and the morning papers about as rapidly as the ordinary railroad train. The rural inhabitants find it easy to go to church and to take pleasure drives or joy rides, while the children can ride to school or be carried in public school cars running to schools many miles from home. It enables school districts to consolidate and have better schools. The country districts are developed to better advantage, rural life is made pleasureable, city people can have rural homes, and the farms and the markets are brought closer together when time is considered and economy regarded.

There isn't any use to argue for good roads. Every one built right and properly kept up argues for itself. If Eastern North Carolina were covered with good roads, thousands of Northern tourists would motor over them to the winter resorts or they would come along and tarry in North Carolina.

Modern highways would settle the homeseekers question for Eastern North Carolina. Imagine the development that would be brought about by a good roads system in this portion of the Nation's Garden Spot!

PRUNE GROWERS ON THE JOB.

Prune growers in California know we have just got to have prunes and they propose to make us pay for them. In fact, they are going to do like our cotton growers—hold for better prices. The prune growers' committee, Santa Clara Valley, has made a report on the crop and has figured on the demand, with the consequence that they have advised that present prices are not enough to satisfy the growers. Packers are actively engaged in picking up prunes at prices ranging from 3 3-4 cents a pound for small fruit to 4 1-2 cents for larger sizes. These prices, the committee considers, are lower than the growers should have. This view of the committe on prunes has resulted in an increased movement for holding the prune crop off the market till prices get better. The committee's reason for a prune holding movement are as follows:

"It is known that orders on a large scale are coming in at the present time from countries which hitherto have not been our customers, in addition to fresh orders from neutral European countries, while the Eastern markets in the United States have yet to lay in their supply for the season. In view of the heavy sales already made by the packers, on which they must make deliveries, and the new orders now coming in and still to come, it is simply up to those of the growers who are holding their fruit to insist on receiving the basis for which they are holding. It is now a well known fact that the crop is far short of our early estimates and that the sizes are not running as large as was expected."

That seems to be a very good reason, and this prune holding movement is both important and serious. Over here in the East we've got to have prunes, although many people do not conceive what prunes are good for. Prune pie, prune shortcake, prune custard and prune cake are rarities in the East, and so far as prune juice is concerned it is said to be putting the kibosh on grape juice. It is said that when real prune juice hardens up a bit it is a drink with a kick, while prune brandy and prune cordial are said to be articles of great smoothness.

So far as the prune holding movement is concerned, we are for it, because we stand with the producers. Then again we want prices to hold up for the reason that we are satisfied that Eastern North Carolina would be a great prune growing country if some one would try it. It is a plain matter of fact that prunes are nice and healthful, and that a tremendous business is done in this peculiarly commercial fruit the year round.

UNDER-RIVER TUBES.

Where ferrying a river or bridging it is impracticable for certain reasons, modern engineering has settled it by tunneling underneath the river. New York City set the pace and other cities are following suit.

The United States and Canada are now connected with tunnels underneath the river at Detroit, Michigan. For some time solid trains have taken the under-river route and now there is no delay in through train service between American and Canadian points. Heretofore traffic by ferry boats caused delay and expense, but now the double tubes carry trains immediately to their destination in either country.

Recent reports of the operating expenses of the Michigan Central railroad show that since the opening of the much discussed double tube under the Detroit river, connecting the American and Canadian divisions of the road, there is a saving of revenue, as well as a growth of traffic.

President Smith, of the New York Central railroad system, in speaking of the advantages of the tunnels at Detroit, emphasized the economic value of the terminal improvements at Detroit. The cost of handling passengers and traffic has been materially reduced while time is saved in transportation. The tubes have made it necessary to construcs a new passenger station, new yards and new terminals, all different from those of old.

CURRENT COMMENT.

On October 1, the Blalock-Allen Hardware Company started a $10 bill, a five and a one out of their store to pay debts. A paper was attached to each of the bills and each person who received them were to pass them on to some one he owed a debt. A dollar reward was offered for the ten if returned by Saturday, October 9, and paid on a debt due the company. A reward of 50 cents was offered for the $5 and 25 cents for the $1. The ten came back, having paid 40 ten-dollar debts. The one came in and reported that it had cancelled 20 one-dollar accounts, but the five spot is still busy. Mr. Blalock says he will pay 50 cents in cash as a reward for its return, no questions asked.—Wadesboro Ansonian.

The automobile drive between Gastonia and King's Mountain reveals one of the most picturesque bits of scenery that is to be encountered on any highway in the country. It is a piece of detached combination of mountain and valley, characterized by Alpine ruggedness above and American fertility below. The highway winds around Carter's Mountain in graceful curves, each turn revealing the peaks at some new angle, seemingly more impressive than the former. The nearness to the base of the mountain brings out the rugged character in bold relief and gives a view much more impressive than the traveler secures from the railroad. The road winds in proximity to King's Mountain, also, and the imposing character of that famous hill comes into the better appreciation. Both these mountains are apparently of solid rock and with the clearing of the timber, which is certain to come, and the erosion process which is sure to follow, they will take on the aspect of stone mountains in fact. The most softly beautiful portion of the road is where it winds through the wooded dale in which the buildings of Linwood College are located. The site is the old All Healing Springs, where the Carsons, Millers and Wadsworths founded a summer resort in 1880. The original hotel still stands there, but has been remodeled.—Charlotte Observer.

Estimates by financial investigators tell us that Georgia is to get approximately $23,000,000 of the big credit loan of half a billion dollars to be made to England and France by American financiers, and that it is all to be paid for in cotton. This credit is to be extended solely for the purchase of agricultural and manufactured products. Upon a basis of population by states, $23,000,000 is Georgia's full share of it and more; but it must be considered rather in the light of a lamentable fact that the only product which it is figured Georgia will furnish is cotton. We are expected to sell England and France that much cotton, while for every other product which they seek they will go to other states. For $65,000,000 worth of wheat these two governments will go to Kansas, North Dakota, Nebraska, Oklahoma, Indiana, Minnesota, Missouri and Washington. For $36,000,000 worth of crude copper they will go to Arizona, Montana, Michigan, Utah and Nevada. For $20,000,000 of iron and steel articles they will go to Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois, New York and Alabama. For $42,000,000 worth of automobiles they will go to Michigan, Ohio, Wisconsin and Indiana. For $20,000,000 worth of horses and mules they will go to Iowa, Missouri, Illinois, Texas and Kansas. For $87,000,000 worth of meat and dairy products they will go to New York, Wisconsin, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Texas, Nebraska, Oklahoma, Minnesota, the Dakotas, Montana and Oregon. The New England and a few other states get orders for $22,000,000 of leather products; Kentucky, North Carolina, Virginia and Tennessee will supply $11,000,000 worth of tobacco, and $5,000,000 of wool orders will go to Wyoming, Idaho, Utah and Colorado. Of all these products except cotton, the only thing in which Georgia has actually figured to date is horses and mules; and the purchases, made here in Atlanta, have been so small in comparison with the aggregate that they have not been considered in the estimates as a product in which this state has shared the big foreign trade. So far as the estimates of big purchases to be made with the credit loan are concerned, Georgia figures solely in respect to cotton. Nothing could more strongly impress the lesson of the importance of diversification and home-grown food crops than this.—Atlanta Constitution.

STRATEGICAL VALUE OF A SHIP CANAL FROM OCEAN TO RIVER.

To the Editor of The Star:

The enthusiasm, inspired in the writer by the thought of the possible adoption of the suggestion conveyed on this subject, is in apology for a further draft upon your valued space and patience.

The depth of the channel in Cape Fear river, opposite Brunswick Bay, and immediately at the entrance of the proposed ship canal, is 30 feet, and from that point to the city docks is not less than 27 feet; opposite the city it is 30 feet or more.

It is objected that, in cutting a canal across the peninsula, a volume of water would be discharged outwards through this opening which would deplete the channel in the Cape Fear river to its mouth. This objection is entirely superficial, inasmuch as the tide through the canal would rise at least one and a half hours earlier than that coming up the river, therefore, it would recede through the canal at relatively the same difference in time. To check an outflow from the river it will only be necessary to install a tide-lock. The water received in the river, from flood tide in the canal, would thus be forced down the regular channel, giving a greater volume and depth to Southport. Would not this be of considerable advantage to ships entering port from the south?

The strategical value of this Ship Canal to the Government is incalculable. In coming or going to the West Indian waters for the annual maneuvers, ships would find an accessible port within nine miles of the ocean, with deep water in which a dry-dock and coal pier could supply their needs, without having to run into Hampton Roads, as at present. Look at the map and find any such coastal advantage from Maine to Texas!

Any community can attain mediocrity and stop right there, by seeking little things, and accepting the shadow for the substance. Is it not about time for us to take hold of a big proposition—one that will tax our energies to the utmost, and enjoy the satisfaction of building Wilmington up to the dimensions of the new Custom House, and greater?

Will not the Chamber of Commerce and the Rotarians look into this matter. Put the proposition before the Government NOW, and get technical information on the subject. It is contended that the commercial advantages to the city and the strategical advantages to the Government will be far greater than the cost of construction of this project.

Faithfully yours,
GEORGE P. COTCHETT.
October 13, 1915.

SET OUT AN ORCHARD.

To the Editor of The Star:

We are getting several inquiries about fruit trees. Would you kindly insert following:

Set out an orchard for family or commercial use. Fruit is healthful and often helps save a doctor's bill. In Eastern North Carolina the early fruiting trees are advisable. Set out two-year-old healthy trees, locally grown preferable.

Do not set out an orchard on newly cleared land. Plow in green crops first and lime moderately. One year lost on setting out will be caught up in next first year's growth.

Apples, pears, Japanese persimmons should be set out 20x25 feet apart; peaches 15x20, and pecans 40x50 feet.

Nowadays no success can be made without thoroughly spraying the trees three or four times a year. Spray the trees as soon as leaves begin to fall with a solution of one gallon of limo sulphur and 15 gallons of water. In February, if needed 1-8 water. As soon as petals begin to drop 1-50 water and one pound of arsenate of lead. During latter part of summer 1-40 water if trees are not entirely clean yet.

Set fruit trees and shade trees out early for the best success.

THE HOLLAND NURSERIES.
Castle Haynes, N. C.

MT. OLIVE SECTION PROSPEROUS

Farmers and Business Men Smiling—Dr. Blackwell Conducts Meeting.

(Special Star Correspondence).

Mount Olive, N. C., Oct. 13.—Since the opening of the cotton market here for the fall season, the market has daily been quite active, and around 3,500 bales have been sold, 2,000 bales or slightly more of which was this year's cotton, the balance consisting of last year's cotton that had been stored in local storage warehouses. The sale of this cotton, at prices ranging in an almost constantly ascending scale of from 9 to 12 1-2 cents, has put considerable vitality into the business life of the community, practically all lines of business and industrial activities showing the effects of the return of profitable prices for this staple fall money crop. The resumption of business by the realty concerns, with the consequent boom in building activities, is ,perhaps, one of the most noticeable signs of returning prosperity.

But high-priced cotton alone is not entitled to all the credit for the smile that the business man and farmer hereabouts is wearing, for the sale of cotton seed has been also going on at a very lively tilt, at what is said to be, perhaps, the highest prices ever paid for cotton seed at this season of the year. Since the opening of the cotton market, the sale of seed has been going on steadily, with the price steadily climbing, some buyers paying as high as 65 cents per bushel. Already the quantity sold here this season reaches up into the thousands of bushels.

Dr. Calvin S. Blackwell, the noted Baptist evangelist, of Norfolk, Va., is now conducting a series of revival meetings in the Baptist church here. Dr. Blackwell arrived Saturday and began the meeting with the morning services Sunday, and from the first the services have been well attended.

Washington, Oct. 13.—For the third time in the memory of court officials, a foreign jurist today had the honor of sitting with the Supreme Court of the United States. The visitor was Baron Reading, Lord Chief Justice of England, in America as chairman of the Anglo-French financial commission.

This Exposition of Fine Coats For *Women and Missess*

Is an Event of More Than Usual Importance. It is a Notable Display of Fashionable Garments of Wonderful Beauty and Attractiveness. Distinctive New Models are Shown, with Numerous Little Oddities in the Cut and Trimming, which are New and Becoming.

PRICES RANGE, $10.00 TO $35.00.

Children's Coats, ages 6 to 14, range from ..... $1.50 to $10.00
Infants' Sizes, 1 to 6 ..... $1.00 to $6.50

COAT SUITTS, MORE THAN A DOZEN STYLES, AND ALMOST AS MANY COLORS, AT $15.00

Fur Trimmed, Boxed Back, Plain Tailored, Loose Fitted, and Every Way that is Attractive; made of Whipcords, Poplins, Garbadines, Broadcloth and Serges.

$25.00 COAT SUITS, SPECIAL, $19.00.

Black, Navy, Brown, Green, in the most popular materials; really a Wonderful Collection of Novelty and Conservative Suits.

Trimmed Hats From $1.50 to $25

Every Hat distinctive, even the cheapest Child's Trimmed Hat has that touch of the milliners' art.

The Hats are trimmed with Furs, Ostrich Feathers, Plumes, Tips, Cut Steel, Metallic Flowers and Velvet Roses. Some entirely new Shapes just received, including Black and Colors. Also some awfully good things in Ready to Wear Hats in Velvet and Silk Prices ..... $1.50 to $6.00

A choice display of New Wool Dress Goods, Broadcloth in the new shades, Garbardines, Black and Navy, Fine Wool Poplins, Black and Colors, Special at 1.00

French and English Storm Serges.
New Plaid Silks; a splendid assortment, at $1.50
New Plaid Silk Waists $3.50
New Black and White Waists $1.98
New White Wash Waists ..... 98c and $1.25

J. H. Rehder & Co.
THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE

MATTING LAID FREE!
If Purchased This Week.
Great Assortment.

Sewing Circle With Much Whispering

Before the stork arrives there is much to talk about. The comfort of the expectant mother is the chief topic. And there is sure to be someone who has used or knows of that splendid external help, "Mother's Friend." It is applied to the abdominal muscles, gently rubbed in and has a most pronounced effect as a lubricant. It soothes the network of nerves, enables the muscles to expand naturally, relieves strain on the ligaments and thus sets at ease any undue strain on the organs involved. And it does this with perfect safety. Expectant mothers thus go through the ordeal with comparative ease and comfort. Knowing mothers who have used "Mother's Friend" speak in glowing terms of the absence of morning sickness, absence of strain on the ligaments and a freedom from many other distresses.

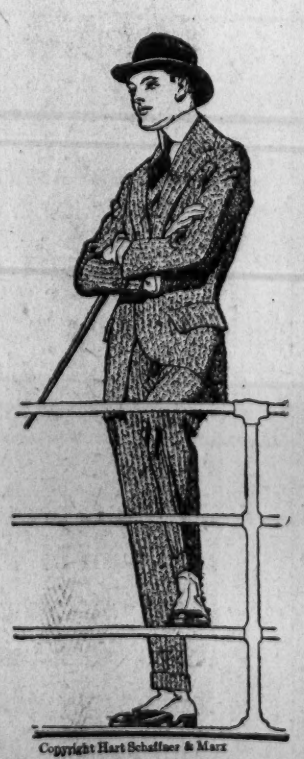
One of the most important symptoms to be relieved by "Mother's Friend" is the imimagination that so often disturbs repose. Pains, even though natural, may so distort the mind that undue apprehension will sometimes follow. The gentle, soothing influence of "Mother's Friend" gives the mind substantial aid to become conscious of strength and there is a real, physical sensibility of muscular vigor as evidenced by freedom from undue strain.

You can get "Mother's Friend" at any drug store or they will gladly get it for you. Write today to Bradfield Regulator Co., 701 Lamar Bldg., Atlanta, Ga., for a highly instructive book of great value to all expectant mothers. It contains a valuable expectancy chart, rules on diet and is brimful of suggestions that all women will appreciate.

COTTON STORAGE

We now have space to Store Cotton, and are prepared to Issue Bonded Warehouse Receipts therefor

W. B. THORPE & CO.



Copyright Hart Schaffner & Marx

Dress Up Boys

Men of today should be well-dressed. It's part of the make-up of the human race.

Clothing doesn't make the man, but it gives him self-esteem and confidence.

LOOK THE PART
DRESS UP

The A. David Company

The home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

ZARAGOZA Floor Tile

FIRST COST THE LAST

——for actual cost of labor and material

We will furnish Zaragoza Tile and have installed complete by reliable local contractors, 25 floors, old or new buildings, to introduce ZARAGOZA tile in Wilmington and surrounding territory.

Zaragoza tile is made in all solid colors, red, white, black, buff, gray, and a great variety of designs in beautiful color combinations.

Zaragoza tile is particularly suitable for all floors in State, County, Municipal Buildings.

Corridors, Halls	Cathedrals, Churches
Lobbies, Porches	Colleges, Schools
Libraries, Laundries	Hospitals, Sanitariums
Billiard Rooms	Homes, Clubs
Sleeping Porches	Office Buildings
Sun Parlors	Banks, Theatres
Bath Rooms	Hotels, Stores
Dining Rooms	Apartment Houses
Living Rooms	Asylums, Lodges
Kitchens, Pantries	Railroad Stations
Store Rooms	Restaurants, Cafes
Pergolas, Garages	Buffets, Residences
Sidewalks, Terraces	Italian Gardens

Zaragora tile can be laid over old or new floors, wooden, concrete or brick, and is the most durable, decorative and economical floor tile Made In America.

GUARANTEE

We unreservedly guarantee ZARAGOZA tile, when laid on permanent foundations and in accordance with our specifications, not to break, crack or disintegrate; also permanency of colors. Should any ZARAGOZA tile not fulfill these claims we will replace it and the work will be done over at our expense.

NATIONAL MOSAIC FLOORING COMPANY,
Wm. Frye Tebbetts, Prest.

Architects, owners, builders and contractors send floor plans or number of square feet to be tiled.

You will receive full information as to actual cost and catalog for selection without any obligation on your part.

Sales Agents
GUARANTEED PRODUCTS SALES CO.,
Charles Bldg., 331 Madison Ave., New York, N. Y.

WRITE US TODAY

And Let Us Send You Catalogues and Price Lists of

Cook Stoves, Ranges and Heating Stoves

—also—

FIRE DOGS, FIRE FENDERS, SHOVELS AND TONGS, AND FIRE PLACE GRATES.

Cold Weather Will Soon be on us, so Don't Delay in Preparing to Furnish Your Trade With Cold Weather Necessities.

A Complete Stock. Orders Filled Promptly.

J. W. MURCHISON & COMPANY
WHOLESALE HARDWARE

Quickest, Cheapest, Best

Deliveries. Prices. Workmanship.

Stacks, Tanks, Iron, Steel.

Iron, Brass and Aluminum Castings.

CAPE FEAR MACHINE WORKS

Church and Surry Streets. Phone 213.

COMMITTEE FINDS CITY EXPENSES EXCESSIVE

In Report Made to Wilmington Chamber of Commerce

Appointed Early in Summer to Make Investigation Regarding Taxation —Authorized to Continue Work—Resolutions.

In its report to the regular meeting of the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce yesterday, the special committee on taxation, which was appointed early in the summer to look into the question of valuation of real estate for taxes and also to inquire into the legality of the tax rate, calls attention to what are declared to be excessive expenditures by the city of Wilmington, naming specifically the employment of 45 street bands at $1.75 a day each, and $12,900, excessive amount proposed to pay the bond interest.

Upon motion of Mr. E. A. Metts, seconded by Mr. J. G. McCormick, the committee was continued and instructed to make further investigation regarding the alleged excessive expenditures and to submit a report at a later meeting.

The committee is composed of Mr. H. C. McQueen, chairman, Thomas W. Davis, Esq., and Messrs Kelly Jewell, J. H. Hinton and M. J. Corbett. The report of the committee as submitted yesterday afternoon is as follows:

"Wilmington, N. C., Oct. 5, 1915.

"The Chamber or Commerce, City of Wilmington.

"Gentlemen: The committee on taxation reports that they first took up with the county and township assessors the question of valuation of real estate. Cases of excessive valuation were called to their attention, and, while we did not intend to consider individual assessments, we think the agitation of the question resulted in some changes. We tried to impress upon them that the present was no time to increase valuations generally. The assessors insisted that they were not doing so, but their purposes was to equalize values, which in the main we thing was true. At the same time, values in the aggregate were raised something over $3,000,000.

"We then called upon the City Council and tried to show them that a tax rate of $1.90 or 2 per cent. was unnecessary and pointed out items in their budget that could and should be reduced. Among other excessive expenditures, we noted were 45 street hands at $1.75 per day, interest on "Revenue Loans" (last year) $12,900 odd, excessive amount proposed to pay bond interest, etc. We called attention to the fact that the rate of 2 per cent. in the past few years was illegal and that expenses should be cut down to a legitimate basis, even if it involved some sacrifice on the part of employes and officials.

"We are glad to report that a rate of $1.75 was finally fixed, which we believe is ample for legitimate purposes, and about or almost within the legal limit. We think it is proper to say that Mr. McCaig, with whom we conferred, was willing and proposed to make some slight reductions in wages and salaries, but could get no support from his colleagues.

"The committee believes that it has performed the duties for which it was created, and in submitting this report asks to be discharged."

"H. C. McQUEEN,
"Chairman.
"THOS. W. DAVIS,
"KELLY JEWELL,
"J. H. HINTON,
"M. J. CORBETT."

Mr. McCormick called attention to the fact that the increase in the property assessments for New Hanover county, according to Chairman Travis, of the State Corporation Commission, was $4,640,000, instead of $3,000,000 as reported by the taxation committee. It was stated that the figures in the committee's report were only estimated.

In Memoriam.

The following resolutions of respect to the memory of two recently deceased members of the Chamber of Commerce were adopted by a rising vote:

"Whereas, in the death of Dr. Thos. S. Burbank the Chamber has lost one of its most esteemed and respected members; the city a vigilant and efficient citizen, eminent in his profession, the benefits of which he gave freely and cheerfully to rich and poor alike, and to his many friends a constant, loyal and true friendship;

"Therefore be it resolved, that we deeply deplore the death of Dr. Burbank, who was taken in the maturity of his talents and influence, and that a page in our minute books be inscribed to his memory and a copy of these resolutions be sent to the family.

"M. J. CORBETT,
"F. W. DICK,
"J. G. MURPHY,
"Committee."

"Wilmington, N. C.

"To the Chamber of Commerce.

"Gentlemen: The committee, appointed by the Chamber of Commerce to prepare resolutions in memory of Mr. George W. Kidder, submits the following:

"Resolved, That the Chamber of Commerce deeply deplores the death of Mr. George W. Kidder, by which, it has lost one, who for many years, was an active, energetic and valuable member, alive to its interests and the promotion of its purposes, who was an intelligent and accomplished merchant, liberal minded, of kindly disposition and generous nature, ever ready, by his large and extended experience, to add to the information of others and an upright and honest man.

"Resolved, That the City of Wilmington has lost a valuable and public-spirited citizen, and his numerous friends, a genial and pleasant companion.

"Resolved: That these resolutions be spread upon the records of this chamber, as a tribute to the memory of our deceased member, and a copy of the same be sent by the Secretary to the family of Mr. Kidder, with the expression of the profound sympathy of this chamber in their sad bereavement.

"JOS. H. WATTERS,
"DONALD MACRAE,
"F. W. DICK,
"Committee."

—Suit was started yesterday in the Recorder's court by Samuel Bear, Jr., against B. F. King and S. Seigler, Jr. Ex-Judge E. K. Bryan represents the plaintiff. No complaint was filed.

Cantwell Dancing School, Woolvin Hall, Friday nights. Grainger's Orchestra. 2t

(Advertisement).

SHOWS NEED OF BEING BETTER ACQUAINTED

Ought to Think in Larger Units, Says Mr. Butler.

Field Secretary of State Bureau of Publicity Addresses Chamber of Commerce—This Body Will Join New Organization.

The need of the different sections of the State becoming better acquainted with each other and the splendid results that could be achieved by thinking and working in larger units were clearly set forth by Mr. Bion H. Butler, field secretary of the State Bureau of Publicity, in an address before the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce yesterday afternoon. Mr. Butler urged that steps be taken to make Wilmington, not simply the port of North Carolina theoretically, but the port of the State in reality.

President L. E. Hall presided at the meeting, which was the regular monthly session of the organization, and introduced Mr. Butler. Several members of the Chamber expressed their approval of the purposes of the State Bureau of Publicity and at the close of the meeting it was unanimously decided by the members present that the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce should become a member of the new organization. Mr. Butler was extended a vote of thanks for his address.

"I have been a newspaper man for 46 years," Mr. Butler stated. "I came to North Carolina from Pennsylvania, and for 21 years I have been writing things for the papers about this State. It has had quite marked results in my section, up in the Sand Hills. I write these things because as a newspaper man, I see them. I come down to Wilmington. The newspaper instinct says to me: What a place is for a summer playground and I write about the beaches about Wilmington as an outing spot for our State.

"I see this port, the river, the relations it bears to the State, and the inland territory and I am interested. I ask questions. Some of them show much ignorance, but the newspaper man will no doubt ask questions of the boatman, who ferries him over the river Styx.

"I look at this river, I recall our river at Pittsburg, where I came from, and I remember that more freight tonnage originates at Pittsburg than at any other port on the globe. Then, I think of the tonnage the Cape Fear river might carry and I wonder why it does not carry a vast tonnage for all North Carolina and the conclusion that I reach is that as a State, we are not playing the game.

"I go back North occasionally. I discuss North Carolina in Pittsburg. We talk about our ports. My port is Wilmington in our discussions, not Norfolk or New York or anywhere else. But we don't really use it much. We all have that theoretical loyalty to our institutions but it is apparent that we are not standing by our own. We have talked considerably about freight rates up in our section, and I have suggested to our merchants to have their goods shipped by water to Wilmington, and by rail from here. They say, 'Yes, that is probably a good idea.' Then they forget all about it.

"I imagine they forget because men do not act much alone. They follow the crowd. Without having gone far into this question, I would say we are not working in big enough units. We ought to get together. We cannot do much alone in our country to get closer to Wilmington. You can't do much down here to get closer to us. But if we up our way, eager to get water carriage to Wilmington, and you here eager to be our importers and our exporters, can get together and can together work out plans that will make the port, which is in theory our port, our port in actual fact, we will all be benefitted.

"The principal trouble is that people do not know. Until a half dozen years ago, we did not know up in the Sand Hills that for a few hundred dollars, we could build good roads in the sand, and save enormously in our hauling. We dragged our stuff through the sand, ignorant that we could do better. Now we laugh at our ignorance of those days, for we have good roads all over our section. We do not realize up there that water hauls are cheaper than rail hauls, but if we can get together, your section and our section, and talk these things over and understand that we save money on water freight to Wilmington and a short rail haul to the interior instead of a long rail haul all the way from a more distant port, you never saw a lot of people that will work with you more hilariously than our folks.

"Now, it is my opinion that the State Bureau of Publicity offers us a chance to get together, to discuss these things and a lot of others, and to work with the force of a state-wide power instead of local power. My little town of Southern Pines can't do much alone. It can't make it worth while for a commercial traveler to come up there from Wilmington. But a lot of us could do something together. The fact is that all of us together could do anything we want to. This United States is a big country because we are all sticking together. Europe is in bad shape because a lot of countries there are not all together. If we will join hands, get acquainted and work together there is nothing we can't do."

Mr. Butler, who has been in the city for several days in the interest of the State Bureau of Publicity, will leave for his home today. He has met with a very cordial reception and has secured several members in Wilmington for the organization he is representing. In addition to the Chamber of Commerce, others who have become members are the Tidewater Power Company, Senator W. B. Cooper and Mr. J. Allan Taylor.

A permanent organization of the State Bureau will be effected at a meeting to be held in Raleigh on next Tuesday night. Mr. Butler is now engaged in securing a list of 100 members, who will each contribute $50, for the purpose of providing a fund to finance the new organization.

Some Fine Corn.

Mr. Henderson Cole, who is something of an agriculturist as well as a furniture dealer and all-round good citizen, yesterday gathered from a fine field of corn which he has in East Wilmington 13 remarkably fine ears of corn, which were taken from six stalks. The ears measured some 18 inches in length and the grains were large, firm and of fine quality. These ears will form an exhibit which he is sending to the Raleigh fair. He has just gathered a crop of about 700 bushels, which he says has been produced at a cost of not exceeding $100.

ARRANGING FOR CORN SHOW

Committee Chairmen Discuss Annual Fair—Location Very Important —Another Meeting Today.

According to reports being received daily by Mr. J. P. Herring, one of the promoters of the Cape Fear Corn Show, more interest is being manifested in the surrounding country in the coming event this year, than in the two previous shows of this kind held in Wilmington.

A number of the committee chairmen met at the Sorosis Club rooms on Third street last night and tentatively discussed plans for securing the necessary funds, location, arrangeent of the different committees, etc. The attendance of the committee chairman was somewhat small last night, compared with the number who are expected to co-operate to make the show a success and it was decided that in order not to lose any time that another meeting be set for 12 o'clock today at the Chamber of Commerce and that every effort be made by the chairman and others interested to get a full attendance at this meeting.

The location for the corn show is the matter of particular importance at present. The building formerly occupied by the Builder's Supply Co., near the foot of Chestnut street, may be available for this purpose if the committee deems it suitable. This would certainly provide ample space for local exhibitors and for as many as would come from the outside and its central location combined with this advantage makes it especially attractive. Although there are others that rather favor the tent idea, which would be a more expensive proposition, but is somewhat in line with the plan of the original promoters of the corn show, which has not materialized so far due to the heavy expense and other handicaps. The success of the corn show on the sixth floor of the Murchison bank building last year is still pointed to with much pride and interest.

The tentative plans this year largely in the interest of time and economy, somewhat tend to make it necessary to hold the show in the building as above stated when proper arrangements can be made. The date of the corn show is November 16 to 19, inclusive, and on account of the very limited time in which to make arrangements it is necessary to have the co-operation of all the committees to carry out the different features successfully.

RECORDER'S DOCKET LIGHT

Two White Men Pay Costs—Only Two Cases Disposed Of.

Light dockets are still the rule at the Recorder's court since the New Hanover criminals wer given that hard shock by Judge Rountree, and they were against white men. Mr. Richard Dixon paid the costs for violating the tax ordinances and Mr. C. F. Flowers paid the costs for violating the driving ordinance.

The case against B. G. Groves, white, charged with receiving money through false pretense, will have a hearing today. He is charged with posing as a special representative of the Coast Line and Seaboard railroads. John Robertson, colored, will have a hearing today on a charge of violating driving ordinances.

COMMITTEE AT STATE FAIR

Leaves Tesday in Automobile for Capital City to Take Part.

Upon request of Chief Marshall R. O. Everett, President Louis E. Hall, of the Chamber of Commerce, has appointed Colonel John VanB. Metts, Messrs. W. D. MacMillan, Jr., Harry Solomon, Eduard Ahrens and John W. Murchison, a committee to represent Wilmington as assistant marshals at the State Fair in Raleigh next week.

The party leaves Tuesday in Mr. MacMillan's automobile and Wednesday at 10:30 a. m., will be at the Yarborough house to take part in the parade as an honorary escort. The automobile will be gaily decorated with Wilmington pennants and banners. This will be a neat addition to the large number of exhibits.

Escaped From Work House.

Willie MacRae, colored, sent to the county roads in September for being implicated in the larceny of hides from the J. J. Hopkins Company, for a term of two years, and "Son" Mills, sent to the roads for 18 months for stealing, both escaped from the county work house yesterday morning at 4 o'clock. County officers and police were scouring the country yesterday for them but had not located them last night.

War Dept. Inspector Here.

Maj. T. Q. Donaldson, of the United States War Department, was here yesterday on his way to Fort Caswell, where he goes to audit the books and make a quarterly inspection. He will return in a few days to Wilmington to make an inspection of the district engineer's office. These inspections are made every three months by representativs of the United States War Department.

WORK ON ROAD IS NOT BEING PUSHED SUFFICIENTLY.

Commissioners Want Contractors to Make Better Progress.

A meeting of the Board of County Commissioners was held yesterday at noon when resolutions were adopted notifying R. C. Humphreys & Co., who have the contract for the construction of a hard road to the Beach, that in the opinion of the board due diligence was not being used in the execution of the contract. No work has been done on the road for several weeks, the delay benig, it is stated, in order to secure new equipment which is expected to arriev in two or three weeks.

Those present at the meeting yesterday includd all members of the board with the exception of Commissioner Moore, and Messrs. C. C. Chadbourn, J. H. Hinton, J. J. Loughlin and A. W. Pate.

HERE FROM THE WEST.

Mr. P. C. Morton oNtes Many Improvements Here in Recent Years.

An interesting visitor to the city for a few days is Mr. Paul C. Morton, of Portland, Ore., who arrived yesterday and will spend today here renewing many pleasant acquaintances in Wilmington where he formerly lived. Mr. Morton is now traveling the West for a large wholesale grocery house in Portland, Ore., and is president of the Oregon and Washington Division, Travelers' Protective Association of America. It has been some eight years since Mr. Morton was in Wilmington before and he speaks of the marvelous changes that have taken place since he visited the city before, many improvements, he says, being noted on every hand. He is a son of the late Rev. Mr. Morton, who was once pastor of Immanuel Presbyterian church, and evangelist of Wilmington Presbytery.

BRANCH OF SECURITY LEAGUE

Will Probably Be Organized in Wilmington—Mayor Moore to Appoint Committee—Purposes.

Wilmington will in all probability have a branch of the National Security League, which is an incorporated organization having for its purpose the undertaking of adequate military preparedness by the United States for defense. Mayor Moore in response to a request from Mr. S. Stanwood Menken, of New York, president of the National League, will appoint a committee of representative citizens in this city to co-operate with similar committees from other cities on a policy for National defense.

Charles C. Loughlin, Esq., whose recent article in the Raleigh News and Observer on the subject of National preparedness received widespread attention, has been requested by Mr. J. Beaumont Spencer, chairman of the committee on extension and branches, to take active steps towards organizing a branch of the organization in Wilmington.

While the organization has many branches in the North, there are as yet but few cities in the South that have taken any steps towards this end and Wilmington will be one of the first. Mr. Loughlin has given the subject of National defense considerable study and is convinced that it is one of the most important questions now before the American people.

Mr. Loughlin's attention was called to the National Security League by a friend in Raleigh, who attended the encampment at Plattsburgh, N. Y., and who is enthusiastic on the subject. Mr. Loughlin is working actively to the end that if a training camp for citizens, desiring military training, is established in North Carolina next year, it shall be located in this vicinity. He has recently addressed letters to Senators Simmons ond Overman and Congressman Godwin calling attention to the many desirable advantages that this section offers for a training camp of this kind.

The object of the National Security League is to urge that the United States undertake adequate military preparedness for its defense until a workable plan for a world alliance has been evolved and agreed to by the principal nations with proper guarantee of good faith. The league favors an army and navy with citizen reserves which will be sufficient only for the adequate protection of the country. It does not believe in a large standding army form of militarism, it is stated, and stands for preparation against war and not "for war."

Its programme as outlined in the literature being circulated is to secure legislation correcting present wasteful methods of military appropriations and disbursements; the adoption of a definite military policy; a stronger, better balanced navy; an effective mobile army; an adequate National Guard organized by the War Department, and the creation of organized reserves for each branch of the military service.

CARGO OF COTTON TO ITALY.

Steamer Southgate Sailed Yesterday for Genoa With 12,679 Bales.

The fifth steamer to sail from this port this season with a cargo of cotton for a foreign country, cleared yesterday from the wharves of the Champion Compress. The British steamer Southgate, 3,378 tons, Capt. Bamsdale, which had been in the port for about two weeks and which for the past several days had been taking on her cargo, was under steam last night for Genoa, Italy, where she carries a shipment of 12,679 bales of cotton. The cotton was consigned to the vessel by the brokerage firm of Alex. Sprunt & Sons. This firm so far has handled all the cotton exports from Wilmington this season.

There is still another steamer at the compress wharves taking on a cargo for a foreign port, and is expected to clear within the next few days.

MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.

Wrightsville Beach Hotel Elect Officers for Ensuing Year.

The stockholders of the Wrightsville Beach Hotel Co., owners of the Seashore Hotel, held their annual meeting yesterday and elected the following officers:

President—Mr. J. H. Hinton.
Vice President—Mr. Sam Bear.
General Manager—Mr. E. L. Hinton.
Secretary and Treasurer—Mr. George Sloan.

Board of Directors—Messrs. J. H. Hinton, D. H. Penton, H. C. Bear, S. M. Boatwright and E. L. Hinton.

The hotel had a very successful season, considering the general depression throughout the South. A dividend of 4 per cent was declared. The hotel has been operated each summer for the last 15 years and has never had a drowning tragedy, although several hundred go in bathing from the hotel daily during the summer.

OPENED THIS AFTERNOON

Exercises at Cornelius Harnett Play Ground This Afternoon.

The opening of the playgrounds of the Cornelius Harnett school in the northern part of the city this afternoon at 4 o'clock, will be attended with interesting exercises, to which the public is invited.

Chairman J. O. Carr, of the County Board of Education; Mr. J. J. Blair, superintendent of city schools, and probably others will make addresses. Mr. Oddis B. Hinnant, Mr. B. A. Thees and Miss Foster, physical director of the Y. W. C. A., will be in attendance.

It is expected that the play grounds of the William Hooper schools in the Southern part of the city, will be opened in a few days.

Rupture Expert Here

Seeley, Who Fitted Czar of Russia, Called to Wilmington.

F. H. Seeley of Chicago and Philadelphia, the noted truss expert, will be at the Orton Hotel and will remain in Wilmington Saturday and Sunday only, Oct. 16th and 17th. Mr. Seeley says: "The Spermatic Shield as now used and approved by the United States Government will not only retain any case of rupture perfectly, affording immediate and complete relief, but closes the opening in 10 days on the average case. This instrument received the only award in England and in Spain, producing results without surgery, harmful injections, medical treatments or prescriptions. Mr. Seeley has documents from the United States Government, Washington, D. C., for inspection. All charity cases without charge, or if any interested call he will be glad to show same without charge or fit them if desired. Business demands prevent stopping at any other place in this section. oc15-3t

THE FARMERS

Of this section of North Carolina find excellent service and absolute safety for their savings at this bank.

We are justly proud of the large number of farmers who make our bank their banking home, and solicit the accounts of all who want safety and 4 per cent. interest, compounded quarterly on their savings.

"OLD AND STRONG"

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

CORNER FRONT AND PRINCESS STREETS.

"The Little Bank Around the Corner"

WHERE "SAFETY'S FIRST"

Capital	$ 100,000.00
SURPLUS	$ 275,000.00
Resources	$2,500,000.00

—OFFICERS:—

C. E. Taylor . . . President J. L. Williams . . . Cashier
H. Walters. . . . Vice-Pres. W. H. Moore, Ass't Cashier
J. W. Norwood . . Vice-Pres. J. G. Thornton . . . Teller
C. S. Grainger, Jr., . . Teller

—DIRECTORS:—

H. Walters, J. W. Norwood, J. V. Grainger,
H. C. Bear, Lyman Delano, D. H. Penton,
R. H. Northrop, H. L. Vollers, Donald MacRae,
D. O'Connor, H. C. Bear, J. D. Bellamy, Jr.
N. B. Rankin, C. E. Taylor, Jr.,

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company

1887 Oldest Wilmington Bank. 1915

The Vacation Savings Club

Inaugurated by us some time ago has proven to be a Big Success. This unique way of saving appealed to the people of Wilmington on account of its easy and systematic plan.

Anyone wishing to join this club can do so, as we will not close to new members until November 1st.

HOME SAVINGS BANK

HOME BANK BUILDING WILMINGTON, N. C.

:: THE ORTON ::

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Most Convenient Location in the City, Making an ideal Stopping Place for our Friends from the Neighboring Towns, and to Those Who Do Not Prefer American Plan We Offer a Good Room Without Bath for One Dollar; With Bath, Dollar and a Half.

C. E. HOOPER,
Manager.

OFFICE SUPPLIES

THE MACEY SECTIONAL BOOK CASE.
Y. & E. FILING CABINETS AND SUPPLIES.
BOORUM & PEASE LOOSE LEAF LEDGERS.
STRATHMORE TYPEWRITER PAPER.

Northam's Book and Stationery Store

'PHONE 651 — WILMINGTON, N. C. — 101 PRINCESS ST.

ANNOUNCING THE

"TREASURE BOX"

Unusual Chocolates, in Appropriate Settings. The Latest Creation from the Famous

"HOUSE OF JOHNSTON."

One Pound Boxes at $1.50.

ELVINGTON & MINTZ

Telephone The Rexall Store No. 248

EYE-STRAIN

On the First Symptoms of Eye-Strain have a thorough examination of your eyes. My twenty-five years' experience is at your command.

I examine the Eyes and make the Glasses.

Spectacles or Eye Glasses fitted to your eyes for $1.00 and up.

WE Grind Lenses, while you wait.

Eyes Tested Free.

Dr. Vineberg

Masonic Temple.

Cypress Shingles

While the sale on No. 1-A Shingles that we advertised at the low price of $3.25 per M has moved the entire stock of the 150,000 advertised recently, we have been able to secure a few more of these, and can offer at present 137,000 at the same price while they last.

We have also purchased 245,000 of Cypress, 4x20 culls, that we offer at $1.50 per M; all f. o. b. Wilmington.

Heavy and Fancy Groceries at Wholesale.

A. B. Croom, Jr. Company

WILMINGTON, N. C.

MULLETS

We have 150 barrels nice fat September Mullets for sale.

Also complete line of Groceries.

Orders solicited.

SAMUEL BEAR, SR., & SONS

Wholesale Grocers,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

1 carload Heavy Mess Pork.
200 bbls. Sugar.
6 carloads Flour — all grades.
300 bags Coffee.
300 bbls. Molasses.
300 bags Peanuts.
250 bbls. Mullets.
25,000 lbs. Lard.
2,000 kegs Nails.
300 Spirit Casks.

Send your orders to

D. L. Gore Co.

Wholesale Grocers
WILMINGTON, N. C.

BURETT H. STEPHENS
ARCHITECT
38-39 GARRELL BUILDING.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Page have gone to Richmond, Va., where they will make their future home.

* * *

Mrs. G. W. Morris and little daughter, Rebecca, of Asheville, are visiting Mrs. E. A. Yopp, No. 213 Grace street.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. E. Pennington, of Memphis, Tenn., are spending some time in the city, guests at the Orton.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Hume, of Baltimore, Md., were in the city yesterday, registered at the Orton.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Royal and daughter have returned from a summer trip spent in the mountains of North Carolina.

* * *

After a delightful automobile trip to Asheville, N. C., Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Parsley and three children have returned to their home here.

* * *

Messrs. Wm. H. Bird and J. K. Cotton and son, of Charleston, S. C., registered at the Orton last night, coming from Charleston to attend the funeral of Rev. F. A. deRosset.

* * *

There will be a regular meeting of the Epworth League of Grace Methodist church this evening at 8 o'clock. Mr. McRae will give a short address and special music has been provided for the occasion. Everyone is invited and will be warmly welcomed.

* * *

Messrs. J. D. GeBott, J. O. LeBeau, F. X. LeBeau, H. T. Myers, G. P. Myers, and R. S. Benton, of Bolton, N. C., arrived via automobile yesterday afternoon and are registered at the Orton Hotel.

* * *

A number of friends were entertained Tuesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. C. J. Kelloway, in honor of her guests, Mrs. D. Morrison, of Jacksonville, Fla.; Mrs. Jones, of England; Miss Lamond Scotland and Mrs. Mathers, formerly of Wilmington. A most delightful evening was spent.

* * *

The party of 20 from Tennessee who are traveling by automobile, who were at the Orton last night, leave today, at noon, en route back home, via Raleigh and other cities of North Carolina. While in Raleigh they will take in the State Fair. They are very forcibly impressed with Wilmington and say that this will not be their last visit.

* * *

The Christian Endeavor Society of the First Presbyterian church has been holding each evening this week at 8 o'clock, very helpful prayer services. The regular monthly business and social meeting will be held tonight at 8 o'clock, in the Memorial Hall. All members are requested to be present as new officers are to be elected.

* * *

The Cape Fear Chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy, will hold its October meeting today instead of next Tuesday, the 19th, as usual. The meeting will be held at the W. L. I. armory at 4 o'clock this afternoon. All members are urged to be present, as the reports of the State Convention will be given, and important business will be transacted.

* * *

PRESIDENT AND MRS. GRAHAM GIVE DELIGHTFUL RECEPTION.

Chapel Hill, N. C., Oct. 14.—On Tuesday afternoon President and Mrs. Graham gave a very delightful reception at the home of the president. The faculty and their wives, the senior class, and many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Graham were present. Cream, cake and coffee were served in doors, and punch was served on the lawn. From 4 until 6 the guests enjoyed the hospitality of the host and hostess.

* * *

Rocky Mount, N. C., Oct. 14.—Announcements were issued yesterday of the marriage of Miss Mabel Jordon, daughter of Mrs. B. J. Weatherford, of this city, and Mr. Howard L. Rose, also of this city, which took place at the home of the bride's parents Tuesday morning at 5:30 o'clock. Beautiful, impressive and simple was everything connected with the wedding. The wedding was planned as a quiet affair and only the relatives and a few invited guests witnessed the ceremony, by Rev. W. D. Morton.

* * *

Warsaw, N. C., Oct. 13.—The Literary Department of the Woman's Club was organized at the home of Mrs. W. L. Hil, the chairman, on Tuesday afternoon with twelve charter members. Other officers elected were: Secretary, Mrs. Charles F. Carroll; treasurer, Mrs. C. A. Womack. Mrs. Hill read the constitution and by-laws which were approved by the members. It was voted to take up the Bay View study course, beginning with "Our Own Country." Mrs. H. L. Stevens was appointed a committee of one to confer with Prof. B. C. Siske, principal of the high school, in regard to methods to adopt relative to moonlight schools for Duplin county, the club wishing to assist in this work in any way possible.

* * *

SHOWER GIVEN MISS ENGLISH MOUNT OLIVE BRIDE-ELECT

Mount Olive, N. C., Oct. 14.—A beautiful climax to the many social compliments which have been shown Miss Frank English since her engagement was announced, was the shower given her by the Round Dozen Club, of which she is a charter member, on Thursday afternoon at the home of Mrs. R. E. Wooten.

Miss Elizabeth Wooten greeted the guests at the entrance, where Mrs. R. E. Wooten and Mrs. Fred R. Mintz received them, and they were introduced by Mrs. Mintz to the receiving line, consisting of Miss English, the honor guest; her sister, Mrs. A. H. Oliver, and two members of the bridal parties, Misses Ethel Hatch and Mabel Kornegay. Mrs. E. B. Flowers showed the way to the punch room, where Miss Clara Littman and Mrs. D. R. Kornegay served punch amid a glow of crimson flowers. The guests then returned to the library, which was lovely in white roses and trailing greenery. Here they were delighted with several musical selections by Miss Catherine Knowles, and songs by Misses Jim and Machel Kornegay and Miss Nina McCall, and readings by Miss Doles and Mrs. C. S. Smith. Mesdames E. T. Watson and C. S. Smith presided in the dining room and were assisted in serving by a bevy of attractive young girls.

Did Not Know He Had Kidney Trouble

"Until I applied for life insurance," writes Andrew O'Donnell, Birmingham, Ala., "I did not know that I had kidney trouble, but four physicians who examined me for the company said I had, and each turned me down on account of this insidious trouble. Later I was seriously disabled and used Foley Kidney Pills, and used them persistently, until now one of the same physicians says I'm all right and he will O. K. my application. I have caused many of my friends to buy Foley Kidney Pills."

Overworked kidneys may become inflamed and seriously diseased while the sufferer ignores the warnings. Backache, rheumatism, uric acid in the blood, discolored urine, stiff joints, sore muscles, puffiness under eyes—any and all of these conditions deserve instant attention. Foley Kidney Pills help the kidneys to do their work, soothe and heal irritations and help throw out poisonous waste matter from the system.

R. R. Bellamy, Druggist.

LOCAL DOTS.

—Dr. Mary Worth, masseuse, who has located in the city, will work under the medical profession of the city, all her work being under the direction of a physician.

PLAY ABOVE AVERAGE.

"It Pays to Advertise" Literally Had the Audience Captivated.

A play without a plot, but presented by such forceful personalities that the audience was under their power from the first raise of the curtain until the final close, was at the Academy of Music last night. "It Pays to Advertise," was not specially laid with amusing scenes, but was interpreted by a cast that held the audience so close to every move that one outburst of laughter followed another from the beginning to the end. It was a small part of the audience that really followed the little plot. It was the individual act that held interest.

The cast was without a weak spot. Miss Adele Rolland, as Miss Mary Grayson, was the leading lady, and probably the leading player in the cast. There was no choice in the three leading men. Messrs. Harold Vermilyea, Elmer Grandin and Frank Allworth as Rodney Martin, Cyrus Martin and Ambrose Peale, respectively.

The play had to do with a "worthless" young man who fell in love with his father's secretary and went into business for himself. Accidentally he fell on the plan of advertising and it was thought by the audience that after many close shaves and near failures, he succeeded, and also succeeded in convincing his father that "It Pays to Advertise."

COAST LINE SPENDS $60,000 ON OLD OFFICE BUILDING

General Office at Front and Red Cross Made Fireproof Throughout.

Those who had feared that the general offices of the Atlantic Coast Line railway might be moved away from this city may lay aside their fears, when they read of the recent $60,000 spent renovating and making the offices fireproof.

The general office building at Front and Red Cross streets is now completely renovated. All the wood floors have been replaced with reinforced concrete and the entire fixtures renovated. This work has been carried on slowly as it was necessary to use the building while the work was going on, the clerks moving out of one section at a time while the work was being done.

Beside taking away the danger of fire, the renovation has been made with the idea of making the offices more comfortable and sanitary. The walls were re-kalsomined to a light color that will make it light and easy on the eyes. The cost of all the general recent improvements amounts to more than $100,000.

MEETING OF TRUCKERS.

Definitely Decided Last Night That Members Must Pay Dues.

At the regular quarterly meeting of the Wilmington Co-Operative Truckers' Association, held last night in the Court House, it was definitely decided that members must pay dues or be expelled from the association. This has been a regular by-law of the association, but has not been enforced strictly Three amendments to the by-laws of the organization were adopted. One makes it mandatory that when a member gets six months behind with dues, he must either make special arrangements with the lodge or be expelled. Another amendment makes the local branches responsible for all dues to the general association. The third specifies that when a member is indebted to the association for six months, whether it be dues or assessments, he must pay or be expelled.

The directors' meeting was held 30 minutes before the regular meeting, at which all were present. There was a good attendance at the regular meeting and quite a lot of routine business was transacted.

Transfer of Real Estate.

The following deeds were recorded yesterday in the office of Register of Deeds: Grace Loftin to William Struthers, for $100 and other considerations, lot on the northeast corner of 14th and Church streets, 33.5x33 feet in size; Miss Edna Ford to William Struthers, for $10 and other considerations, lot on southeast corner of Newbern and Corbett streets, 50x50 feet in size; L. W. Moore to William Struthers, for $100 and other considerations, lot on the east side of Fifth street, 185 feet north of Church street, 165x79 feet in size; A. D. Wessell to F. J. Gooding, for $2,150, three lots, first one on the southeast side of Rankin street, 97.5 feet east of MacRae street, 38x66 feet in size; second, lot on south side of Ann street, 124 feet west of Seventh, 66x33 feet in size; third, lot on Second street, 8x66 feet in size.

One of Wilmington's Boys.

In the Chapel Hill correspondence to The Star yesterday, doubtless through an inadvertence of the correspondent, the name of Mr. John W. Perdew was not included in the list of Wilmington boys attending the University. Mr. Perdew is now entering upon his Junior year there and has taken a very high stand in college. He is a student for the full A. B. degree.

Wilmington Bar Meeting Today.

There will be a meeting of the Wilmington bar this morning at 10:30 o'clock, in the office of the Clerk of the Court, for the purpose of arranging the docket for the October term of Superior Court, which commences here Monday, October 25th.

SCHOOLS WILL OBSERVE DAY

Exercises to Be Held This Morning —Col. Walker Taylor Will Make Address—Drills.

Fire prevention exercises will be held in all the Wilmington schools this morning, the observation of the day having been postponed from last Friday, the day set apart as Fire Prevention day ,on account of the fact that the city schools were late in opening. Col. Walker Taylor, one of the best posted men in the State on insurance matters, will make addresses in all the schools.

Superintendent John J. Blair will also be accompanied on his visit to the different schools by Fire Chief Charles Schnibben. One of the interesting features of the exercises in the different schools will be the fire drills by children. The schools will assemble in the respective auditoriums at the hours indicated below:

High School—9 to 9:30.
Union School—9:30 to 10.
William Hooper—10 to 10:30.
Isaac Bear—11 to 11:30.
Cornelius Harnett—11:30 to 12.
Hemenway—12:15 to 12:45.

The exercises will consist of the following:

Address by Col. Walker Taylor, vice president National Association Local Insurance Agents.
Song, by the school.
Any other form of school exercises, recitation or essay.
The fire drill.
Inspection.

DR. McCLURE RETURNS

Popular Wilmington Pastor Back From Interesting Trip in the North.

Rev. A. D. McClure, D. D., pastor of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, returned yesterday from a pleasant and most interesting trip of nearly two weeks. After attending Wilmington Presbytery, he went to Baltimore, his old home, as the guest of friends for a few days, occupying while there, by invitation, the pulpit of an old-time friend, rector of the Reformed P. E. Church, of that city, now 84 years of age and a close friend of Dr. McClure while a pastor in that city. From Baltimore Dr. McClure visited friends in Wilmington, Del., continuing his journey to New York where he had the pleasure of seeing his son, Mr. Alex. M. McClure, and his wife for the first time in three years and since their return from South America. Dr. McClure then went to Princeton University for the inauguration of Rev. J. Ross Stevenson as president, and Rev. Dr. J Richard Smith, as professor of Homiletics, at Princeton Theological Seminary. At a luncheon which was one of the features of the inauguration, Dr. McClure had the pleasure of being seated again with his former classmate at Princeton, the Rev. Dr. Russell Cecil, of Richmond, Va., president of the Alumni Association. Dr. McClure graduated from Princeton University in 1874 and from the Theological Seminary in 1879. His trip to his alma mater on this occasion was one of great interest and pleasure to him.

While in Princeton Dr. McClure had the pleasure of meeting those great men, Dr. Hibben, president of the university, and Dr. Jowett, pastor of Fifth Avenue Presbyterian church.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. S. A. Dowless, of Councils, was a business visitor in the city yesterday.

—Woodus Kellum, Esq., returned yesterday from a short trip on professional business to Punta Gorda, Fla.

—Friends of Mr. S. P. Russell will be sorry to learn that it was necessary for him to go to the James Walker Memorial Hospital yesterday for treatment.

—Mr. E. H. Munson, who went to Philadelphia for the twofold purpose of transacting some business matters and seeing the two games of the world series, has returned home.

—The North Carolinians who registered at the Orton yesterday included: Messrs. H. C. McKeel, Newbern; N. Hussey, Charlotte; N. H. Carter, Wallace; J. W. Foxworth, Pee Dee; C. P. Parker, Lumberton, Will Weil, Rockingham; J. F. Woodward, Warsaw.

DEATH OF MR. CASTEEN.

Aged Citizen Passed Yesterday at Residence in East Wilmington.

Many friends will learn with sorrow of the death of Mr. Ellis E. Casteen, which occurred at his residence in East Wilmington yesterday morning at 8:45 o'clock, after a long illness.

Mr. Casteen was in his 57th year and is survived by his wife and several children, all of whom have the tender sympathy of their many friends.

Funeral services will be held from the residence this afternoon at 3 o'clock. Interment will be made in Bellevue cemetery, where the deceased will be buried with Odd Fellow honors, he having been a member of Orion Lodge, of this city.

Before Justice Bornemann Today.

Mary Coleman, colored, who went to the county roads in September in default of costs in a case charged to her for malicious prosecution, was put in jail last night, the first night she has been away from the county farm, to await trial before Justice Bornemann this morning on a charge of perjury. It is alleged that the Coleman woman swore that Lula Hill had sold her some liquor, the Coleman woman admitted that she just didn't like the Coleman woman and had tried to get something on her. She has just finished serving a term on the farm for the malicious prosecution and trial will be given today to see if she is guilty of perjury.

DEATH OF RALPH MILLAN.

Former Wilmingtonian Passed Away Yesterday at Home in Augusta, Ga.

Friends of Mr. Ralph Millan, the 18-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. William Millan, formerly of Wilmington, will be pained to learn of his death yesterday afternoon at his home in Augusta, Ga., after an illness of several weeks with typhoid fever. Surviving the deceased besides his parents are three brothers and one sister, as follows: William, Preston, Howard and Evelyn Millan.

The remains will be brought to Wilmington today, arriving here at 1 P. M. The funeral will be held at 3 o'clock this afternoon. The interment will be in Bellevue cemetery.

Attractive Window Display.

In observance of National Newspaper Window Display week, Mr. H. L. Fennell, in charge of the Wilmington service station, has a most attractive window display of Goodyear Fortified Tires at his salesroom, No. 111 Chestnut street, the display calling especial attention to the new All-Weather tread, which is a distinctive feature with the Goodyear tire for 1915. The display is attracting much attention by pedestrians and autoists passing that way.

For good cooking use Cottolene

You will find in making biscuits, pie-crust, cakes and doughnuts that *Cottolene* is supreme, because it is the purest cooking fat and possesses important food values.

It is a precise combination of specially refined cottonseed oil, of the highest grade, with pure beef-stearine from selected leaf beef suet. This combination gives Cottolene its unexcelled cooking qualities.

Cottolene

There are imitations, but there is *no* substitute for Cottolene.

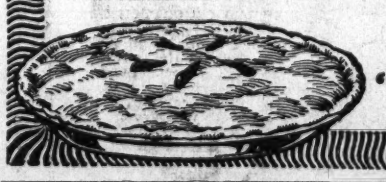
For economy, as well as for good cooking, use *Cottolene.* You will require a third less of it than of any other shortening or cooking fat.

We guarantee *Cottolene* for its purity, for its wholesome qualities, for its food value, and for its superiority as shortening.

Anyone who can cook or bake at all, can cook and bake better with *Cottolene.*

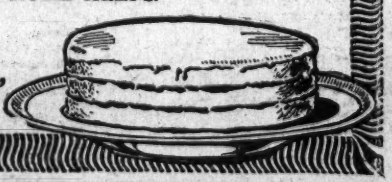
Pails of various sizes. Arrange with your grocer for a regular supply.

Write our General Offices, Chicago, for a free copy of our *real* cook book—"HOME HELPS."



THE N.K. FAIRBANK COMPANY

"Cottolene makes good cooking better"



DEVELOPING FLORIDA LANDS.

Mr. M. P. Walsh is Spending a Few Days in Wilmington.

Mr. M. P. Walsh, of New York, who is interested in the development of Florida lands, is in Wilmingotn, for the purpose of conferring with Mr. W. J. Craig, passenger traffic manager of the Atlantic Coast Line, the property in which Mr. Walsh is interested being reached by this road. Mr. Walsh states that he has heard so much of the development enterprises of Mr. Hugh MacRae in this section that he is anxious to learn all he can of the practical results that have been obtained in and about Wilmington in securing settlers for vacant lands.

Mr. Walsh was formerly managing editor of the Augusta (Ga.) Chronicle, and knew Mr. Craig when he lived in Augusta. Some years ago Mr. Walsh went to New York and last year resigned the position of Deputy Commissioner of the water department of the city of New York to engage in the work of Southern development. He now has in charge the advertising of the development of a tract of 150,000 acres of land in the vicinity of Palatka and Ocala. The land is said to be very fertile. Mr. James R. Murphy, of New York, is president of the company that has the development in charge.

FUNERAL OF MR. deROSSET FROM ST. JAMES' YESTERDAY.

Beloved Episcopal Minister Laid to Rest After Great Funeral.

A large number of people from this city and many other cities, were in attendance yesterday morning at 11 o'clock at the funeral of Rev. Frederick Ancrum deRosset, whose death occurred at Charleston, S. C., Tuesday morning after a short illness. The services were conducted from St. James' Episcopal church by Bishop Thomas R. Darst, of the Diocese of East Carolina; Bishop William A. Guerry, of the Diocese of South Carolina; Rev. Thos. P. Noe, Archdeacon of the Diocese of East Carolina; Rev. Dr. Robertson, of Goldsboro; Rev. Dr. W. H. Milton, rector of St. James' Episcopal church, and all other Episcopal ministers of the city.

Interment was made in Oakdale cemetery. There were many beautiful floral designs.

The pall-bearers were Messrs. Theodore James, S. M. Boatwright, Milton Calder, Clayton Giles, Jr., Adam Empie and Junius Davis, Jr.

Here to attend the funeral were his wife, Mrs. Frederick A. deRosset; two sons, Messrs. W. G. deRosset, of New York City, and Armand John deRosset, of Charleston, and three daughters, Mrs. F. S. Clark, of Boston; Mrs. Ludlow Strong, of New York City, and Miss Fannie deRosset, of Charleston. There were a number of others from a distance.

FUNERAL OF MR. RUMBLEY.

Services This Morning at Residence. Burial in Oakdale Cemetery.

The funeral of Mr. A. J. Rumbley, whose death occurred yesterday morning at 1:45 o'clock at the home of his daughter, Mrs. W. K. Stewart, No. 708 Orange street, will be held this morning at 11 o'clock from the residence, conducted by Rev. J. D. Bundy, pastor of Grace Methodist church, of which the deceased was a member. Interment will be in Oakdale cemetery.

ONE OF BIG MOVEMENTS.

Mr. H. G. Foard, of Wilmington, Tells of Benefits of Fire Prevention.

In yesterday's Raleigh News and Observer is an interesting interview from Mr. H. G. Foard, of Wilmington, who is secretary of the North Carolina Fire Prevention Association. A meeting of the association was held in Raleigh Wednesday and it was determined to continue its work through the State.

"Fire Prevention is the biggest in the country today," Mr. Foard is quoted as saying. "North Carolina with the better equipment of the State Insurance Department, is doing more work in this line than ever before," he continued. "Our own association, according to the plans makes an inspection of some city each month. Of course, we have no fire marshal's authority. All we can do is to suggest defects which should be remedied when we locate them."

"Do you have much trouble in getting owners to make changes when conditions in your estimation are dangerous?" Mr. Foard was asked.

"Do we have trouble," he replied. "Well, you would be surprised at the number of people who look upon any such suggestion without authority of law as an infringement of their natural rights and personal privileges.

"But if people would just get the idea of the value of prevention, if they would realize that fire companies are all right but don't in all cases, do much to prevent fires, their opinions of building inspection would change. One thing you can't get away from: all fires are the same size when they start. No matter how large they become or how great or how little damage they do, they start at the same point. Fire department's duty is to reduce the length to which fires will be permitted to go."

FUNERAL OF MRS. WALKER.

Many Friends Attend Impressive Service at Delgado Baptist Church.

Many friends were present yesterday at the funeral of Mrs. Hattie Ophelia Walker, wife of Mr. C. M. Walker, of Delgado, whose death occurred Wednesday at noon. The services were conducted yesterday morning at 11 o'clock, by Rev. W. Marshall Craig, acting pastor of the First Baptist church, from the Delgado Baptist church. The interment was in Bellevue cemetery. The floral offerings were many and beautiful.

The pallbearers were: Honorary, Messrs. J. F. Littleton and W. M. Robbins; active, Messrs. L. W. Moore, R. W. Scott, John Hall, D. C. Little, L. S. Mixon and C. Jarrells.

—Suit was started in Superior court yesterday by Jesse G. Hooper, administrator, against the estate of the late C. T. Harper. No complaint was filed. E. K. Bryan, Esq., will appear for the plaintiff.

ATTENTION, ODD FELLOWS.

All members of Orion Lodge, No. 67, I. O. O. F., are hereby notified to assemble themselves at the hall, at Third and Princess streets, at 2:30 o'clock today (Friday) for the purpose of attending the funeral services of our deceased Brother, Ellis Casteen, which will be held at Belleview Cemetery at 3:30 o'clock P. M.

By order of the Noble Grand.

H. E. WALTON,
Recording Secretary.

Vortex Hot Blast Heater

Just the stove you want for cold weather. This heater burns the gas-half of soft coal—gives an even heat, is clean and convenient to operate.

Burns any kind of fuel — soft coal, hard coal, wood or cobs.

"THEY STAY TIGHT"

The Heater with Two Hot Blast Tubes

Prices--- $12.00 and Upward

"THEY STAY TIGHT"

The above sectional cut shows the Vortex Hot Blast Heater as the air mixes with the gases, consuming the escaping gases and burning soft coal to a white, light ash.

Come in and see our complete assortment.

Made With or Without Ash Pan

N. JACOBI HARDWARE CO.

10 AND 12 SO. FRONT ST.

Also Agents for Columbia Air-Tight Wood Heaters

UNION STAMP & TYPEWRITER COMPANY

MANUFACTURERS OF

RUBBER STAMPS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

WRITE FOR CATALOGUE OF HAND STAMP DEALERS' SUPPLIES.

Plant: No. 20 Princess Street. Wilmington, N. C.

Everybody Reads the Star Business Locals

THEATRICAL

Tonight the Harme Associate Players will offer a big scenic production of "Jesse James, the Missouri Outlow," a play which abounds in comedy, love and pathos. The plot of "Jesse James, the Outlaw" deals with life among the men of the Western plains in the frontier days, their mode of living and, though the characters are typically western, they show the good side of the lives of these men.

The scenes show the lives of the men, the old-time dances, the reception givn the "tenderfoot" when they used to alight off the trains, the camp scenes of the bandits, also the cowboy dances which call forth much merriment and fun.

You will like "Jesse James, The Missouri Outlaw," so be sure to come tonight or Saturday, matinee and night. Prices only 10, 20 and 30 cents. Seats on sale at the Victoria.

National Opera Company.

An event of the greatest magnitude in musical circles is the coming to the Academy of Music for an engagement of a matinee and night performance of the National Opera Company, from the National Theatre, Rome, Italy, for many years the favorite organization of the King and the royal family. It is only because of the present strife abroad that this really excellent organization was permitted to make a tour of this country and those of Wilmington who are musically inclined have a real treat in store for them.

The organization has a lengthy repertoire of operas from all the old masters, but will confine itself to presenting on this tour Rossini's "Barber of Seville," Donizetti's "Don Pasquale"; Verdi's "Rigoletto", and Mascagni's "Friend Fritz," unless there is an overwhelmingly popular demand for one of the older operas.

The company numbers many of the world's greatest artists in the grand opera world, including Edvige Vaccari and Cecilia Zavaschi, colorature sopranos; Marian Brooks, contralto; Alice Haeseler and Helen Austin, mezzo-sopranos; Louise Berg, soprano; Franco de Gregorio, Alberto Amadi and Roberto Anselmi, tenors; Giuseppe La Puma and Michele Rossini and Ernesto de Giacomo, baritones, and Giuseppe Anselone, basso, under the able conductorship of Chev. Giuseppe Angelini and Giovanni Leotti, and also carries a grand opera orchestra of picked musicians, thus insuring a perfect rendition of these beautiful scores.

The productions are new and beautiful and in thorough keeping with the operas, each and every one having been given the most minute attention with regard to detail and accuracy. Prices will range from 50 cents to $1.50.

George Fawcett at Royal.

George Fawcett, founder of the famous Fawcett Stock Company, and identified with Maude Adams' "The Little Minister," "The Squaw Man," "The Man of the Hour," and many other historic productions, is presented today at the Royal for the first time in motion pictures, in the big Paramount success, "The Majesty of the Law," a five-act heart-gripping drama of love, honor and duty, wit and scenes laid in a Virginia county seat. Fawcett's sensational work in "The Squaw Man," is one of the favorite stories of the stage, where he was easily the hit of the first American production at the Powers Theatre in Chicago.

"The Majesty of the Law" provides

Stirring Scene From "The Majesty of the Law," Paramount Feature Royal Today.

George Fawcett with a typical role, a gruff but secretly tender-hearted old Virginia judge of absolute honor and uprightness, and gives him full chance to display the gift in which he surpasses every other American actor; that of maintaining an outwardly flint-like, pitiless demeanor, and at the same time giving a glimpse of an agonizing heart-break which is taking place within him.

By the irony of fate Judge Kent is forced to hear the case in which his own son is accused of a theft of valuable jewelry. That young Kent, heretofore the idol of the little city and the apple of his father's eye, was after all hopeless, almost broke his father's heart, but, like the upright judge that he was, the father instantly gave his son the maximum sentence imposed by law. George Fawcett's acting in this scene, where his fatherhood and his judgeship conflict, is one of the finest pieces of acting ever seen upon stage or screen.

Hobart Bosworth at Bijou.

Today the Bijou presents absolutely the strongest, greatest and most compelling of all the Universal Broadway features to date, starring the magnetic star of the films, Hobart Bosworth, in a five-act drama that will stir your very soul, "The Scarlet Sin." This beautiful and compelling heart-interest play of lights and shadows; of human passions and emotions; of an erring wife and a great-hearted husband, contains a never-ending succession of scenes that will reach the very depths of your being. In the spectacular mine explosion scene there are thrills that will captivate and hold you spellbound.

Hobart Bosworth, the star of a thousand great screen successes, has embodied in this live, virile, tense and gripping photoplay a spiritual story told in a red-blooded way, a story which tells of a minister's struggle against adversity, ignorance, brutality and the infidelity of his wife—all at the same time. While trying to convert a crowd of jeering, ignorant miners a sodden wretch insults the minister's wife by shouting that the minister's wife is a wanton. Does the minister meekly bow his head when the insult is flung at him?

He does not. He belongs to the church militant, and, finding that he can neither convince nor convert his

HOBART BOSWORTH

The Magnetic Star of the Films in "The Scarlet Sin," Bijou Today.

villifier by any other means, swings on the brute who is leering at him and knocks him cold with a well-directed blow to the jaw. That one swing on the jaw converted a whole camp of miners. It is a drama that you will remember long after the theatre lights have been dimmed, and that you will find thought for study in, as well as an hour's solid diversion and enjoyment.

Goddess at the Grand Today.

Don't fail to be on hand to see the 13th chapter of the beautiful "Goddess" with Anita Stewart and Earle Williams, which is the feature on at the Grand today. At Eastern Junction, Tommy taking the stand against Celeste, tries to preach against the "Goddess" and her cause, but the people leave him. He finds Stilletter has hypnotized her to make her love him. Tommy breaks the hypnotic spell. Stilletter leaves, angry, watches the car from behind a nearby tree. Stilletter returns, hypnotizes her, telling her to meet him at 5 o'clock, and follow the orders of the driver. Celeste falls asleep. Meanwhile, Mary meets Mrs. Gunsdorf and induces her to try to kill Celeste. Freddy watches her over Celesta, sees her enter, and catches her hand just as she is about to commit the crime. Celesta sends him away, speaks to Mrs. Gundorf, makes her see things in the right light, and forgives her. Tommy determines to show Celesta the cave, the heaven she came from.

"Neath Calvary's Shadow," a three-reel Diamond Selig special, is the added feature. It is a drama that is well constructed and illustrates the maxim, "The woman always pays." The situation at the finish is a strong one, and the author has not hesitated to deal truthfully with the girl whose life has been wrecked. Wheeler Oakman, Fritzi Brunette and Frank Mayo do excellent work in their respective roles.

Dot this down, Charles Chaplin, the famous comedian, will be at the Grand Tuesday, October 19th, in his latest two-reel comedy, "Shanghaied." The film is a riot of laughter. The Essanay comedian and his company of players were busy for more than a month preparing the various scenes in "Shanghaied," remember, Tuesday.

CIRCUS TICKETS

Wonderful System Prevails With Carl Hagenbeck-Wallace Show.

No individuals about a great circus institution are regarded with greater awe and solemn wonder than the three persons who sell tickets in the "big show" wagon. There is something almost uncanny about their daily exhibition. Their flying hands put to shame the clutching display of the octopus. No quicker brained, more resolute or more peculiarly-gifted men exist than are with the Carl Hagenbeck-Wallace Circus, which comes to Wilmington Monday, October 18.

With eyes fixed steadily before them, fingers and hands never lingering or sluggish, but accepting a counterfeit offering like a flash, the ticket sellers work as if human automatons. Thouters the floor. There is no chance to period. Everybody seems excited and sometimes unreasonable. Uniformed employes maintain order. The wheels of the ticket wagon are buried to the hubs or it would be swept away in the rush. A mountain of bills and coin grows and is toppled into baskets. Soon these are filled and money litas the most exacting banking institu-assort or collect them until the ticket sale has ceased, and yet the day will record a balance as correct in details as the most exacting baning institution.

Tickets are distributed to the sellers in bundles of fifty. They are placed in racks above their heads. The scrutiny of a few moments in deducting the empty racks from those untouched shows the exact sale. The assistant treasurer furnishes the management with a box office statement and as a double check the ticket boxes at the main entrance are counted up by an auditor. Instant dismissal and possible criminal prosecution awaits an employe of the Hagenbeck-Wallace Circus guilty of "short change" or other swindling methods.

Every department of the Hagenbeck-Wallace Circus is governed with a system equal to that followed at the ticket wagon. The big show has gone on growing every year until today it is unequaled by any other tented exhibition. In the neighborhood of 1,000 people are connected with the enterprise. Three of the longest trains ever used to handle a circus transport the institution from city to city. More than 400 circus artists of international fame appear on the program in addition to the famous Carl Hagenbeck trained wild animals. An immense street pageant at 10 A. M. will be given on the exhibition day. The performances are at 2 and 8 P. M.

COTTON CONSUMED DURING SEPTEMBER 419,219 BALES

Compared With 414,864 Bales Last Year —Various Amounts on Hand.

Washington, Oct. 14.—Cotton used during September was 419,219 bales, exclusive of linters, compared with 414,864 bales in September last year, the Census Bureau today announced. Cotton on hand September 30 in consuming establishments, was 1,089,614 against 856,892 bales a year ago, and in public storage and at compresses 2,796,500 against 1,663,625 a year ago.

Expuorts during September were 502,031 bales against 125,778 a year ago. Imports were 46,197 bales, against 15-315 a year ago.

Linters used during September were 61,431 bales, against 27,764 a year ago; on hand September 30 in consuming establishments, 128,059 bales against 63,-386 a year ago, and in public storage and at compresses, 57,106 bales, against 26,078 a year ago. Linters exported were 10,624 bales, against 1,808 a year ago.

Cotton spindles active during September numbered 31,295,104 against 30,307,154 a year ago.

GREETINGS FROM ELON COLLEGE.

Faculty Members Organize University Alumni Association.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Elon College, N. C., Oct. 13.—The University alumni of the Elon College faculty, to-wit: Drs. Newman, Wicker, Randolph, Lawrence, Amick and Profs. E. E. Randolph and R. C. Cox, met last night and organized an alumni association of the University by electing the following officers: President, Dr. W. C. Wicker; treasurer, Dr. E. E. Randolph; secretary, Prof. R. C. Cox.

After some discussion as to the work and policies of the University and the relation of the alumni to the same, the following telegram was ordered sent to President Graham:

"The University alumni association of the Elon College faculty congratulates our alma mater upon its progressive policy of State-wide service of educational development and pledges to its president our loyal support. We wish for him health, strength, and success in all his undertakings and extend greetings to the faculty and students."

TOBACCO SALES HEAVY.

Over Two Million Pounds in Three Days at Greenville.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Greenville, N. C., Oct. 14.—Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday there were more than two million pounds of tobacco sold on the Greenville market. There was much tobacco that could not be put on the floors. The hold-up of prices is remarkable. Averages away above 20 cents are common, every day events.

The report as published from the department does not give Greenville its sales as reported by the secretary here. It was within a few pounds of six million, while the report only credits it with less than five million. Farmville is credited with 1,531,872 pounds and Ayden with 406,370 pounds, which when taken for Pitt county, runs it near first place.

SPILMAN UP AGAINST IT.

Makes Complaint as a Citizen of Kinston, After Near-Accident.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Kinston, N. C., Oct. 14.—Dr. B. W. Spilman, field secretary for Sunday schools of the Southern Baptist convention, almost ran down a baby perambulator at Queen and Gordon streets with his automobile yesterday. Afterward Dr. Spilman, as a citizen of Kinston, made the following complaint: "They've got a thingumbob out there in the middle of the street," referring to a "dummy policeman" which with its big white and black letters insisted that Dr. Spilman keep to the right, "and right alongside of it with a little space between, the cotton exchange. What I can't see is how anyone is expected to drive a machine into the drug store on the left hand side, then cut to the right diagonally to avoid killing a cotton buyer or a mule, change direction yet again and clear that thing without running over, in ordinary times, half a dozen baby carriages."

FAMOUS DOCUMENT IS TO BE RETURNED TO FAIRFAX COUNTY

Martha Washington's Will Ordered Restored to Former Holders.

Richmond, Va., Oct. 14.—Governor Henry C. Stuart, of Virginia, today ordered that the will of Martha Washington, recently returned to the state by J. Pierpont Morgan, be given into the custody of Fairfax county, from which it was stolen during the Civil War. The famous document will be formally delivered to the chairman of the Fairfax Board of Supervisors on Monday and will be returned to its former place in the court house. Governor Stuart acted under a ruling of Attorney General Pollard who held that the will must be returned to Fairfax county, as a part of the county's records, in compliance with the legislative act which authorized the state to bring suit against Mr. Morgan for its recovery. When Mr. Morgan voluntarily returned the will, which had been found in his father's collection of historic manuscripts, he requested that it be placed in Mount Vernon, and offered to build for it a fireproof receptacle.

INTERNAL REVENUE FIELD FORCE UNDER CIVIL SERVICE

Those Given Positions Under Wilson Not Affected by Osborn's Order.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Washington, D. C., Oct. 14.—The field force of internal revenue officials was placed under civil service in an order issued today by Commissioner of Internal Revenue W. H. Osborn. The order does not effect the thousands of employes that have been given positions during the Wilson administration. They are automatically taken into the civil service. The order affects internal revenue agents inspectors, clerks, messengers and deputy collectors.

In a notice sent out to internal revenue collectors, who will remain as patronage appointees as at present, Commissioner Osborn says that the Civil Service Commission has held the revenue officials were brought into the competitive, classified service by the operation of civil service rules upon the expiration of the two-year period established by the act of October 3, 1913. Collectors are advised that in forwarding recommendations for appointments they must select persons eligible for transfer, or whose names appear on a civil service eligible register, and they are warned not to assign classified officers to duty until a letter authorizing their employment is received.

P. R. A.

COTTON EXCHANGE PROPOSES RESTRICTING ALIEN MEMBERS.

New York, Oct. 14.—The board of managers of the New York cotton exchange has called a meeting of cotton exchange members for Monday, October 25, to consider proposed amendments to the by-laws curtailing the privileges of aliens elected to membership after November 1, 1915.

The purpose of the proposed change, it was said, was to prevent activity in the cotton market during present international complications understood to be contemplated by foreign agents.

The proposed amendments provide that no member elected after November 1st, shall, while an alien, vote at any meeting or election of the exchange nor be eligible to serve or act as an officer or as a member of any committee. No member elected after November 1 shall, while an alien, either make any contract on the exchange or sign any contract made on the exchange; nor permit any contract made to the exchange to be signed by the firm of which he is the partner unless at least one other partner of such firm is either a member of the exchange elected prior to November 1, or a citizen. The amendments also provide that applicants for membership in the exchange shall present in writing a statement as to their citizenship.

At 16 She Must Have $25,000 a Year, to Live

Virginia Bruce Loney.

Virginia Bruce Loney, of New York, is only sixteen years old, but she cannot live on less than $25,000 a year, her guardian says. And the guardian herself, who is much older, cannot live on less than $5,000 a year.

The girl's father and mother were Lusitania victims. She was saved. They left her $1,000,000. The guardian has gone into court with a request that the child be given $25,000 a year from the estate and $5,000 for herself. In her list of expenses in her affidavit, the guardian shows how $30,000 a year may be spent.

Jacksonville, Fla., Oct. 14.—Gunner Sergeant A. Hagen, U. S. M. C., won the President's cup in the rifle matches of the National Rifle Association here today. Corporal J. Grandy, second U. S. cavalry, was second and Color Sergeant J. T. Lawless, guard of Massachusetts, was third. Grandy made 247 points out of a possible 250.

FRAIL, SICKLY CHILD

Father Tells How Boy Was Restored to Health and Strength.

We have always told the people of Wilmington that Vinol is a wonderful body builder for ailing children. Here is more proof of the fact:—

J. L. Albury, of Miami, Fla., says:—"Our little boy was puny and cross from the time he was born, and we hardly knew how to handle him. When he was three years old he was weak and so cross we could hardly live with him, and we could not get him to eat anything. A friend asked us to try Vinol. We did so and you should see the change it has made in him. He is now a good-natured, healthy youngster, ready to eat at any time, and we cannot praise Vinol enough."

Vinol is especially efficient in building up puny, weak, ailing children, because of the real cod liver extractives, peptonate of iron and beef peptone which it contains, and as it is without oil or grease children love to take it. Rob't R. Bellamy, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C.

"THE SCARLET SIN"

The Fourth and Greatest Broadway Feature, Starring That Magnetic Film Favorite,

HOBART BOSWORTH

A Play That Will Hold You Spellbound—A Drama That Will Stir Your Very Soul.

A Beautiful Heart-Interest Play of Lights and Shadows; of an Erring Wife and a Great-Hearted Husband; of Human Passions and Emotions—a Never Ending Succession of Scenes That Will Reach the Very Depth of Your Being.

TENSE —— VITAL —— STRONG GRIPPING.

Filmed in Five Powerful Acts!

BIJOU

Show Starts on the Hour.

"THE BROKEN COIN"

Featuring Grace Cunard and Francis Ford—Bigger Even Than 'Lucile Love."

READ THE STORY—BY EMERSON HOUGH—IN THE PHOTOPLAY WEEKLY TODAY.

THE GODDESS

Thirteenth Installment

With Anita Stewart and Earle Williams.

Great Excitement—Tommy Takes the Stand Against Celesta. Two Reels.

Selig Diamond Special.

"Neath Calvary's Shadow"

Three-Reel Drama, with Wheeler Oakman, Fritzi Brunette and Frank Mayo.

A Great Feature! Don't Miss It! GRAND TODAY.

GRAND

TODAY

CHARLES CHAPLIN

TUESDAY

In His Latest Two-Reel Comedy "SHANGHAIED."

It's a Riot!

J. B. McCABE

Certified Public Accountant

Room 815 Murch. Nat. Bank Bldg.

Phone 996 WILMINGTON, N. C.

Read Star Business Locals.

WE HAVE THEM

Azurea Face Powder.
Azurea Toilet Water.
Aubrey Sisters' Beautifier.
Bathasweet.
Canthrox.
Cosmo Buttermilk Soap.
Djerkiss Talc.
Djerkiss Face Powder.
Djerkiss Extract.
Elcaya Cream.
Java Rice Powder.
Jergens Violet Glycerin Soap.
Jess Talcum.
Kintho Cream.
La Blache Face Powder.
Lavoris Mouth Wash.
Ongaline.
Oriental Cream.
Riveris Talc.
Gem, Jr., Razor Blades.
Gillette Blades.
Ever-Ready Blades.
Ender's Blades.
Keen Kutter Blades.
Auto-Strop Blades.
Anti-Cor Razor and Blades.
Durham Duplex Blades.

J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG COMPANY

Academy Of Music

SATURDAY, OCT. 23RD., MAT. AND NIGHT.

The National Grand Opera Company

Presenting:

Mat.—"RIGOLETTO"

Eve.—"BARBER of SEVEILLE"

Complete Symphony Orchestra. Conductor, Chev. Angelini.

Prices: $2.00, $1.50, $1.00, 75c, 50c

Mat., 50c to $1.50.

Seats Thursday, Oct. 21st.

Mail Orders Now.

KINKY HAIR

Atlanta, Ga.

Exelento Medicine Co., Gentlemen: I am sending you my picture to show you what your EXELENTO QUININE POMADE has done for my hair. It has grown to 28 inches long and very thick hair it is soft and silky, and can now fix up my hair the way I want to. It is certainly the best hair grower in the world. It also keeps the scalp very clean. CELIA GREEN.

Don't let some fake Kink Remover fool you. You really can't straighten your hair until it's nice and long. That's what EXELENTO QUININE POMADE does, removes Dandruff, feeds the Roots of the Hair, and makes it grow long, soft and silky. After using it a few times you can tell the difference, and after a little while it will be so pretty and long that you can fix it up any way you want to.

If Exelento don't do as we claim, we will give you your money back. Try a box, 25c by mail on receipt of stamps or coin.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE.

Write for particulars.

Exelento Medicine Co., Atlanta, Ga.

VICTORIA

Tonight

AND SATURDAY MATINEE AND NIGHT

"Jesse James

THE MISSOURI OUTLAW"

SEE

The Dance of the Cowboys.
The Tenderfoot's Reception.
The Greatest Western Melodrama Ever Staged.
The Men of Frontier Days.

PRICES: 10, 20 AND 30 CENTS.

Heating Stoves and Grates

$1.00 to $75.00 STOVES

40 Odd Sizes and Designs

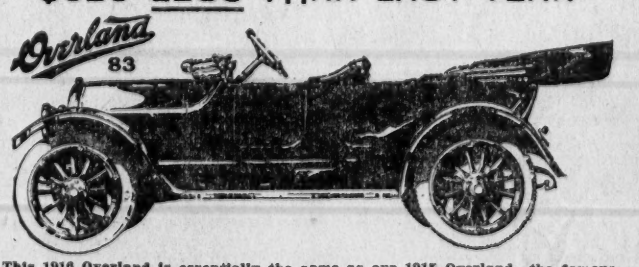
Coal, Gas, Oil and Wood Burners

You will profit by seeing us before buying

W. E. SPRINGER & CO.

Purcell Building. Wilmington, N. C.

$325 LESS THAN LAST YEAR



This 1916 Overland is essentially the same as our 1915 Overland—the famous Model 80 that sold for $1,075. It is the largest four cylinder Overland that will be produced this season. Demonstrations at our garage now. We're delivering them as fast as we can get them. Ask for specifications and literature.

LASSITER-McDUFFIE CO., Inc.

114 NORTH SECOND STREET. WILMINGTON, N. C.

THE ROYAL

OPEN TODAY 11 A. M.

SHOWS START 11 A. M., 12:30 2:00, 3:30, 5:00, 6:30, 8:00, 9:30.

"Wilmington's Modern Movie"

PARAMOUNT DAY

Bosworth Presents

GEORGE FAWCETT

The Distinguished American Actor Who Took London by Storm, in

"The Majesty Of The Law"

A Masterful Drama of the Conflicts of Love, Honor and Duty, Filmed in Five Acts.

Tomorrow

NAT GOODWIN

Celebrated World-Renowned Star, in a Great Special Feature, "THE MASTER HAND," in Five Acts.

Roger Moore's Sons & Co.

Brick Manufacturers and Building Material

AGENTS FOR

ATLANTA TERRA COTTA CO.
ORNAMENTAL TERRA COTTA.

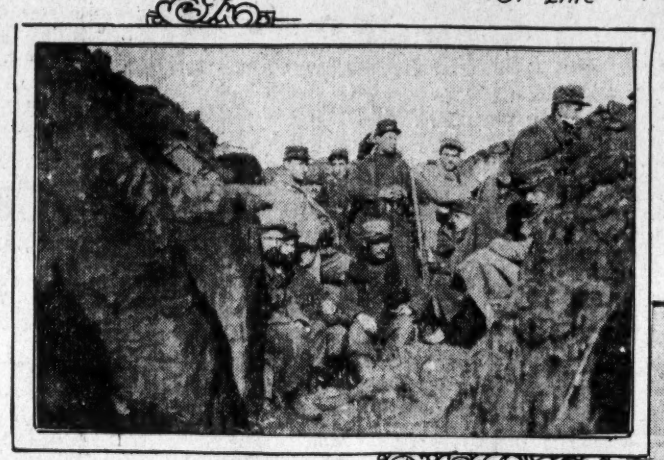
THE UPSON CO.
The Most Dependable Wall Board on the Market.

GENERAL ROOFING MFG. CO.
High Grade Composition Roofing.

TOCH BROS. Water Proofing Material.

AN AMERICAN-OSTEOPATH HERO-of the FRENCH ARMY-

On the very First Line ...



Waiting for Something to Turn Up.

DR. JEAN BAPTISTE CLAVERIE

His Line of Emergency and Hospital Treatments is New to the Frenchmen—Has Been Under Fire Many Times But As Yet Is Unhurt

Young Doctor From the United States Is Lauded For Bravery By Regiments In the Franco Trenches

"IT IT" before I Joined MEDICAL CORDS

READY for the FIELD

By Jean M. de La Rue, Special Correspondent.

Paris, France.

How a young American from the province or state of Missouri, as it is called in the United States, is making good at the front not only as a doctor, but as a practical soldier and also as a hero, is being related here in Paris. His bravery caused him to be honored before an entire army division.

I use the expression "making good," for it is an American bon mot, as it were, and exactly describes the heroic action of this young doctor now serving in the trenches.

The act for which he was decorated was rushing from the trench under the terrific fire of the German riflemen and bringing back to safety a daring officer who alone had attempted to rush a German trench.

This young American, however, has attempted something more daring in his relations with the French army—to introduce osteopathy over allopathic medicine, such as our great surgeons have excelled in.

AN OSTEOPATH.

His efforts in behalf of this new science, which we had heard little of until it was explained by this young man, have won great admiration of our people for the independent United States itself and for that great province or state of Missouri of which we understand Jefferson City is a big place and the most important parish is called Pike county, the latter name being used in American provinces to describe their parishes or units.

The man of whom we speak is Dr. Jean Baptiste Claverie, who comes, or as the Americans say, hails from Kirksville, and his acts have won the great admiration of the French and have caused them to regard with great love that dear state of America where so many fine men reside.

The above story is written by a French correspondent. The following is from the American side, from Kirksville, where letters from the brave young doctor, tell of his experiences in France.

In his letters to his Kirksville friends, Dr. Claverie says but little of his reward for bravery. He refers to it as "an opportunity of doing some good work." He fails to tell of the German shells breaking with mad shrieks above the French trenches, of the young officer who climbed over the trench and made a mad dash toward the foe only to fall with a bullet wound in his chest; of his spontaneous act in rushing from the trench, through the maze of bullets and bringing the wounded officer to safety; his escape from being wounded in his work of mercy, accomplished almost by the miraculous.

As the brave deed was accomplished an entire regiment raised itself from the mud and mire of the trench, forgot the weariness of many hours of fighting and cheered the doctor-soldier who had walked into the jaws of death to bring back through smoke and fire the wounded officer.

Bravery is recognized more quickly by the men in the trenches than by officers, and when one receives their commendation his reward with a medal or decoration may be expected. The fact that an American entering voluntary service, was capable of such bravery made his act the greater and called for additional commendation and praise of the United States.

The use of osteopathy in the French army has been the hero-doctor's hardest fight for he has some of the greatest surgeons and physicians in the world opposed to the new art he is introducing.

ORIGINALLY A FRENCHMAN.

He was born in France, was Dr. Claverie, the son of a prosperous farmer. He studied in Paris, where he first became interested in the methods of drugless healing. Ten years ago he visited New York, where he met Dr. St. George Fechtig, a leading osteopath. This friendship led him to enter the Kirksville school.

In August, 1914, while he was at Valparaiso, Ind., taking summer work at Valparaiso University, Dr. Claverie read of the declaration of war between France and Germany. Although he needed but five days to complete his summer studies, he caught the first train back to Kirksville to get his military papers, rushed to New York City, where he reported to the French consul.

He with 1,500 other Frenchmen sailed for Havre. He was at once allowed to join his old regiment and went into immediate service.

His letters to his friends in Kirksville are as full of interesting details as the delecting pencil of the censors would permit; and he also tells of his other battle—his struggle to introduce osteopathy while doing his work as a member of the medical corps.

Of his bravery, rewarded as it was by an unusual appreciation by the commanders, he says but little; of his efforts to practice his profession in the face of the sneers and discouragements by the officers of the medical staff, he is enthusiastic.

He is a member of Kirksville Lodge, A. F. & A. M., No. 366, and of the Theta Psi Fraternity at the Kirksville school.

On September 28 in a letter to his Kirksville friends, he wrote:

"At Bivouac, the place where I am at present (I cannot tell where) looks more like a picnic party than anything else. Quite a number of us are camped in a forest, and while the soup is cooking I am writing you. The censor is such that I hardly know what to write, the little things that would interest you, I can't tell, and you may readily see why. However, I am feeling fine and having the time of my life so far as experiences go. I have become accustomed to the big guns, which I assure don't even interfere with my stealing a nap every now and then. I haven't seen a bed for many moons, but the weather is not cold, so I don't mind gazing at the stars. My education on the sleeping porch at the old Theta Psi Fraternity house has been of service to me. September 15th was a sad day for me, thinking of you all going back to school and wishing I might be with you."

HIS OWN RECITAL.

On October 15 he said: "At last I received your four postals; together with friends, we were trying to read our mail last night, when a shell exploded above us, killing four, wounding five, but I escaped with but a few scratches. The spot is now in ruins. I am inclosing you a picture of the place before the shell exploded. This is worse than h——l. I am now in the Hospital Corps and we are taking care of the French and Germans alike. While still with the infantry, I had the opportunity of doing some good work on the 24th and 25th of September, for which I received open felicitations of my chiefs. I gave my first demonstration in osteopathy yesterday and the results were great."

The service of September 24-25 referred to was the rescuing of a wounded lieutenant under fire of the Germans.

On October 26 he wrote: "I have 16 men under me, helping to carry and care for the wounded. Had a funny experience with a wounded German the other night. Those who brought him in told me he was badly wounded in the arm and when I walked toward him to cut his sleeve and tunic preparatory to dressing the wound, the poor fellow screamed as though someone were going to kill him, and it took several fellows' assistance before I could attend him. I afterwards learned through an interpreter that he had been told by his superior officers that the French killed all Germans, wounded or not, and he believed I was going to kill him. It's a dirty shame, not to say a crime, for we take care of all wounded, French and German alike. Remember me to all the Theta Psi widows and be sure to tell the old doctor I said 'hello.'"

On November 21 he writes: "I had the time of my life today watching an M. D. working with a fellow's liver, trying to find the cause of the pain in that region. (Although there was a rib lesion as large as a house). He never found it and got out of the affair by prescribing an opium pill and a few dabs of tincture of iodine. You would be amazed at the amount of pills consumed per day by our brave little soldiers. Of course, they are like the M. D.'s; they don't know any better and it wouldn't be wise to enlighten them at this time. But watch me if I ever get out of this alive and put in two more years of osteopathy. When the roll is called do not report me as being absent, but please say 'Sous les Drapeaux.' Please remember me to Daddy Still, and, if you think it will give him any pleasure, you may tell him that I have given many osteopathic treatments, to friends and foes alike, and in every case have had fine success. Sometimes men fall or are thrown by the atmospheric disturbance produced by the bursting of some big shell, in such cases I have always revived them by a good loosening up, given ofttimes on the spot."

A MEDICAL ASSISTANT.

In January Claverie passed the examination for and assumed the duties of 'Medicin Auxiliare," a position that is given only to those who have attended a French medical school for three years. On January 25 Claverie was in the battle of Craonne and was in the stone quarry at La Creute but a short while before the landslide closed the entrance to the quarry, which resulted in the capture of two battalions of French.

On January 27 he writes: "Have just returned from X——, where we had a terrific combat during four days—75 per cent of our regiment were wiped out, but with four battalions we withstood the attack of five regiments during four days and four nights. I never expect to see anything like it again. All of my friends from America and those here are ——. Am so tired and worn out I can neither sleep nor eat. Am not wounded, only tired. Had word from my brother, who is in the hospital for treatment at Clermont-Ferard. From my other brother, who is prisoner in Austria, no word since October."

Under the date of March 3, a long letter was received in which he let loose all the feeling that had been accumulating for six weeks or more.

"Not being at liberty," he writes, "to tell you of the things that happened during January 25-26, I am inclosing a clipping from the newspapers which I have received from New York and which give a splendid idea of what went on. All the vacancies of my regiment were filled up within three days and the regiment has been in the trenches almost ever since. Trench life is not an ideal way of living, I can assure you, and I want to say that I am as 'lame' as any 'lame duck' you ever saw. I received a letter from my brother in Austria, the second in seven months. He was not permitted to write, neither was he allowed to receive any of my letters, except the part of one in which it was told that all were well. He speaks well of the United States Consul, and adds that without his aid he is confident the Frenchmen would find their time long (?)

HAVOC IN THE TRENCHES.

"It doesn't take a great imagination to realize what a havoc six months in these trenches has worked upon the man. When they come to the dispensary every morning we—even I have to do it—give them one of three things, an opium pill, an asperin pill or a quinine pill.

"Just think of it, no matter where or what the lesion is, the fellow gets a pill! Colds, hepatic disturbances, nephritis and what not are all treated with the same pill, and an occasional dose of sulphate of magnesium. Physical examinations are reserved for the wounded and then only to determine where the wound is. I have had several heated discussions with the Majors, went even so far as to give them blackboard demonstrations in order to try and make them see the logic of what I was trying to tell them. But I honestly believe that their brain centers which deal with logic and common sense are absolutely atrophied. I've cured all kinds of headaches, relieved colds, set innominate lesions, etc., but I always get the same ironic look as well as the same stupid answer: 'Why, it was a mere coincidence, the thing would have gotten well with a pill and without spending any physical energy of mine.'

"None of them believe in my work. Just the same, when my fellows came for their treatment, they were interested enough to come right in and see how I would proceed.

"Well, Dad, I could talk to you hours on drug administration, but what's the use. If Dr. Fechtig had never done anything else for me than advise me to come to Kirksville and take up osteopathy it would be my duty to thank him all my life for it. Mind you! The M. D.'s are not ignorant, far from it. They all have an enviable preliminary education and all sorts of degrees; they know all about anatomy, physiology, chemistry, pathology and all the rest, but their brains have associated drugs with every function of the body. I told some of them all these things and more besides. Result? They politely hate me. They never speak to me or refer to me other than as the 'American.' A lifetime may not be enough to open their eyes to the truth, but if I am successful in retaining my life and my body intact I assure you the people of France shall be given a chance.

"Indeed, I am expecting you to be with me in what I call the missionary work for osteopathy in France. I have received Dr. Still's books on 'Principles and Practice' which you sent and now shall have something greater to read, think and talk about. I have received my credits which were sent me and have had them translated and turned over to the Major. I have not received my official appointment as Adjutant and shouldn't be a bit surprised if I did not, for my antimedical views so openly expressed went straight home with some of the M. D.'s. But I am not worrying about any stripe that I might have got on my sleeve, or would have received had I kept my mouth shut. I am thankful to God that Andrew Taylor Still made possible in the little town of Kirksville, Mo., the opportunity for men to be instructed in his science of osteopathy and so long as I have breath to speak and strength to perform the movements I shall use them for the furtherance of the science."

Thus is this young doctor from America fighting the battle of osteopathy against allopathy as well as fighting the battle of the French and allies against Germans in the trenches. His school of practice maintains that manipulation of the bones, especially of the vertebrae protecting the spinal cord, will alleviate practically all diseases. His school opposes the use of drugs or herbs and has no use for surgery other than in cases of real accident.

For a young doctor of a faith that most allopaths detest to attempt to convert a nation of surgeons to drugless healing is one of the greatest sidelights of the war.

Ancient People Were Industrious

The culture of the ancient people of North America is especially noteworthy, because, explains Sidney Howard Gay, it "differs from all other extinct civilizations. Allied on the one hand to the rude conditions of the Stone Age, in which the understanding of man does not aim at much beyond some appliance that shall aid his naked hands in procuring a supply of daily food, it is yet far in advance of that rough childhood of the race; and while it touches the Age of Metal, it is almost as far behind," and hints "the semi-civilization of other pre-historic races who left in India, in Egypt and the center of the Western Continent, magnificent architectural ruins and relics of the sculptor's art, which, though barbaric, were nevertheless full of power peculiar to those parallel regions of the globe.

"It is hardly conceivable that those imposing earth works were meant for mere outdoor occupation. A people capable of erecting fortifications which could not be much improved upon by modern military science as to position, and, considering the material used, the method of construction; and who could combine for religious observances enclosures in groups of elaborate design, extending for more than 20 miles, would probably crown such works with structures in harmony with their importance and the skill and toil bestowed upon their erection. Such wooden edifices—for wood they must have been—would long ago have crumbled into dust." But this writer feels that it is not a fanciful idea that "probably something more imposing than a rude hut once stood upon tumuli evidently meant for occupation, and sometimes approaching the pyramids of Egypt in size and grandeur. These circumvallations of mathematical figures, bearing to each other certain well-defined relations, and made—though many miles apart—in accordance with some exact law of measurement, no doubt surrounded something better than an Indian's wigwam.

"Nor is this the only conclusion that is forced upon us. These people must have been very numerous, as otherwise they could not have done what we see they did. They were an industrious, agricultural people; not like the sparsely scattered Indians, nomadic tribes of hunters; for the multitudes employed upon the vast systems of earthworks, and who were non-producers, must have been supported by the labor of another multitude who tilled the soil. Their moral and religious natures were so far developed that they devoted much time and thought to occupations and subjects which could have nothing to do with their material welfare; a mental condition far in advance of the savage state. And the degree of civilization which they had reached—trifling in some respects, in others full of promise—was peculiarly their own, of which no trace can be discovered in subsequent times, unless it be among other and later races south and west of the Gulf of Mexico."

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

COTTON STILL ON DECLINE

Market Opened at Advance But Later Turned Easier, With Trading Less Active—Spot 12.40.

New York, Oct. 14.—After an opening advance today the cotton market turned easier. Trading was less active than for some days past. January contracts sold off from 12.89 to 12.68, closing at the latter figure, with the final tone braely steady at a net decline of from 2 to 12 points.

Relatively steady cables, reports of further rains east of the Mississippi and a bullish view of the census figures on supply and distribution accounted for the opening advance of 8 to 10 points. An official notice posted on the exchange to the effect that the board of managers contemplated no change in the bylawa probably relieved an yremaining nervousness as to the effect of yesterday's court decision on the status of the contract. General demand appeared to be very quiet an dthe market soon turned easier under Southern, Wall Street and local selling. Reports that Great Britain might extend the embargo to shipments of cotton goods suitable for aeroplane construction seemed to encourage predictions that export requirements might fall short of bullish expectations and while the market rallied 8 or 10 points during the middle of the day prices eased off in the late trading. December contracts off to 12.21 and March from 1309 to 12.89. Closing prices were at practically the lowest of the day.

Cotton futures closed barely steady.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
October		12.37	12.25	12.34
December . .12.71	12.71	12.50	12.51	
January 12.89	12.89	12.68	12.68	
March 13.08	13.09	12.89	12.89	
May 13.26	13.26	13.05	13.04	

Spot cotton quiet; middling uplands 12.40, sales 600 bales.

THE PORT MOVEMENT.

New Orleans — Middling, 12.00; receipts, 9,941; exports, 9,448; sales, 3,555; stock, 181,064.

Galveston—Middling, 12.15; receipts, 12,037; sales, 378; stock, 281,958.

Mobile — Middling, 12.00; receipts, 100; sales, 75; stock, 15,840.

Savannah—Middling, 12.13; receipts, 6,591; sales, 1,481; stock, 82,771.

Charleston—Middling, 12.00; receipts, 3,527; stock, 83,614.

Wilmington—Receipts, 1,266; stock, 48,053.

Norfolk — Middling, 12.00; receipts, 3,625; sales, 2,717; stock, 43,862.

Baltimore—Stock, 4,496.

Boston—Middling, 12.50; receipts, 58; stock, 4,500.

Philadelphia — Middling, 12.65; receipts, 10; stock, 892.

New York—Middling, 12.40; exports, 2,972; stock, 276,693.

Minor Ports — Exports, 4,700; stock, 32,108.

Total today—Receipts, 36,764; exports, 17,220; stock, 1,155,851.

Total for week—Receipts, 231,702; exports, 142,974.

Total for season—Receipts, 1,569,851; exports, 925,418.

Interior Movement.

Houston — Middling, 12.05; receipts, 12,677; shipments, 12,533; sales, 5,718; stock, 148,104.

Memphis — Middling, 12.25; receipts, 5,907; shipments, 1,812; sales, 2,200; stock, 101,793.

Augusta — Middling, 12.06; receipts, 2,781; shipments, 1,722; sales, 3,621; stock, 139,067.

St. Louis — Middling, 12¾; receipts, 3,154; shipments, 3,858; stock, 6,372.

Cincinnati — Receipts, 1,528; shipments, 1,320; stock, 11,282.

Little Rock — Middling, 12.50; receipts, 452; shipments, 1,160; sales, 1,160; stock, 12,484.

Dallas—Middling, 11.80.

Total today—Receipts, 26,498; shipments, 22,405; stock, 419,102.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

Liquidation of Long Account Causes Net Loss of 4 to 6 Points.

New Orleans, Oct. 14.—After a brief bulge on the opening today cotton fell off and stood at a small net decline for the rest of the session. The close was steady at a net loss of 4 to 6 points.

Liquidation of the log account appeared to be the main depressing factor.

Much higher cables than due and the census bureau report on consumption caused an opening advance of 17 to 19 points. Selling which was greatly increased around the middle of the morning by the rumor that there had been a split in the English cabinet followed, and active months went 5 to 7 points under yesterday's close. In the afternoon the market was steady and some dispositoion to recover was shown until spots were quoted off 13 points. Following this the net decline was widened 6 to 8 points.

Cotton futures closing: October 12.13; December 12.29; January 12.58; March 12.82; May 12.98. Spot steady 13 points off. Sales on the spot 2,100 bales, to arrive 1,455 middling 12.00.

COTTON SEED OIL MARKET.

New York, Oct. 14. — Cotton seed oil showed slight price gains early on the crude strength, but turned easy under heavy profit taking, inspired by the belief that the phenomenal advance has run its course, and in view of the overstrained technical position. Final prices were 5 to 15 points net lower. Sales, 41,100 barrels.

The market closed firm. Spot and October, 8.00@8.20; November, 8.00@8.05; December, 8.00@8.07; January, 8.07@8.09; February, 8.11@8.16; March, 8.19@8.20; April, 8.20@8.30; May, 8.35@8.36. Total sales, 41,900 barrels.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, October 14. — Cotton,spot, easier. Good middling, 7.59; middling, 7.27; low middling, 6.79.

Sales, 12,000; for speculation and export, 1,000. Receipts, 21,000.

Futures, barely steady. October, 7.09; October-November, 7.09; November-December, 7.09; December-January, 7.09¼; January-February, 7.10; February-March, 7.11; March-April, 7.12½; April-May, 7.13½; May-June, 7.15; June-July, 7.13; July-August, 7.10½; August-September, 6.86; September-October, 6.74; October-November, 6.69.

WHEAT DISPLAYED WEAKNESS

Depressed Chiefly by Bearish Cables—Close of Market, Heavy, Net Lower — Other Grain Varied.

Chicago, October 14. — Wheat showed decided weakness the greater part of today, although in the middle of the session the market made a lively rally. Bearish cables formed the chief depressing influence. The market closed heavy, 1⅞@2 to 2⅛c. net lower, with December at 1.06 @1.06⅜ and May at 1.07½. Corn finished ⅞@1c. down to ¼c up; oats ¼ to ⅜c lower to ⅛c advance, and provisions varying from 5c decline to a rise of 10c.

Grain and provisions closing:

Wheat	.....Dec.	1.06¼	Jan.	1.07⅛
Corn	.....Dec.	58⅝	May	60
Oats	.....Dec.	38⅝	May	39⅝
Pork	.....Dec.	15.30	Jan.	18.00
Lard	.....Nov.	9.65	Jan.	9.70
Ribs	.....Oct.	9.85	Jan.	9.70

Cash grain—Wheat No. 2 red 1.16½ to 1.17; No. 3 red 1.10½ to 1.15; No. 2 hard 1.16¼ to 1.16⅝; No. 3 hard, 1.10 to 1.13.

Corn—No. 2 yellow, nominal; No. 4 white, 63 to 63¾.

MARINE.

Arrived.

Str. Cherokee, Capt. Bunnell, Georgetown, C. J. Becker, agent.

Cleared.

Str. Southgate (Br.), 2,378 tons, Capt. Bamsdale, Genoa, Alex. Sprunt & Sons.

Exports—Foreign.

Str. Southgate (Br.)—12,679 bales of cotton, by Alex. Sprunt & Sons; vessel by Alex. Sprunt & Sons.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Nicaria (Ger.), 3,289 tons, Hollasch, Heide & Co.

Str. Kiel (Ger.), 2,872 tons, Lemke, Heide & Co.

Str. Tuddal (Nor.), 2,218 tons, Gabrielson, Alexander Sprunt & Sons.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

(Quoted Daily by the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce.)

STAR OFFICE, Oct. 14.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE — Steady 38¼.

ROSIN—$3.10 to $3.20.

TAR—$1.60-8c.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—$3.00, $3.00, $2.00.

Quotation same day last year—Spirits turpentine, 45. Rosin, $3.40. Tar, $2.25-10c. Crude turpentine, firm, $3.25, $3.25, $2.25.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine .. ..(—)
Rosin .. ..(—)
Tar 42
Crude Turpentine 11

Receipts — Same day last year: Spirits turpentine, 6 casks; rosin, 41 barrels; tar, 48 barrels; crude turpentine, (—) barrels.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Steady, 11¾. Quotations, same day last year, 6½.

Receipts—917 bales; same day last ear, 369 bales.

Total receipts since August 1st, to ate, 71,071 bales.

Total receipts to same date last year, 18,596 bales.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at This Port Yesterday.

Wilmington, Oct. 14.

Atlantic Coast Line—719 bales cotton; 42 barrels tar; 10 barrels crude urpentine.

Seaboard Air Line—198 bales cotton.

Str. Thelma—1 barrel crude turpentine.

Total—917 bales cotton; 42 barrels ar; 11 barrels crude turpentine.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, Oct. 14.—North Carolina Peanuts—Market, weaker. Fancy hand picked, 65c.; No. 1, machine picked, 60c. per bushel.

Virginia Peanuts — Unsettled. Jumbos, 66c.; fancy hand-picked, 55c.; No. 1, machine picked, 50c. per bushel.

Spanish Peanuts — Weaker. No. 1, small, machine picked, 75c.; Jumbos, 65c. per bushel.

All receipts, light.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, Plummer & Co., Inc.)

Petersburg, Va., Oct. 14. — Spainish: Farmer's Stock—Market firmer. First quality, 75c to 80c per bu.; off grade, 30c to 40c per bu.

Virginias — Farmers' Stock — Market quiet. Fancy Jumbo, 3¼c. per lb.; fancy hand-picked, 3c. per lb.; extra prime, 2¾c per bu.; shelling stock, 2c to 2½c per lb.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, Oct. 14.)

CORN—$2.20 per sack.

IRISH POTATOES—50c.

SWEET POTATOES—Yams, 60c. to 65c. per bushel.

BEEF—Native dressed, 7@9c.; good demand.

PORK—Small, 10@11c. per pound.

SHEEP—Gross: Old sheep, 3@4c.; lambs, 3@5c. lb.

WOOL—Burry, 19 to 28c.; black wool, 17 to 20c; first class white wool, 27c.; free, 27c.

HIDES—Green salt, 12@13c.; dry flint, 17@20c. per lb.; good demand.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON — Old hams, 20c.; sides and shoulders, 16c. per lb. Good demand.

BEESWAX—Firm, 28c. per lb.; good demand.

POULTRY — Chickens, grown, 40@45c.; spring, 15@35c. per head; good demand. Turkeys, out of season.

EGGS—24c to 25c.

NEW YORK DRY GOODS.

New York, October 14. — Cotton goods today were firm and bleached goods advanced ½ cent a yard. Fine goods were active and yarns firm. Men's wear was active and knit goods in active demand for fall and spring.

STRENGTH IN STOCKS FALLS

Motor Stocks Only Features of Strength Some New Records Recorded. Market Was Irregular.

New York, Oct. 14.—Today's market was distinctly irregular when not executionary. Sales as a whole were heavy, a fact attributed to further foreign selling. The same reason applied to United States Steel, which held its place as leader, but showed decided pressure. Most of the coppers also met the same fate and other isues of recent prominence suggested liquidation.

Motor stocks were the only features of strength, with the following new records: Willys Overland 253; Maxwell first and second preferred 9 1-4 and 55, respectively, and Studebaker 167. Other new records included Bethlehem Steel 467; Pittsburg Coal 42 1-2; the preferred 114 and South Porto Rico sugar, which added 21 points to its recent phenomenal advance at 149.

Many of these gains were reduced or entirely obliterated in the last hour. Some specialties, notably Studebaker, recorded substantial net declines. General Motors, Baldwin Locomotive, American Locomotive, General Electric, Crucible Steel, Lackawanna Steel and Continental Can were heavy to weak throughout the session. Final dealings showed a renewal of selling, with prices at their lowest average. Total sales of 1,030,000 were the smallest of any full session in over a fortnight.

Bonds were again irregular, weakness in some quarters being offset by sustaining strength in convertible issues. Total sales, par value, aggregated $4,772,000. Government bonds were unchanged on call.

NEW YORK STOCK LIST.

Allis-Chalmers	43⅜
American Beet Sugar	66⅝
American Can	64
American Car and Foundry	83⅝
American Cities, pfd	O. 46
American Cotton Oil	59
American Locomotive	67
American Smelting	91¾
American Sugar	112
American Tel. and Tel.	124⅝
American Tobacco	234
Anaconda Copper	75½
Atchison	106
Atlantic Coast Line	113
Baldwin Locomotive	125¼
Baltimore and Ohio	91⅜
Bethlehem Steel	467
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	87⅜
Canadian Pacific	164
Central Leather	53
Chesapeake and Ohio	57⅛
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul	91½
Chicago, R. I. and Pac. Ry	22½
Consolidated Gas	147½
Crucible Steel	92
Erie	33⅜
General Electric	177
General Motors	330
Great Northern, pfd	122
Illinois Central	108
Interborough Consol. Corp	23⅝
Kansas City Southern	27½
Lehigh Valley	75
Louisville and Nashville	125
Liggett and Myers	241½
Lorillard Co	175
Missouri, Kan. and Texas pfd	15
Mexican Petroleum	92
National Lead	68¼
New York Central	97½
N. Y., N. H. and Hartford	33¼
Norfolk and Western	115
Northern Pacific	111⅝
Pennsylvania	57¾
Reading	77⅝
Rep. Iron and Steel	54
Do., pfd	103⅞
Seaboard Air Line	17½
Do., pfd	40
Sloss Sheff. Steel and Iron	50
Studebaker Corporation	162
Southern Pacific	96¾
Southern Railway	20¼
Southern Railway pfd	60
Tennessee Copper	67
Texas Co.	168½
Texas and Pacific	12⅜
Union Pacific	134½
United States Rubber	54¼
United States Steel	82⅞
United States Steel, pfd	114⅜
Utah Copper	70⅝
Virginia-Caro. Chem	42¼
Western Union	78
Westinghouse Electric	67½
Great Northern Ore	48⅝

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, October 14. — Hogs—Firm. Bulk, 8.20@8.80; light, 8.00@8.85; mixed, 8.00@8.90; heavy, 7.90@8.90; rough, 7.90@8.10; pigs, 5.00@7.60.

Cattle — Weak. Native beef steers, 6.00@10.40; cows and heifers, 2.80@8.25; calves, 7.75@11.75.

Sheep—Firm. Wethers, 6.00@7.00; ewes, 4.00@6.35; lambs, 6.75@8.90.

THE FINANCIAL MARKET.

New York, Oct. 14. — Mercantile paper, 3@3½; sterling sixty-day bills, 4.6350; demand, 4.6775; cables, 4.6825. Bar silver, 49⅝; Mexican dollars, 38½; government bonds, steady; railroad bonds, irregular. Time loans, firmer; sixty days, 2¾@3; ninety days, 3.00; six months, 3@3¼. Call money, steady; ruling rate, 1¾.

SAVANNAH NAVAL STORES.

Savannah, October 14. — Turpentine, firm, 40; sales, 169; receipts, 183; shipments, 129; stock, 10,807.

Rosin — Firm. Sales, 944; receipts, 999; shipments, —; stock, 59,013. Quote: A, B, C, D, E, F, 3.65; G, 3.67½; H, 3.70; I, 3.80; K, 4.05; M, 5.05; N, 5.40; W G, 6.00@6.15; W W, 6.10@6.40.

NEW YORK PROVISIONS.

New York, Oct. 14.—Raw sugar barely steady; centrifugal 4.01; molasses 3.24; refined, quiet.

Butter—Weaker.

Cheese—Steady.

Coffee—Spot quiet; Rio 7s, 7c; Santos 4s, 9c.

COTTON SED $50 A TON.

Highest Price Ever Paid in Alabama. Prices May Go Still Higher.

Montgomery, Ala., Oct. 14.—Cotton seed for the first time in Alabama's history, sold today for $50 a ton. This price was offered and paid by se eral concerns, but prospects for further record prices kept most of the planters from offering their seed.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

October 15, 1915.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M., yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 69 degrees; at 8 P. M., 71 degrees; maximum, 80 degrees; minimum, 67 degrees; mean, 74 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .12 inch; rainfall for the month, to date, .92 inch.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M. Wednesday 6.3 feet.

THE WEATHER.

For North Carolina—Generally fair Friday and Saturday.

The Port Calendar, Oct. 15, 1915.

Sun rises .. ..6:17 A. M.
Sun sets .. ..5:38 P. M.
Day's length .. ..11 hrs. 21 min.

THE TIDES.

	High water. A.M	P.M.	Low water. A.M.	P.M.
Wilmington	2:37	3:36	10:06	10:57
Southport	12:31	1:17	6:56	5:50
Masonboro Inlet	12:20	1:06	6:36	5:30

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.

October 14, 1915.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Highest today.	Temperature: Lowest Last nigh.	Precipitation at 8 p.m.
Abilene ...pt	cldy	80	56	.0
Asheville ..pt	cldy	66	60	.38
Atlanta .....pt	cldy	78	64	.64
Augusta . . clear		84	68	.0
Birmingham .clear		80	66	.86
Boston ....pt	cldy	76	58	.0
Charleston ...clear		80	58	.0
Charlotte ....pt	cldy	80	64	.30
Chicago .....clear		58	54	.0
Galveston ....clear		80	72	.0
Jaxville .....clear		82	72	.0
Memphis .....pt	cldy	74	62	.08
Mobile .....clear		80	70	.10
Montgomery .clear		82	68	.30
N. Orleans .pt	cldy	80	68	.01
New York ....pt	cldy	74	62	.14
Oklahoma ...clear		76	50	.0
Palestine ..pt	cldy	84	58	.0
Pittsburg ..pt	cldy	84	58	.0
Raleigh. . . clear		80	64	.04
Savannah . .clear		80	64	.04
Shreveport . .clear		80	58	.0
St. Louis . .pt	cldy	66	52	.0
Washington . cldy		74	60	.01

Cantwell Dancing School, Woolvin Hall, Friday nights. Grainger's Orchestra. 2t

(Advertisement).

J. F. LEITNER
ARCHITECT
27, 28, 29 Carroll Building.

J. L. BECTON
CIVIL ENGINEER
27-28 I. O. O. F. Bldg.,
N. W. Cor. 3rd and Princess.
WILMINGTON, N. C.
'Phone 1494-W. P. O. Box 594.

$3.25
Excursion to Fayetteville, N. C.
ON ACCOUNT OF THE
CAPE FEAR FAIR

The Atlantic Coast Line will sell excursion tickets from Wilmington to Fayetteville at $3.25, for all trains on
OCTOBER 24, 25, 26, 27, 28 AND 29.
Limited returning to October 30, 1915, and at proportionately low fares, on same dates and with same limit, from all intermediate stations.
For schedules and further information,
—'PHONE 160.—
ATLANTIC COAST LINE
The Standard Railroad of the South
oc15 to oc 28

Atlantic Coast Line
"The Standard Railroad of the South."
Bulletin of Special Round Trip Fares.
—from—
WILMINGTON
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL $90.39
On sale until November 30th, limited 3 months, not to exceed Dec. 31st, 1915.
WASHINGTON, D. C. .. ..

ARRANGE TO FURNISH BELGIANS PROVISIONS

Will be Handled by American Relief Commission.

Chief of German Army in East and West Flanders Announces Plan of Distribution to Civilians in That District.

The Hague, (via London), Oct. 14.—The chief of the German army staff in the east and west Flanders zone of operations announces that an arrangement for the provisioning of about two million Belgian civilians in that district has been concluded with the American Relief Commission. The German authorities have requisitioned at fixed prices the cereal and root crops over a stated allowance for the family and animals of each grower.

The whole of these crops, except oats and rye, will be handed over to the commission for distribution. In the place of oats and rye the Germans will furnish the commission with wheat.

In exchange the commission undertakes to import wheat sufficient to make up the deficit, together with the usual ration of bacon, lard, rice and fodder. The daily average of imports by the commission into this section amounts to about one thousand tons.

The arrangement providing for the distribution of the harvest to the 4,500,000 people under the jurisdiction of the German governor-general, Von Bissing, which was made some time ago, is operating smoothly. It is reported that an arrangement of the same co-operative character has been affected between the German general staff and the commission providing for the taking over of the crops for 2,500,000 French civilians in the occupied portion of France.

The commission is importing into districts about $10,000,000 worth of wheat monthly. Half of this comes from the United States and the remainder from Argentina, India and other places.

ESTIMATE IS LARGEST EVER YET SUBMITTED DURING PEACE TIMES

(Continued from Page One.)

not vary much from the present appropriation of about $24,000,000.

Most of the cabinet officers or their assistants were at work tonight finishing their estimates.

Although it was believed at first there would be a delay by Secretaries Garrison and Daniels on account of extraordinary conditions, it practically was certain tonight that both army and navy budgets would be ready tomorrow in compliance with the law.

BALKAN SITUATION REVIEWED BY GREY

(Continued from Page One.)

ment to make a fuller disclosure of the operations in which the country is engaged."

The present situation, he declared, was a grave and critical one; there were new developments and new factors in addition to the entrance of Bulgaria into the struggle. The attitude of Greece at the present moment had not been quite fully defined, and that was another factor in the calculation.

ALLIES TO PURSUE FIGHT TO THE END

(Continued From Page One.)

in herself, let her continue to understand her financial duty as she has understood her moral duty and her military. She will thus aid in the final victory that the world feels is inevitable and that it awaits in the interests of liberty of peoples and civilization."

Victor Augagneur, the French minister of marine, declares: "The German fleet is quite as effectively annihilated as if it were sunk. It is powerless and useless. Consequently our country is repaid a hundred fold for its material sacrifices to increase the strength of its navy."

CASES WITH GERMANY TO REOPEN NEXT WEEK

(Continued From Page One.)

such occurrences, in notifying neutral nations of the proclamation of a war zone.

State Department officials are basing their case on its legal aspects, taking the view that the German naval code issued at the beginning of the war conformed to international law in requiring passengers and crew to be removed to a place of safety. Officials contend that as the war zone decree was confessedly a retaliatory measure it could not diminish the legal rights of neutrals and Germany, therefore, is liable to pay an indimnity for the loss of more than 100 American lives on the Lusitania.

LEVER ACT TO GO TO SUPREME COURT

(Continued from Page One.)

provided that revenue bills must originate in the House."

"The Senate passed a cotton exchange bill," said Senator Smith, "but the House laid aside the Senate bill and passed a substitute. The taxing feature of the law originated entirely in the House.

"The cotton exchanges would make no inexcusable blunder to abandon these contracts, for if the present law is successfully attacked a substitute covering the contracts will, in my opinion, be quickly passed when Congress meets."

WILL NOT MAKE ANY CHANGE.

Existing Contracts With Exchange Not to be Affected by Decision.

New York, Oct. 14.—Owing to the feeling of uncertainty among cotton traders as to the attitude the New York cotton exchange would take following the decision that the Cotton Futures Act was unconstitutional, the board of managers of the exchange today issued the following statement:

"The board of managers does not contemplate any changes in the by-laws or rules of the exchange which would affect existing contracts."

No confirmation was obtained today of the report that the government intended to appeal from Judge Hough's decision. In cotton circles it was generally believed the case would be appealed.

UTTERANCES OF WILSON AND BRYAN CONDEMNED

Regarding Citizen Soldiery and Non-Resistance.

Seaman's Act Also Criticised by Henry D. Estabrook at Banquet of Mid-West Conference on Preparedness.

Davenport, Iowa, Oct. 14.—Condemnation of certain utterances of President Wilson and William Jennings Bryan regarding citizen soldiery and non-resistance, and of the LaFollette seaman's act as tending to prevent creation of a merchant marine auxiliary of the navy, was uttered here tonight by Henry D. Estabrook, a New York attorney, at the banquet of the Mid-West Conference on Preparedness.

Mr. Estabrook, Senator Cummins, of Idaho, and several others spoke to an audience containing many members of the National Congress.

"No nation threatens us in so many words," Mr. Estabrook said. "But who is oblivious to hints and intimations? We boast our strength to repel attack when we know that we are weaker than dishwater.

"Shall we continue to listen to a wandering voice as imbicile as our condition? And yet I would advocate Mr. Bryan's policy of non-resistance rather than any policy of half preparedness.

"To say that we are too big or too proud to fight in self-defense is, with all respect to the estimable, but mistaken gentleman who said it, absurd and puerile.

"To say that a mob of a million or so of untrained citizenry would leap to arms and put to flight the bullet-tested soldiery of Europe and Asia is worse than puerile—it is murderous stupidity."

Senator Cummins advocated a consistent programme of preparedness.

"I have no sympathy with the proposal to enter the mad competition for dominance which has characterized Great Britain and Germany," he said. But congress should take immediate measures to supply the missing elements of our naval strength. However, I am utterly opposed to any plan for re-organization of the army including land reserves that involves compulsory military training except in schools.

"The regular army probably requires some eniargement, but we should be conservative about the extent of its incrase."

NAVY TO ASK FOR 16 CAPITAL SHIPS WITHIN FIVE YEARS

(Continued from Page One.)

a five year programme which has for its aim the acquisition of sixteen capital ships in all, appropriations in the first three years would mount on an ascending scale. This would shift much of the burden on the next two sessions of Congress unless revenues were to increase in the international trade through better trade conditions.

Board Commends Plan.

The alternative plan calls for authorization of four dreadnaughts and three battlecruisers the first year, two dreadnaughts and one battle cruiser, the third year; two dreadnaughts the fourth year, and no capital ships in the fifth year. This programme is commended by the General Board for military reasons, since it is held that the battlecruisers should be in service as soon as possible. It is undertood to appeal to Secretary Daniels also, because under it appropriations would maintain practically the same level over the period of five years.

Besides the conferences with Secretaries Daniels and Garrison, which the President will have beginning tomorrow, he intends also to consult further members of the House and Senate committees. Chairman Hay declined as he left the White House today to say whether he approved Secretary Garrison's plan.

The President received today the following telegram from John Hays Hammond at San Francisco, Cal.

"Please accept my sincere congratulations as chairman of the world court committee to promote the creation of a world court to settle international disputes and personally on the stand you have taken to provide adequate national defense pending the elimination of all danger of foreign aggression. I find the sentiment of the country overwhelming with you."

RUSSIAN AND ITALIAN AID FOR SERBIA NOW QUESTION FOR ALLIES

(Continued from Page One.)

west, northeast and southeast of Pozarevac, were announced today by the war office.

SWEDEN WILL PROTEST.

Alleged British Sunk Two German Steamers in Swedish Waters.

London, Oct. 15.—The Swedish government has instructed its minister at London to protest against the violation of Swedish neutrality by British submarines in the Baltic, according to a Stockholm dispatch to Reuters Telegram Company. It is alleged that British submarines have sunk two German steamers in Swedish waters.

The Aftenbdalet says that the steamer Germania—one of those attacked—made straight for shore where she grounded in a position undoubtedly protected by territorial limit. Nevertheless a British submarine continued the pursuit. Men from the submarine boarded the Germania and took away her papers. This statement is based on the report of the German captain of the vessel.

CONDITION LITTLE CHANGED.

George F. Stackpole, Aged Lawyer, Suffering With Anthrax.

New York, Oct. 14.—Late tonight physicians reported that the condition of George F. Stackpole, the 71-year-old lawyer, suffering with anthrax, had undergone little change during the day. His heart was weak, there had been a slight increase in temperature and the pulse had a rapid and irregular beat. The patient, however, took nourishment and was cheerful. The swelling on the left side of the neck decreased slightly.

New Orleans, Oct. 14.—More than 200 persons in Salvador lost their lives during the last seven weeks as a result of frequent earthquake shocks throughout the Central American republic, according to advices received here today from Guatemala City. Property damage was reported heavy.

LOAN TO THE ALLIES TO BE SIGNED TODAY

America Will Then Appear as World's Banker.

First Payment Today—As Contracts Stand, Proceeds Are Available Only to the British and French Governments.

New York, Oct. 14. — The $500,000,000 Anglo-French loan will be signed tomorrow at the office of J. P. Morgan & Company. When Lord Reading, chairman of the loan commission, and his three associates, and the two French members, Octave Homberg and Ernest Mallet, attach their signatures to the loan contract, there will be written into the history of American finance a new chapter marking the first appearance of the United States as the world's banker.

While the first payment on the loan will be made tomorrow, the engraved notes themselves will not be available for about two months, it was said. Long before that time, however, the notes will be dealt in on the New York Stock Exchange.

To meet the delay, there will be issued temporary certificates which may be surrendered for the notes when the latter are completed.

As the contracts stand, the entire proceeds of the loan are available only to the British and French governments, but it was said authoritatively today there is no intention of withholding aid from private importers. How a portion of the fund may be utilized for this purpase will be decided on at London and Paris later.

Chief of the supplies shipped from the United States direct to the British and French governments or for them, munitions, grain, food stuffs, cotton clothing, and a long list of minor artticles for the use of the armies in the field. The bulk of the loan proceeds will be used in paying for these, it is said.

SUIT TO OUST OFFICERS.

Because They Failed to Enforce Tennessee Prohibition Laws.

Memphis, Tenn., Oct. 14.—Suit was filed here today by Frank M. Thompson, attorney general of Tennessee, to oust from office J. A. Reichman, sheriff of Shelby county; E. H. Crump, mayor; R. A. Utley, vice mayor, and fire and police commissioner; W. M. Stanton, city judge, and .O H. Perry, inspector of police, for alleged failure to enforce prohibition laws.

The suit is brought under the provisions of the new ouster bill.

CHARGED THAT MINISTER MADE "FABULOUS PROFITS" ON TIMBER

By Selling British Columbia Claims to Minsters and Other Friends.

New York, Oct. 14.—The charge that the Rev. Newell Dwight Hillis, pastor of Plymouth church, Brooklyn, made "quick fabulous profits" through selling British Columbia timber claims to ministers and other friends, was made today in an affidavit filed by Frank L. Ferguson, for five years manager of Dr. Hillis' business affairs. Dr. Hillis had procured an order to examine Mr. Ferguson before a referee as to his handling of the minister's affairs.

Dr. Hillis' financial troubles, Mr. Ferguson alleged in his affidavit, were brought on by his own business follies and wilful action. He explained how the pastor had contracted to purchase more than $750,000 worth of timber lands and Mr. Ferguson declared that he had personally borrowed and turned over to Dr. Hillis more than $300,000 in an effort to meet his obligations.

Dr. Hillis later issued a statement in which he denied virtually all of the allegations made in the Ferguson affidavit. He stated that with his earnings as a minister and lecturer he had repaid in part some of his friends who had invested in the timber enterprise.

ARRESTED FOR BIGAMY; HELD FOR JUSTICE DEPARTMENT

Count Louden Under Surveillance of Government for Several Month.

New York, Oct. 14.—Count Max Lynar Louden, said to be an inventor of military appliances who was arrested here last night, was held in $3,500 bail today for examination Saturday. It was said at the detective bureau that while the nomnial charge is bigamy, the arrest really was made at the request of the Department of Justice at Washington.

Count Louden denied the charge and said that the only wife he had was the woman who was with him when the arrest was made.

Washington, Oct. 14.—Department of Justice officials said tonight that a Max Louden had been under surveillance for several months, because of various reports of allegel activities in gathering information about fortifications and arsenals in the United States.

According to information at the department the man has lived in this country at different times for many years and once as an enlisted man in the United States army.

W. C. T. U. ENDS CONVENTION

Methods of Campaign for Woman Suffrage and Prohibition Considered.

Seattle, Wash., Oct. 14.—Delegates to the Women's Christian Temperance Union devoted the final day of the convention here chiefly to considering methods of campaign work for woman suffrage and prohibition. The convention adopted a resolution urging Congress to pass a pendin bill appropriating $80,000 to reimburse those who contributed to the fund for the ransom of Miss Ellen M. Stone from Macedonian brigands a number of years ago. Miss Stone is a National lecturer for the W. C. T. U.

Springfield, Mass., Oct. 14.—Frank E. Stacey and Joseph Shattuck, of the board of trade, welcomed the delegates of the United States Brewers' Association at the meeting today. President E. A. Schmidt, of Philadelphia, turned the meeting over to James R. Nicholson, of Boston, and the reports were read.

Read Star Business Locals.

JUDGE LINDSEY IS ORDERED EJECTED FROM DISTRICT COURT

Denver, Col., Oct. 14. — Ben. B. Lindsey, judge of Denver's Juvenile Court, was ordered ejected from the District Court here today by Judge W. D. Wright. The court's action was taken when Lindsey contradicted statements made by Attorney J. J. Sullivan, using an emphatic term, and grabbed Sullivan by the coat. Sullivan was presenting arguments for the defense in the case of Frank L. Rose, on trial charged with conspiracy to ruin Lindsey. He declared Lindsey had toured the country delivering lectures in which he maligned Denver. At this point Lindsey called Sullivan a liar, and grabbed him by the coat. Court bailiffs sprang to each man and under the court's order took Judge Lindsey from the room.

Judge Lindsey subsequently issued a signed explanation of his ejection, criticising the court's action during the trial and the conduct of the case by the prosecution.

The statement said:

"When Sullivan reached the point of charging me with maligning my city and State and the judge sat quietly, without interrupting him," I got up and deliberately called him a liar. The judge was entirely responsible for this necessity."

HEINZ Tomato Ketchup

Free from Benzoate of Soda

The relish that takes the lead over all others for use with hot or cold meats, game, fish and many other foods. It is pure—wholesome—appetizing.

Business Locals

Advertisements inserted under this head, One Cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words more than 25, One Cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amount being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge a Western Union messenger to any address in the city, for advertisements in this department, upon request by 'phone to No. 51. Messengers will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for collecting the telegrams, or advertisements for the Star, but a small charge for Strictly Messenger Service. Telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams and bills will be rendered to suit the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call "Western Union," but for advertisements always call the Star office, No. 51. Advertisements cannot be taken over the telephone—but upon request messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them. Contract advertising inserted "till forbid" will be discontinued only on written notice from the advertiser.

LOST—ONE PLAIN, FLAT GOLD PIN, Name of D. Inman. Finder please return to 224 North Third street. oc15-3t*

FOR RENT — TWO LARGE FURNISHED front rooms on second floor, modern conveniences. Apply 211 North Third street. oc15-1t

FOR RENT — APARTMENT OF SIX rooms and bath; all modern conveniences. Apply 311 South Fifth avenue. oc15-1t*

EXTRA FANCY HENS, DRESSED AND alive. Home-made pork sausages—try them. Norfolk oysters coming fresh every day. Fancy celery. Very best of beef, veal, pork and lambs. Don't forget us. Batson's Meat Market, 115 Market street. 'Phone No. 72. oc15-tf

WANTED — ONE UNFURNISHED room with or without board. Modern conveniences; couple without children. Must be reasonable. Room care Star. oc15-1t*

FOR SALE — THE O. K. BARBER Shop, southeast corner Front and Princess streets. Up-to-date in every detail. oc15-1t*

THE SPLENDID CAROLINA APARTMENT is mighty cosy and will be more so when Winter comes—the steam heating system does away with the bleak days. See the agents: J. G. Wright & Son, 124 Princess street. oc15-1t

A HOME AT WI-NO-CA TERRACE fills every want, satisfies every desire and is the best happiness insurance available. Prices will soon start to advance, on account of the enhancement caused by the number of houses and buildings now building and to be built. See us without delay. J. G. Wright & Son, 124 Princess st. oc15-1t

GENERAL AGENT WANTED BY THE North American Accident Ins. Co., to write business and appoint agents. Address No. 1114 Candler Building, Atlanta, Ga. oc14-3t*

TWO YOUNG MEN CAN GET ROOM and board at 411 North Second st.; all modern conveniences. Call or 'phone 1259-J oc13-3t

WAKE! EVERYBODY ELSE IS WAKING Up. The hard times are over. The good times are here. Printing, typewriting. Direct Mail Advertising. Multigraph circulars, Notaries Public. Harriss Typewriting and Advertising Co. oc10-su,we,fr-tf

BUY A TICKET FROM COSTER'S; 4 suits pressed and dusted for $1.00; felt hats cleaned and reblocked, 50 cents. 'Phone 145; Coster's Dye Works, Wilmington, N. C. oc8-su,mo,f-13t

GOOD MORNING! HAVE YOU USED Direct Mail advertising? If you haven't you've lost money. They are the finest medium for solicitation obtainable. Harriss Typewriting and Adv. Co. oc11-m,w,f-tf

THE RURAL BUILDING & LOAN ASSociation will open the thirtieth series, Saturday, November 6, 1915. You can subscribe for stock now. Strong, conservative, yet progressive. James Owen Reilly, secretary and treasurer. Office 118 Princess Street. oc10-su,we,fri,-3t

WANTED — YOUNG MAN FROM THE country wishes position as clerk in grocery store. Three years experience in the Grocery Business. Best references furnished. Apply "J. S. P.," care Star. oc14-2t*

WANTED — BY A YOUNG MAN POSItion as clerk in store. Can give best of references. Willing to start on a reasonable salary. Address "C. W.," care Star. oc12-7t*

EXPERT BOOK-KEEPER; ALSO STEnographer; open for position; young married man, 12 years experience. Best references. Address "Bookkeeper," care Star. oc12-tf

WANTED — GENERAL AGENT IN Eastern North Carolina. A liberal contract to the right man. Address, with references, Philadelphia Life Insurance Company, Philadelphia, Pa. oc11-3t

WANTED—TUG BOAT CAPTAIN FOR small steamboat towing logs. Must have joint license. Send references and state how soon could come. Address, Jacksonville Lumber Co., Jacksonville, N. C. oc 9-7t*

IT IS HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO GET your papers probated right. We have two notaries who know their business. Harriss Typewriting and Advertising Co. oc10-tf

WANTED — MY FRIENDS AND FORmer patrons to know that I am again open for business at No. 22 South Second street. Let me do your stove work. Fire boards reasonable. W. B. Klander. oc10-7t

WANTED — BUYER FOR SEVERAL more of Foy's Farms. Land cleared, ready for cultivation. Beautiful high bluffs for building sites, overlooking creek, sound and ocean, where fish and oysters abound. Prices reasonable; terms easy. Call on, write or telephone F. M. Foy, Scott's Hill, N. C., near Wilmington. oc10-3t*

OUR NEW PLACE OF BUSINESS IS now open for inspection; everybody invited. Souvenirs will be given to ladies only next Wednesday, Oct. 13th, 1915. May Bros., 24 North Front St. 'Phone 1322. The Only Real Delicatessen. oc8-tf

FOR FRESH NATIVE BEEF, VEAL, lamb, pork, and groceries, and quick, satisfactory service, 'phone Moore and Bender, 609 Red Cross; 'Telephone 2021. (Formerly J. C. Moore.) sel0-tf

FOR RENT — TWO FRONT OFFICES, second floor Masonic Temple, from October 1st; heat, light, janitor and elevator service included in rental. R. C. DeRosset, Sec'y and Treas. se29-tf

'PHONE YOUR ORDER FOR MAGAzines and newspapers to 745. Gordon Bros. au18-tf

WANTED — TO BUY, PINE LOGS, DElivered by rail or water to Angola Lumber Company's mill. J. N Bryant. mh23-tf

NOTICE TO HUNTERS — WE HAVE the best line of shot guns you may want. Our prices are right. Give us a call before you buy at Uncle Charles Pawn Shop, No. 6 South Front street. 'Phone 642. oc7-tf

PHOTOGRAPHIC STUDIO FOR RENT, Third floor, northeast corner Front and Princess street building. Princess street entrance to this building will be remodeled, marble steps installed and other improvements. An ideal location for an up-to-date photographer. See J. Irving Bear, General Insurance. oc5-10t

CONKEY SAYS:—

DON'T WORRY—Use CONKEY'S ROUP REMEDY in the drinking water and let the fowls doctor themselves. Conkey's new Poultry Book FREE with a package. Dealers Everywhere.

SPECIALS THIS WEEK

APPLES
CABBAGE
MULLETS
RICE
FLOUR

WRITE FOR PRICES.

Love & Woody
Wholesale Grocers.

CONKEY SAYS:—

DON'T WORRY—CONKEY'S POULTRY TONIC in the feed each day will soon round the late hatched youngsters into money makers. Good for all

NOTICE

Our logging operations will start up the 15th of October. Saw Mill will start the 18th.

BUTTERS LUMBER CO.
BOARDMAN, N. C.

CONKEY SAYS:—

DON'T WORRY — But be ready when trouble comes by having a well stocked CONKEY CORNER in your poultry house. Conkey Poultry Remedies save life. Dealers Everywhere.

CONDENSED REPORT OF CONDITION

The American National Bank

WILMINGTON, N. C.

AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS THURSDAY SEPT. 2, 1915.

RESOURCES:		LIABILITIES:	
Loans and Discounts	$1,611,233.56	Capital	$ 250,000.00
Overdrafts	2,236.65	Surplus and Undivided Profits	51,579.37
United States Bonds (at par)	270,000.00	Circulation	250,000.00
Bonds and Securities	65,417.50	Rediscounts	246,239.02
Banking House and Fixtures	45,662.85	Bond account	45,000.00
Stock in Federal Reserve Bank	9,000.00	Reserve account	10,000.00
Real Estate	42,000.86	Due Banks	240,000.00
Cash in Vaults, Due from Banks and U. S. Treasurer.	355,265.63	Deposits	1,307,847.96
Total	$2,400,816.85	Total	$2,400,816.85

W. B. COOPER, Chairman of Board.
THOS. E. COOPER, President. GEO. O. GAYLORD, Vice-President.
CHAS. E. BETHEA, Cashier.
W. C. DENNY, Assistant Cashier. E. FRED BANCK, Assistant Cashier.

THE FIREPROOF MURCHISON BUILDING
MODEL OFFICES

We Are Now Selling The Famous
Jellico Red Ash Coal
$5.50 Per Ton Delivered
CALL CONKLIN COAL COMPANY
—PHONE 653—
Office: Atlantic Trust Bldg. Yard: 6th & Campbell Sts.

MACHINERY
We have some rare bargains in Engines, Boilers, Pumps, Fertilizer Mixers, Storage Tanks, Pulleys, Shafting, etc. Call on us before you purchase.
WILMINGTON IRON WORKS
THE IRON MEN
Plant at Foot of Orange St. Wilmington, N. C.

Cortez CIGARS
"A Cigar made of as good tobacco as any smoker of pure Havana cigars could desire."
—Lee Roy Myers
Boston Grandes 10c Diplomaticos 10c
Nobles 2 for 25c
Made in other shapes to suit every fancy
For Men of Brains

COTTON STORAGE
Ten cents per pound advanced on good cotton stored in our press.
W. B. COOPER & COMPANY
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Why Not Buy A Safe Cabinet Now
You Will Eventually.
Indorsed by the Underwriters.
C. W. Yates Co.
Market Street